

NATIONAL HEALTH AND MORBIDITY SURVEY 2017

ADOLESCENT NUTRITION SURVEY

NEGERI SEMBILAN



THE NATIONAL HEALTH AND MORBIDITY SURVEY 2017

ADOLESCENT NUTRITION SURVEY 2017

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Executive Summary

The Adolescent Nutrition Survey (ANS) is the second nation-wide study among adolescents in Malaysia after the Malaysia School-based Nutrition Survey (MSNS) 2012. There are three main scopes in this survey which are Adolescent Nutrition Survey (ANS), Habitual Food Intake and Dietary Intake. ANS consists of six topics such as nutritional status, body weight perception, meal pattern, physical activity, vitamin/mineral, food supplement intakes and food and nutrition labelling. This survey was conducted at 311 randomly selected schools in all states including three federal territories in Malaysia. This school-based survey was a cross-sectional study involving school-going adolescents aged Primary 4 To Secondary 5 attending school in Malaysia. A multistage stratified cluster sampling design was used to recruit national representative samples from students in Standard 4 to 6 (10-12 years of age) and Form 1 to 5 (13-17 years of age). The survey was conducted using self-administered questionnaires. Total response rates for self administered questionnaire were 89.5% for ANS.

Based on the indicator height for age (HAZ), the prevalence of normal height ($HAZ \geq -2SD$) was 93.4% and stunting was 6.6%. The prevalence of stunting was higher in rural areas (10.9%) as compared to urban areas (6.1%). In terms of BMI for age (BAZ), the prevalence of thinness was 7.1%, overweight was 15.1% and obesity was 15.6%.

Among those school-going adolescents who had actual normal weight, 52.5% correctly perceived their weight to be normal. Among those who were actually thin, 68.3% correctly perceived their weight to be thin, while among those who were actually overweight and obese, 51.7% and 16.6% correctly perceived themselves to be overweight and obese respectively. Health was the main reason among those who wanted to lose and gain weight; with 56.1% preferring exercise as an option to lose weight; 53.1% wanted to increase quantity of food to gain weight.

As for meal pattern, the prevalence of breakfast intake for seven days per week among adolescents was 37.3%. The majority of them had breakfast one to six days per week (53.1%) and some of them did not having breakfast in a week (9.6%). Among those who had breakfast, 70.7% had it at home. Adolescents from urban areas (37.8%) reported having breakfast daily (seven days per week), higher than rural areas (33.1%). The two main reasons of skipping breakfast were no appetite (43.0%) and no time (33.0%).

The prevalence of having lunch seven days per week among school-going adolescents was 51.8%; 45.6% had lunch up to six days per week and 2.6% did not have lunch in a week. No appetite (43.4%) and no time (18.5%) were the two main reasons for skipping lunch. As for dinner, 58.1% of school-going adolescents had dinner seven days per week, 39.2% 1-6 days per week and 2.6% did not have dinner in a week. Only 7.5 % took heavy meals after dinner seven days per week. There were 1.7% who had fast food daily and 17.1% did not have fast food in a week. Social media (YouTube, Facebook, Instagram, etc.) and television were

reported as the main sources which affected dietary pattern in 35.5% and 29.4% respectively. A percentage of 36.4% reported that their dietary patterns were not affected by any media sources.

The prevalence of physical activity among school-going adolescents in Negeri Sembilan was 43.0%. Boys and younger adolescents were more active than girls and older adolescents. The most favourite activities during spare time were walking for exercise, jogging / running, badminton, tagging and cycling. More adolescents watched television, played computer or video games over the weekend compared to schooling days.

The prevalence of vitamin/minerals and food supplements intake among adolescence in Negeri Sembilan was 40.1% and 28.3%. There was no significant difference of vitamin/mineral and food supplement intakes between boys and girls, ethnicity, classes and school localities. In average, the vitamin/mineral and food supplements were consumed everyday by 14.5% and 10.6% of adolescents respectively. The most commonly consumed vitamin/minerals and food supplements were Vitamin C, 34.2% and bee product 13.4% . The main reason for taking vitamin/minerals and food supplements was due to parent's advised 39.1% and 29.0% respectively.

Food and nutrition labelling use was assessed among secondary school-going adolescents; 33.2% always reading food and nutrition labelling. Another 54.7% reported as sometimes and only 12.1% never reading food label. They were more concerned about fat and total energy compared to other nutrients. 42.3% of adolescents both answered correctly on nutrition facts and 23.7% of adolescents answered correctly questions regarding the front of pack labelling and only 6.6% answered both correctly regarding the most and least ingredients based on the food ingredient list.

1.0 Introduction

Adolescence is a period of transition between childhood and adulthood. The World Health Organization (WHO) defines an adolescent as any person between ages 10 and 19 (WHO, 2014). Adolescence is a critical period because major biological and psychological changes occur during a very short period of time.

Adolescent health should be given attention because adolescents are the future generation of any country and their health statuses are critical for the well-being of society. Chronic malnutrition is one of the major health problems encountered by adolescents living in developing countries (World Health Organization, 2006). The high rate of malnutrition in girls not only contributes to increased morbidity and mortality associated with pregnancy and delivery but also to increased risk of delivering low birth-weight babies (World Health Organization, 2006). This contributes to the intergenerational cycle of malnutrition.

The nutritional issue in adolescents should be prioritized because growth during adolescence is at a fast pace. Adequate nutrition during adolescence is important to cover the deficits suffered during childhood. Moreover, extra micro and macro-nutrients are required to meet the demands of physical and cognitive growth, as well as to provide adequate stores of energy for illnesses and pregnancy. To a more important extent, epidemiological evidence proved that there is a link between child and adolescent poor nutritional status and increased risk of various chronic diseases during adulthood (Case, Fertig, & Paxson, 2005).

Due to the targets of the first Millennium Development goal to "eradicate extreme poverty and hunger, the underweight prevalence in children was projected to decline from 26.5% in 1990 to 17.6% in 2015 across the world and specifically in developing regions; the prevalence was forecasted to decline from 30.2% to 19.3% (Onis, Blossner, Borghi, Frongillo, & Morris, 2004). Rates of undernutrition among Malaysian children have also been declining. Data from the Third National Health and Morbidity Survey (NHMS III) 2006 in Malaysia found that the prevalence of underweight, stunting and thinness in children below 18 years old were 13.2%, 15.8% and 7.8% respectively (Institute of Public Health (IPH), 2008). However, these conditions have generally improved when NHMS 2015 showed that the prevalence of underweight, stunting and thinness have reduced to 13.0%, 13.4% and 7.8% respectively (IPH, 2015). NHMS 2011 reported that the national prevalence of thinness among adolescents specifically was 9.7% (IPH, 2011)

Recently, a systematic review reported that the prevalence of overweight and obesity among adolescents worldwide is high, and obesity is higher among boys (Bibiloni, Pons, & Tur, 2013) and Malaysia is showing a similar pattern as well. The prevalence of obesity among children was only 5.7% in the year 2006 (IPH, 2008) and it drastically increased to 11.9% in the year 2015 (IPH, 2015). NHMS in the year 2011 showed that the nationwide prevalence of obesity in adolescent age 10 – 17 was 5.7% (IPH, 2011).

High-calorie intake and sedentary lifestyle are two common behavioral factors related to childhood obesity. Childhood and adolescent obesity are an epidemic and should be given attention because they are associated with various medical chronic conditions in adulthood (Sahoo et al., 2015). Reading food labelling prior to food purchasing can help adolescents in making healthier choices on packaged snacks. However, use of nutritional labelling was found to be low among adolescents (Wojcicki & Heyman, 2012). Thus, Adolescent Nutrition Survey NHMS 2017 aims age 10 – 17 years old to continue exploring issues pertaining to nutrition related component in adolescents in Malaysian such as nutritional status, body weight perception, meal pattern, habitual food intake, dietary intake, physical activity level, vitamin/mineral and food supplement intake and food and nutrition labelling.

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1.1 Objectives

1.1.1 General Objectives

To determine the prevalence of nutritional status, body weight perception, habitual food intake, dietary intake, meal pattern, physical activity level, vitamin/mineral and food supplements and food and nutrition labelling among adolescents in Malaysia.

1.1.2 Specific Objectives

1.1.2.1 To determine the prevalence of nutritional status among of adolescents (Standard 4 to Form 5) in Malaysia.

1.1.2.2 To assess self-perception on body weight and intentions on weight management among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Malaysia.

1.1.2.3 To determine the meal pattern among of adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Malaysia.

1.1.2.4 To assess physical activity pattern of adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Malaysia.

1.1.2.5 To determine the pattern of use of vitamin/mineral and food supplements among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Malaysia.

1.1.2.6 To determine the prevalence of reading food and nutrition labelling among adolescents (Secondary 1 to Secondary 5) in Malaysia.

1.2 The NHMS 2017 Organisation Team

The organisation of NHMS 2017 was set up at various levels of the Ministry of Health and Ministry of Education in order to conduct this survey.

1.2.1 NHMS Steering Committee

The NHMS Steering Committee, chaired by the Director-General of Health was set up at the national level to approve scopes of the NHMS 2015-2018 and to facilitate implementation of the survey. The members and terms of reference of this committee are shown in **Appendix 1** and **Appendix 2**.

1.2.2 Central Coordinating Team (CCT)

A working committee within the Institute for Public Health was established to coordinate implementation of the survey according to the scheduled Gantt chart. The Operation Centre was set up and led by the CCT team for coordinating and monitoring progress of the survey.

The list of CCT members and terms of reference are shown in **Appendix 3** and **Appendix 4**. **Figure 1** detailed the organisation chart at the Institute for Public Health level. Adolescent Nutrition Survey was part of NHMS 2017 using the sample from primary and secondary schools.

1.2.3 Research Team Members

Research team members for each sub-scope were established and headed by a key-person (among IPH officers) together with the relevant stakeholders and universities. Research team members were responsible for the technical input in development of the questionnaire manual, variable definition, data analysis and writing of the final report.

The list of members for each research teams are shown in **Appendix 5**.

1.2.4 State Liaison Officers and Data Collection Team

A State Liaison Officer (Nutritionist) was appointed in each State to facilitate planning and implementation of data collection within the States. The list of State Liaison Officers and Data Collection Teams are shown in **Appendix 6**.

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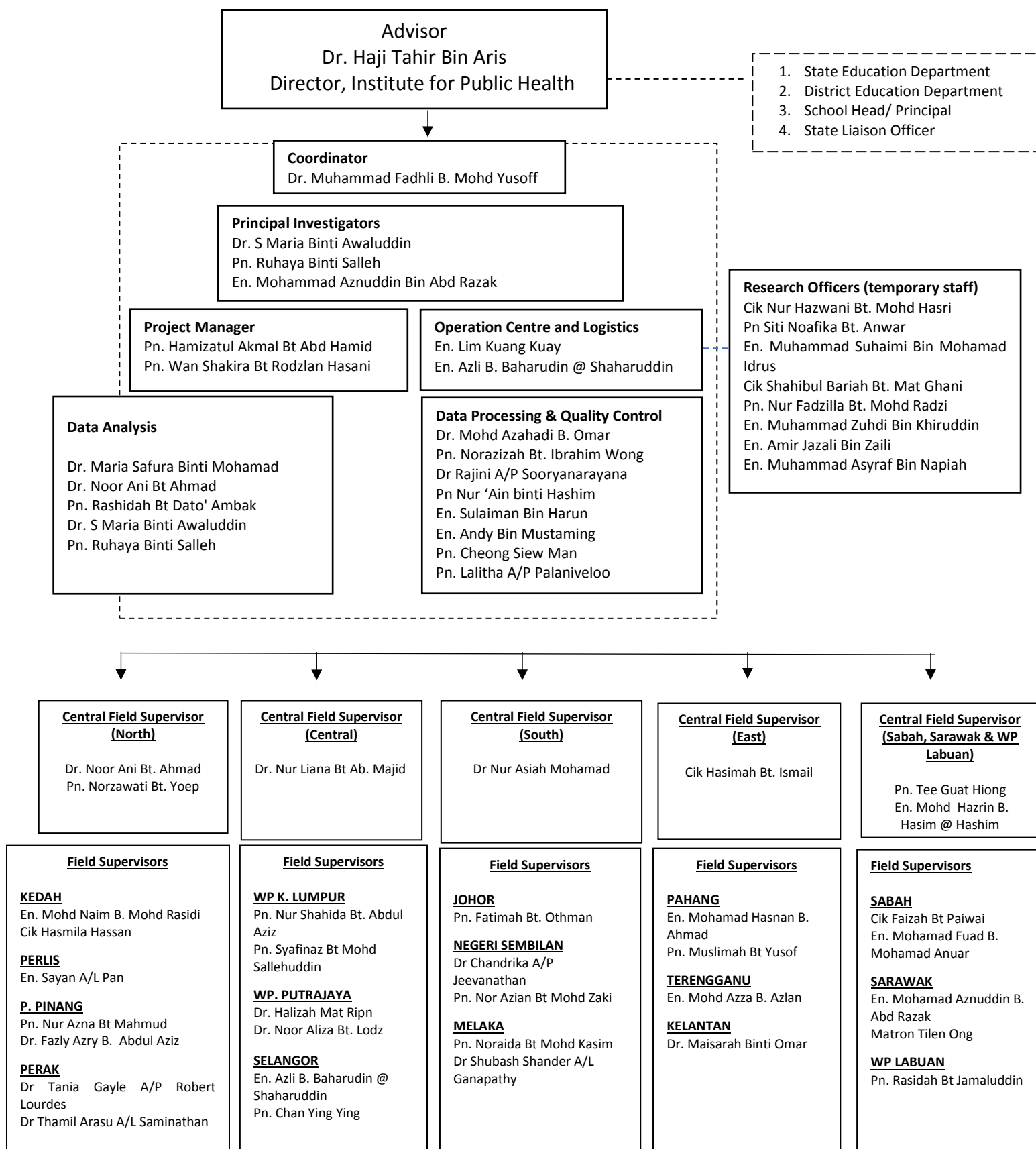


Figure 1: Organisation chart for data collection teams NHMS 2017

2.0 Methodology

Methodology and Sampling Design

Three main scopes of research were incorporated in the survey, namely the Adolescent Nutrition Survey (ANS), Habitual food intake and Dietary Intake.

2.1 Target Population

Generally, the Adolescent Nutrition Survey 2017 was conducted at all 16 states including three federal territories in Malaysia. This school-based survey was a cross-sectional study involving school-going adolescents aged 10 to 17 years old attending public and private schools.

2.2 Sampling Frame

The sampling frame in this survey was a list of primary and secondary schools from the Ministry of Education. Students' enrolment data of 2016 from Standard 4 until Standard 6 (primary school) and Form 1 until Form 5 (secondary school) were used. There were 7926 primary schools and 2688 secondary schools in 2016. Both public and private schools were included in the sampling frame.

2.3 Sample Size Determination

Sample size was calculated using a single proportion formula for estimation of prevalence.

$$n_{SRS} \geq \frac{Z^2_{\alpha/2} (p)(1-p)}{e^2}$$

The sample size calculation was based on a few criteria as below:

1. Variance of proportion of the variable of interest (Based on Malaysia School-Based Nutrition Survey 2012)
2. Margin of error (e) (Between 0.01 to 0.05)
3. Confidence Interval of 95%

To ensure optimum sample size, a few adjustments were made as follows:

1. Adjusted $n(srs)$ for the total number of target population (N) (based on the population size for schoolchildren in 2016)

$$n \geq \frac{n_{SRS}}{1 + \frac{n_{SRS}}{N}}$$

2. Adjusted for the design effect (deff) (based on previous survey: MSNS 2012), $n(\text{complex}) = n * \text{deff}$
3. Adjusted the $n(\text{complex})$ taking into account expected non-response rate of 25%, $n(\text{adj}) = n(\text{complex}) * (1 + \text{non-response rate})$

4. The sample size was then adjusted according to the need of the analysis, whether the estimate was going to be done at the national or the state level.

Based on the requirements for the objectives and abovementioned considerations, the optimum sample size required was 30,496 respondents for secondary schools and 14,000 respondents for primary schools (**Table 2.1**).

Table 2.1: Distribution of Secondary and Primary Schools Sampled by State, NHMS 2017

No.	State	Secondary			Primary		
		Total Number of Schools	Number of Schools Sampled	Number of students sampled	Total Number of Schools	Number of Schools Sampled	Number of students sampled
1	Johor	306	14	1906	921	6	875
2	Kedah	219	14	1906	552	6	875
3	Kelantan	193	14	1906	423	6	875
4	Melaka	87	14	1906	236	6	875
5	Negeri Sembilan	139	14	1906	352	6	875
6	Pahang	209	14	1906	543	6	875
7	Pulau Pinang	141	14	1906	275	6	875
8	Perak	275	14	1906	852	6	875
9	Perlis	33	14	1906	73	6	875
10	Selangor	345	14	1906	727	6	875
11	Terengganu	162	14	1906	354	6	875
12	Sabah	246	14	1906	1,090	8	875
13	Sarawak	220	14	1906	1,274	7	875
14	WP Kuala Lumpur	133	14	1906	227	6	875
15	WP Labuan	19	8	1906	12	6	875
16	WP Putrajaya	11	8	1906	14	6	875
Total		2,738	212	30,496	7,925	99	14,000

2.4 Sampling Design

This survey implemented a multistage stratified cluster sampling design to ensure a nationally representative sample of Standard 4 to 6 (10-12 years of age) and Form 1 to 5 (13-17 years of age) school-going adolescents in Malaysia. Malaysia was stratified into 16 states (including Federal Territory of Kuala Lumpur, Putrajaya and Labuan). The first stage of sampling involved a random selection of school from list of eligible schools provided by Ministry of Education. Schools were selected randomly with probability proportional to school enrolment size. A total of 311 schools were selected to participate in this survey. The second stage of sampling was selection of classes. All classes in each selected school were included in the sampling

frame. Systematic random sampling was used to select classes from each selected school. All students in the selected classes were eligible to participate in the survey. The third stage of sampling was applied for Habitual food intake module and Dietary Intake. Students were selected randomly from each selected class.

2.5 Ethical Approval

This study was approved by the Ministry of Health, Research and Ethics Committee and Ministry of Education Ethics Committee. Approval was also obtained from the relevant Ministry of Education officials at the state and district levels including the selected school itself. Prior to the survey, several meetings with the relevant Ministry of Education officers and person in-charge at the selected school were carried out. Consent form were obtained from parents and the students.

2.6 Data Collection

A total of 36 teams were set up, 4 teams for Sabah and Sarawak and 2 teams for each of the remaining states. Each team consist of a field supervisor, research assistants and a driver. The field supervisor was a permanent staff in Ministry of Health.

An initial data collection by the core team members was initiated to observe the flow of data collection on 06 March 2017. The data collection training was conducted for Peninsular in Kuala Lumpur and Sabah, Sarawak and WP Labuan in Kuching, Sarawak simultaneously. Data collection was conducted from 26 March to 03 May 2017.

2.7 Data Management

Quality check on data was conducted throughout the survey based on specific identification (ID) numbers; from the state ID until individual student ID (generated for the study). Upon completing the survey, each student were asked to place his / her answer sheet in an envelope. All answer sheets from the same school were wrapped together to make a bundle. These bundles were collected by assigned drivers for schools in Peninsular Malaysia or using tracked postage for schools in Sabah, Sarawak and WP Labuan.

2.7.1 Data Operation Centre

An operation centre with several stations was set up to receive data “bundles” from the field:

Station 1: Respondent ID checking

Station 2: Scanning

Station 3: Verification

Station 4: Storage

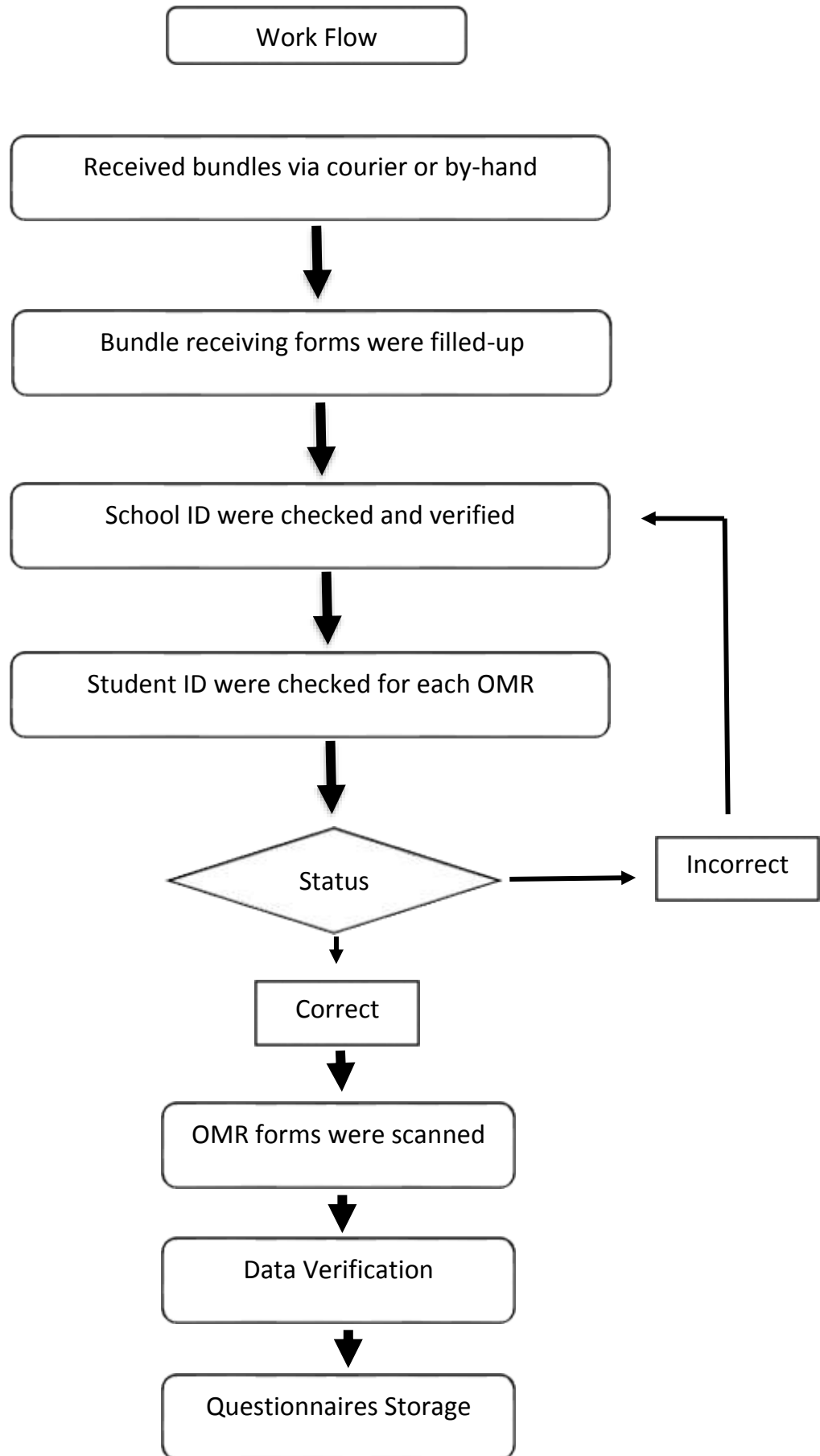


Figure 2: Work Flow of NHMS 2017

2.7.2 Data Analysis

The data set was checked, cleaned and edited for inconsistencies. Data analysis was done using SPSS version 21 by importing the raw dataset which normally in CSV form or excel. The analysis was done according to the objectives, and dummy tables prepared. Complex samples analysis procedures were used in the analysis and was carried out at 95% confidence interval. Finally, the data is representative of all students attending school from Standard 4 to Form 5 in Malaysia.

A weighting factor was applied to each student record to adjust the varying probabilities of selection and for the non-response. The weight used for estimation is given by:

$$W = W1 \times W2 \times W3 \times F \times PS$$

Where;

W1 = the inverse of the probability of selecting the school

W2 = the inverse of the probability of selecting the class within the school

W3 = the inverse of the probability of selecting the student within the class

F = the inverse of a school, class and student level non-response adjustment factor

PS = a post stratification adjustment factor calculated by class and gender

2.8 Survey Instruments

Validated self-administered questionnaires with computer-scanned answer sheets were used. Students' privacy was ensured as the answer sheet were anonymous. The majority of the students completed the survey within two class periods.

The ANS questionnaire contained sub topic which is nutritional status, body weight perception, meal pattern, physical activity level, Vitamin/Mineral and Food Supplement and Food and Nutrition Labelling.

3.0 Findings

3.1 General Findings

A total of 40,087 questionnaires for adolescent nutrition survey were completed by the respondents. The school and class response rate was 100% respectively, while the student response rate for adolescent nutrition survey was 89.5%. Overall, the response rate was 89.5% (**Table 3.1.1**).

Table 3.1.1: Response Rate at Student Level for Adolescent Nutrition Survey by State, NHMS 2017

State	Selected School	Eligible Student	Interviewed Student	Response Rate (%)
Malaysia	311	44,773	40,087	89.5
Johor	20	2,829	2,565	90.7
Kedah	20	2,790	2,490	89.2
Kelantan	20	2,776	2,464	88.8
Melaka	20	2,862	2,685	93.8
Negeri Sembilan	20	2,823	2,431	86.1
Pahang	20	2,822	2,563	90.8
Pulau Pinang	20	2,846	2,547	89.5
Perak	20	2,832	2,527	89.2
Perlis	20	2,869	2,496	87.0
Selangor	20	2,721	2,503	92.0
Terengganu	20	2,738	2,437	89.0
Sabah	22	2,855	2,437	85.4
Sarawak	21	2,791	2,534	90.8
WP Kuala Lumpur	20	2,699	2,410	89.3
WP Labuan	14	2,789	2,525	90.5
WP Putrajaya	14	2,731	2,473	90.6

Comparison of total estimated population (weighted) with the national school enrolment is shown in **Table 3.1.2** Geographic information system (GIS) on the mapping of selected primary and secondary schools is shown in **Figure 3**.

Table 3.1.2: Comparison between NHMS 2017 respondents and national enrolment of school students in Malaysia 2017

	NHMS 2017			School Enrolment 2017	
	n	Estimated Enrolment (weighted)	Prevalence (%)	Total Enrolment	Prevalence (%)
MALAYSIA	40087	3,480,500	100	3,480,439	100
State					
Johor	2565	439,369	12.6	439,406	12.6
Kedah	2490	250,426	7.2	250,388	7.2
Kelantan	2464	207,201	6	207,206	6
Melaka	2685	106,254	3.1	106,253	3.1
Negeri Sembilan	2431	139,235	4	139,242	4
Pahang	2563	174,713	5	174,721	5
Pulau Pinang	2547	178,446	5.1	178,453	5.1
Perak	2527	281,354	8.1	281,352	8.1
Perlis	2496	38,004	1.1	37,999	1.1
Selangor	2503	651,976	18.7	651,925	18.7
Terengganu	2437	158,658	4.6	158,645	4.6
Sabah	2437	331,295	9.5	331,298	9.5
Sarawak	2534	321,046	9.2	321,063	9.2
WP Kuala Lumpur	2410	177,937	5.1	177,902	5.1
WP Labuan	2525	9,604	0.3	9,602	0.3
WP Putrajaya	2473	14,982	0.4	14,984	0.4
Sex					
Male	19677	1,746,339	50.2	1,746,326	50.2
Female	20410	1,734,161	49.8	1,734,113	49.8
Form					
Standard 4	4617	448,352	12.9	448,329	12.9
Standard 5	4205	442,371	12.7	442,339	12.7
Standard 6	3777	443,262	12.7	443,262	12.7
Form 1	5702	450,996	13	451,024	13
Form 2	5499	426,921	12.3	426,908	12.3
Form 3	5834	431,004	12.4	431,043	12.4
Form 4	5536	414,703	11.9	414,653	11.9
Form 5	4917	422,891	12.2	422,881	12.2

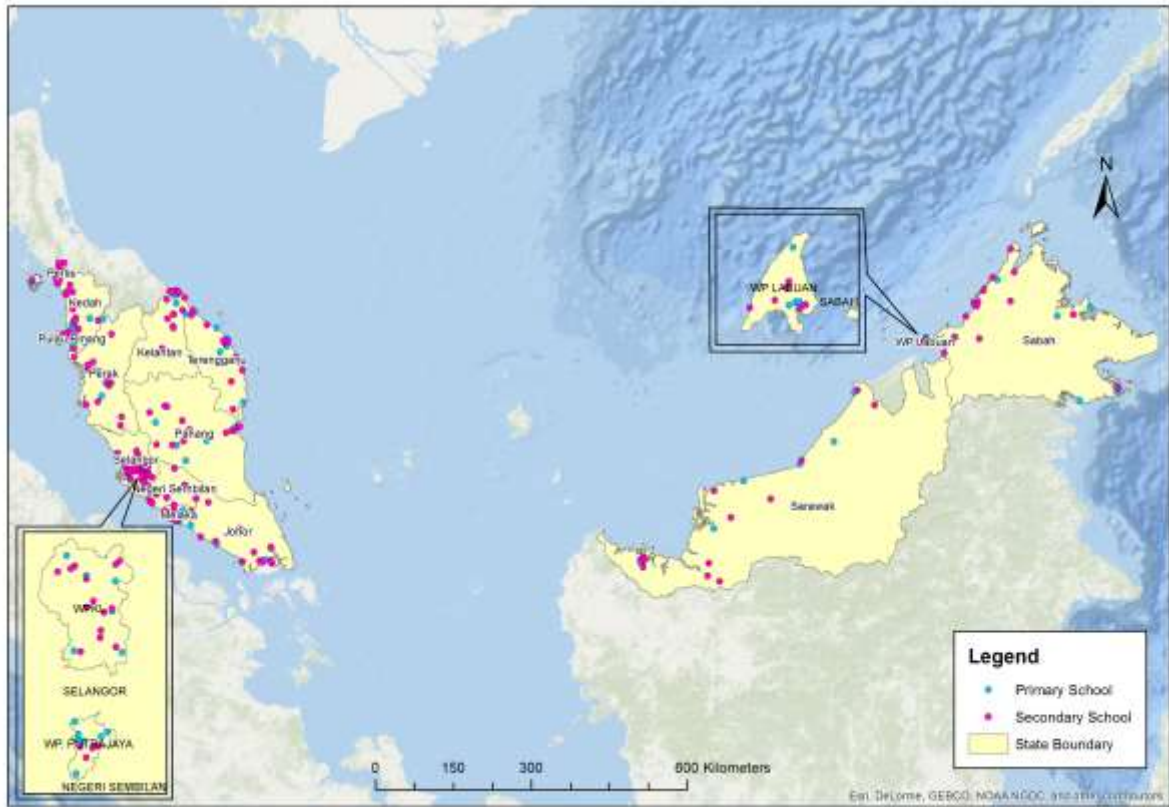


Figure 3: GIS mapping of the selected primary and secondary schools in Malaysia 2017

3.2 Nutritional status among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Negeri Sembilan

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3.2.1 Introduction

Good nutritional status contributes to healthy development of children. Anthropometric measurements are part of nutritional status components to assess body size and composition; and reflect adequate, inadequate or excessive food intake. It is also a reflection of individual activity level and disease states. Nutritional deprivation and excess may coexist, not only within household or the community but also across the country. Performing simple body measurements also helps to identify individuals, families or the community for intervention, which could improve not only nutritional status but also their health as a whole.

3.2.2 Objectives

General objective:

To determine the nutritional status of adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5).

Specific objective:

To determine the prevalence of stunting, thinness, normal weight, overweight and obesity among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Malaysia according to socio-demographic characteristics.

3.2.3 Variable definition

The nutritional status of adolescents was identified based on the World Health Organization Growth Reference 2007 (WHO 2007)¹. The major indices referred to were:

- a. Height-for-Age z-score (for adolescents between (Primary 4 to Secondary 5), and
- b. BMI-for-Age z-score (for adolescents between Primary 4 to Secondary 5)

3.2.4 Findings

3.2.4.1 Height-for-Age z-score

The finding of the survey showed that 93.4% (95% CI: 91.57-94.91) of the adolescents had normal height-for-age status (HAZ: $\geq -2SD$ to $\leq +2SD$). The prevalence was higher than national level [91.8% (95% CI: 91.19, 92.29)]. Comparing between strata, rural area had higher percentage of total stunting [10.9% (95% CI: 7.36, 15.85)] compared to urban area [6.1% (95% CI: 4.65, 7.93%)]. In term of sexes, the prevalence of overweight was not much difference between boys [6.5% (95% CI: 4.77, 8.90)] and girls [6.6% (95% CI: 4.88, 8.84)]. Comparing class

category, secondary level had higher percentage of total stunting [7.0% (95% CI: 5.56, 8.85)] compared to primary level [5.8% (95% CI: 3.18, 10.22)].

3.2.4.2 BMI-for-Age z-score

In terms of BMI-for-age status, the findings showed that 62.2% (95% CI: 59.53, 64.88) of the population was in the normal range ($\geq -2SD$ to $\leq +1SD$). The prevalence was lower than national level [62.9% (95% CI: 61.84, 64.02)]. Comparing between strata, rural area had higher percentage of thinness [8.9% (95% CI: 6.16, 12.64)] compared to urban area [6.9% (95% CI: 5.31, 8.85%)]. According to sexes, more boys [8.4% (95% CI: 6.09, 11.47)] were thin than girls [5.7% (95% CI: 4.33, 7.54)]. In term of class category, primary level had slightly higher percentage of thinness [7.2% (95% CI: 5.44, 9.51)] compared to secondary level [7.0% (95% CI: 5.00, 9.67)].

On the other hand, the prevalence of overweight in Negeri Sembilan (BMI-for-age: $\geq +1SD$ to $\leq +2SD$) was 15.1% (95% CI: 13.11, 17.30). The state prevalence was lower than national prevalence [15.6% (95% CI: 15.06, 16.19)]. Between strata, urban strata showed higher prevalence of overweight [15.6% (95% CI: 13.63-17.82)] than rural strata [10.3% (95% CI: 6.88, 15.26)]. Comparing between sexes, girls had higher prevalence of overweight [17.1% (95% CI: 14.37, 20.21)] than boy [13.1% (95% CI: 10.66, 15.99)]. In term of class category, primary level had higher prevalence of overweight [16.2% (95% CI: 13.19, 19.67)] compared with secondary level [14.5% (95% CI: 12.03, 17.31)].

For the prevalence of obesity (BMI-for-age: $> +2SD$), the state prevalence was 15.6% (95% CI: 13.77, 17.63), which the prevalence was higher than national prevalence [14.8 (95% CI: 14.00, 15.73)]. Between strata, urban strata showed higher prevalence of obesity [15.9% (95% CI: 14.01, 18.06)] than urban strata [12.6% (95% CI: 9.86, 16.01)]. Comparing between sexes, boys had higher prevalence of obesity [18.9% (95% CI: 16.20, 21.85)] than girl [12.3% (95% CI: 10.18-14.84)]. In term of class category, 18.1% (95% CI: 15.01, 21.55) primary level were obese compared to 14.2% (95% CI: 12.31, 16.32) secondary level.

3.2.5 Conclusion

The prevalence of stunting for adolescent aged 10 to 17 years in Negeri Sembilan was 6.6%. On the other hand, the prevalence of overweight and obesity among this population were 15.1% and 15.6% respectively. In contrast, 7.1% of the population were found to be thin. High demand of energy and nutrient are very important for physical growth and development at this age. However, the concept of healthy eating and living should be practised at younger age to ensure healthy physical and mental development. In consequences, it is hope reduce the prevalence of stunted, thinness, overweight and obesity.

3.2.6 Recommendation

Thinness, overweight and obesity are problems to be addressed for adolescents aged 10 to 17 years in Negeri Sembilan. Various agencies have to take the initiative to set up plan of action to overcome such problem. Healthy eating and living concept should be carried out at an earlier stage. It can be implemented by developing pro-health policies and regulations to create health promoting environment in work place, school, public area and even at home.

One of the suggested initiatives that involve collaboration between Ministry of Health and Ministry of Education is to empower Parental and Teacher Association in school to disseminate and implement healthy eating programs in schools. With that, it can give the concept of healthy eating and living to the children during schooling time and further practise and implement it at home and daily life. Eventually, it hopes to reduce the prevalence of thinness, overweight and obesity in the country.

Anthropometry is the measurement of physical dimensions such as height or weight, as well as the fat mass composition of the human body to provide information about a person's nutritional status. An index is a combination of two anthropometric measurements or an anthropometric measurement plus age. Anthropometry is a practical and immediately applicable technique for assessing person's development patterns. An evaluation also provides useful insights into the nutrition and health situation of entire population groups.

References

1. World Health Organization, & World Health Organization. (2007). Growth reference data for 5-19 years. Geneva: WHO.
2. WHO Child Growth Standards: Methods and development: Length/height-for-age, weight-for-age, weight-for-length, weight-for-height and body mass index-for-age, World Health Organization, Switzerland, 2006

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Table 3.2.1: Distribution of adolescents according to Height-For-Age (HAZ) Z-score by sociodemographic characteristics

Characteristic	Stunting (<-2SD)					Normal (≥-2SD)				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	179	9131	6.6	5.09	8.43	2249	129990	93.4	91.57	94.91
Locality of School										
Urban	150	7630	6.1	4.65	7.93	2026	117725	93.9	92.07	95.35
Rural	29	1501	10.9	7.36	15.85	223	12265	89.1	84.15	92.64
Sex										
Boys	79	4573	6.5	4.77	8.90	1031	65352	93.5	91.10	95.23
Girls	100	4559	6.6	4.88	8.84	1218	64638	93.4	91.16	95.12
Class										
Standard 4	16	926	5.4	3.20	8.84	249	16347	94.6	91.16	96.80
Standard 5	22	1080	6.5	2.22	17.54	225	15535	93.5	82.46	97.78
Standard 6	13	921	5.4	3.53	8.30	200	16003	94.6	91.70	96.47
Form 1	18	1316	7.0	3.90	12.27	259	17467	93.0	87.73	96.10
Form 2	14	750	4.2	2.82	6.34	304	16920	95.8	93.66	97.18
Form 3	34	1392	8.0	5.10	12.21	365	16107	92.0	87.79	94.90
Form 4	20	1074	6.4	3.84	10.41	278	15779	93.6	89.59	96.16
Form 5	42	1672	9.6	6.64	13.56	369	15833	90.4	86.44	93.36
Class Category										
Primary Level	51	2927	5.8	3.18	10.22	674	47886	94.2	89.78	96.82
Secondary Level	128	6204	7.0	5.56	8.85	1575	82104	93.0	91.15	94.44
Ethnicity										
Malay	141	6980	8.4	6.67	10.53	1433	76104	91.6	89.47	93.33
Chinese	22	1159	3.0	1.43	6.33	530	36987	97.0	93.67	98.57
Indian	13	820	5.4	2.01	13.56	244	14458	94.6	86.44	97.99
Bumiputera Sabah	1	55	6.6	0.83	37.19	13	783	93.4	62.81	99.17
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	117	10.6	3.66	26.88	16	986	89.4	73.12	96.34
Others	-	-	-	-	-	13	672	100.0	0.00	100.00

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Table 3.2.2: Distribution of adolescents according to BMI-For-Age status by sociodemographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristic	Thinness (<-2SD)					Normal BMI (≥ -2SD to ≤ +1SD)				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	157	9816	7.1	5.59	8.90	1516	86438	62.2	59.53	64.88
Locality of School										
Urban	136	8594	6.9	5.31	8.85	1345	77054	61.6	58.87	64.24
Rural	21	1222	8.9	6.16	12.64	171	9383	68.2	64.04	72.02
Sex										
Boys	88	5850	8.4	6.09	11.47	662	41560	59.6	56.15	63.05
Girls	69	3966	5.7	4.33	7.54	854	44877	64.9	61.07	68.47
Class										
Standard 4	19	1281	7.5	4.42	12.41	147	9682	56.6	51.91	61.15
Standard 5	13	1094	6.6	4.04	10.57	148	9985	60.1	56.99	63.12
Standard 6	15	1275	7.6	5.42	10.46	121	9956	59.1	49.38	68.09
Form 1	18	1274	6.8	3.93	11.46	175	11846	63.1	52.52	72.50
Form 2	23	1328	7.5	5.05	10.98	210	11681	65.9	59.62	71.71
Form 3	24	1195	6.8	4.52	10.19	263	11486	65.6	61.23	69.79
Form 4	19	1219	7.3	3.87	13.21	188	10483	62.4	56.46	68.06
Form 5	26	1150	6.6	4.16	10.23	264	11318	64.7	57.61	71.12
Class Category										
Primary Level	47	3650	7.2	5.44	9.51	416	29623	58.6	54.35	62.66
Secondary Level	110	6166	7.0	5.00	9.67	1100	56815	64.3	61.52	67.08
Ethnicity										
Malay	94	5361	6.5	4.90	8.48	988	51561	62.2	58.87	65.43
Chinese	37	2750	7.2	5.48	9.45	357	24568	64.5	59.86	68.87
Indian	24	1592	10.4	6.61	16.06	142	8534	55.9	47.01	64.34
Bumiputera Sabah	1	54	6.5	0.70	40.44	9	580	69.2	40.62	88.04
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	11	722	65.6	49.92	78.41
Others	1	59	8.7	1.51	37.23	9	473	70.4	41.47	88.83

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Table 3.2.2: Distribution of adolescents according to BMI-For-Age status by sociodemographic characteristics

Characteristic	Overweight (> +1SD to ≤ +2SD)					Obese (> +2SD)				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	378	20954	15.1	13.11	17.30	373	21667	15.6	13.77	17.63
Locality of School										
Urban	351	19530	15.6	13.63	17.82	340	19931	15.9	14.01	18.06
Rural	27	1424	10.3	6.88	15.26	33	1736	12.6	9.86	16.01
Sex										
Boys	152	9125	13.1	10.66	15.99	204	13143	18.9	16.20	21.85
Girls	226	11829	17.1	14.37	20.21	169	8524	12.3	10.18	14.84
Class										
Standard 4	44	3016	17.6	15.10	20.48	52	3130	18.3	13.99	23.56
Standard 5	42	2713	16.3	13.07	20.22	44	2823	17.0	13.82	20.71
Standard 6	33	2447	14.5	8.98	22.62	43	3177	18.8	15.52	22.70
Form 1	39	2546	13.6	9.45	19.06	45	3117	16.6	10.74	24.75
Form 2	44	2396	13.5	9.80	18.36	42	2314	13.1	9.38	17.89
Form 3	65	2772	15.8	11.89	20.79	47	2046	11.7	8.63	15.65
Form 4	41	2167	12.9	8.97	18.24	49	2920	17.4	14.06	21.32
Form 5	70	2896	16.5	13.15	20.60	51	2141	12.2	8.80	16.76
Class Category										
Primary Level	119	8177	16.2	13.19	19.67	139	9130	18.1	15.01	21.55
Secondary Level	259	12777	14.5	12.03	17.31	234	12537	14.2	12.31	16.32
Ethnicity										
Malay	240	12423	15.0	12.78	17.50	249	13545	16.3	14.21	18.72
Chinese	83	5505	14.5	11.38	18.19	74	5271	13.8	10.54	17.96
Indian	49	2708	17.7	10.99	27.31	42	2445	16.0	12.07	20.91
Bumiputera Sabah	2	98	11.7	2.60	39.76	2	106	12.6	2.75	42.49
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	113	10.2	2.17	36.87	5	267	24.2	12.25	42.28
Others	2	107	16.0	3.24	51.83	1	33	5.0	0.55	32.92

3.3 Perception on body weight management among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Negeri Sembilan

Contributors: Nur Shahida Abdul Aziz, Safiah Md.Yusof, Rohana Yaakof, Ruby Zainureen, Noor Ani Ahmad, Norlida Zulkafly, Rashidah Ambak

3.3.1 Introduction

Body weight perception refers to the personal evaluation of one's weight as "underweight" or "normal weight" or "overweight" irrespective of actual body mass index. Adolescent estimation of weight status may reflect an adolescent's perception of where they are on the spectrum of body weight relative to their peers.

3.3.2 Objective

General objective:

To assess self-perception on body weight and intentions on weight management among Malaysian adolescents aged 10 to 17 years

Specific Objectives

- I. To determine body weight perception among adolescents
- II. To determine body weight perception among adolescents in comparison to actual BMI- for-age status
- III. To describe intended action on their perceived body weight status
- IV. To describe motivating factors to change their body weight.
- V. To identify preferred options to change their body weight.

3.3.3 Variable definition

- **Body weight perception:** An interpretation or impression; an opinion or belief
- (Ref: Collins English Dictionary – Complete and Unabridged, 12th Edition 2014 © HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1994, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2014)
- **Actual body weight:** Body weight that was measured during the survey.
- **Misperception:** - a wrong perception

(Ref: (Collins English Dictionary – Complete and Unabridged, 12th Edition 2014 © HarperCollins Publishers 1991, 1994, 1998, 2000, 2003, 2006, 2007, 2009, 2011, 2014)

3.3.4 Findings

Overall, 41.1% (95%CI: 38.00, 44.20) of the adolescents in Negeri Sembilan perceived that they have normal weight. There was no significant different in school locality, however there were significant different in sex which boys was higher in perceived thin 33.0% (95%CI: 28.57, 37.68) as compared than girls, while girls was significant higher in perceived overweight 32.3% (95%CI: 27.45,37.51) compared with boys 20.3% (95% CI: 17.24, 23.69) (**Table 3.3.1**).

Among the actual normal 52.5% (95% CI: 48.20, 56.81) was correctly perceived their weight to be normal, 29.3% (95% CI: 24.374, 34.84) was underestimated their body weight, perceived to be thin, and 15.9% (95% CI: 11.88, 21.04), 2.2% (95% CI: 1.38, 3.48) were overestimated to be overweight, and obese respectively. However, among the actual overweight 51.7% (95% CI: 41.98, 61.22) was correctly perceived their weight to be overweight, but 16.4% (95% CI: 11.51, 22.82), 26.2% (95% CI: 19.37, 34.32), were underestimated their body weight to be thin or normal respectively (**Table 3.3.2**).

Among all the adolescents who were actually thin and correctly perceived themselves to be thin, 66.9% (95% CI: 50.42, 80.13) wanted to increase weight while adolescents who perceived normal and have actual normal body weight, 29.6% (95% CI: 23.85, 36.02) have no plan to change their weight. There were no significant difference in school locality, sex and school category among adolescents who correctly perceived themselves to be thin and overweight between four categories of action taken. However, there was significant different in sex among adolescents correctly perceived normal which more boys 15.6% (95%CI: 11.34, 21.13) than girls 4.1% (95% CI: 2.39,6.78) wanted to increase their body weight (**Table 3.3.3**).

However, among adolescents who were actually in overweight and obese categories but wrongly perceived themselves to be thin, most of them 54.20% (95% CI: 43.92, 64.07) wanted to lose weight while 24.6% (95% CI: 13.88, 39.71) wanted to increase their weight (**Table 3.3.4**).

About 64.7% (95% CI: 58.14, 70.76) adolescents chose health purpose as the main factor that motivate them to lose weight followed by increase self-confidence 21.6% (95% CI: 16.52, 27.77). However, beauty purpose become the main factor to lose body weight among girls, 14.0% (95%CI: 9.86,19.47) (**Table 3.3.5**).

In addition, main factor to motivate adolescents to increase body weight was also health purpose 62.2% (95% CI: 56.18, 67.81) followed by increase self-confidence 22.2% (95% CI: 17.69, 27.50). There were no significant different in school locality and school category, however there was significant different based on sex which girls, 70.2% (95% CI: 60.78, 78.14) higher than boys, 57.6% (95%CI: 48.73, 65.96) (**Table 3.3.6**).

Exercise was the most highest option preferred by adolescent to lose body weight 56.1% (95% CI: 51.40, 60.67). There were higher among boys 65.2% (95%CI: 59.67, 70.27), urban 56.5% (95% CI: 51.47, 61.36) and among primary adolescents 59.4% (95% CI: 51.82, 66.63) (**Table 3.3.7**).

Increase quantity of food was the highest option preferred by adolescents to increase their body weight, 53.1% (95% CI: 45.19, 60.84). Its higher among girls 56.5% (95% CI: 45.70, 66.78), secondary 57.5% (95% CI: 47.31, 67.02) and among Malay adolescents, 56.3% (95% CI : 45.84, 66.19) (**Table 3.3.8**).

3.3.5 Discussion/Conclusion

Perception of being normal weight among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan was similar with the national prevalence 41.1 % and 41.4% respectively.

Among the adolescents who were actually thin in Negeri Sembilan, 68.3% correctly perceived themselves to be thin, and the prevalence was slightly lower compared to the national prevalence, 69.6%. Among Adolescents with actual normal body weight, 52.5% correctly perceived their weight to be normal and the prevalence was slightly higher than national prevalence 50.2%.

In Negeri Sembilan, the trend of main factors to lose body weight among adolescent are similar with the national trend. Health purpose is the highest 64.7% main factor to lose body weight; followed by to increase self confidence 21.9% , beauty purpose 10.3 % and to have more friends 3.3% .

Health purpose is the highest 62.2 % main factor to increase body weight . But it was higher compared with the national prevalence. Its folllowed by to increase self confidence 22.2% , beauty purpose 10.1% and to have more friends 5.5%.

Adolescents choose to exercise as their preferred option to lose weight. However its was lower compared with the national prevalence , 56.1% and 62.5% respectively. Followed by reduce consumption of high fat foods 25.1%, increase intake of fruits and vegetables 6.6 % and reduce intake of high sugar foods 4.7%. This trend are similar with the national trend of prevalence.

53.1% adolescents in Negeri Sembilan chose to increase quantity of food as their preferred option to increase body weight. It was slightly higher than the national prevalence, 52.4%.

3.3.6 Recommendation

Body weight perception is a rather complex concept affected by `ideal` as well as `normative` body image. Our adolescents live in a society where increasingly larger proportions of the populations are overweight and obese. They are surrounded by overweight and obese peers,

hence leading to them developing an inaccurate perception of healthy body weight or image. On the other hand, mass media often portray unusually thin models, especially among females, emphasizing `thin` rather than `healthy` body shapes.

Findings from this study should be utilised by relevant programme managers. Intervention to promote healthy lifestyles should be one of the approaches undertaken to halt this problem from worsening. Nutrition education should be systematically conducted in all school, utilizing educational modules. Parents should act as role models and be actively involved in all efforts to promote healthy eating and active living among children. The media should also play important role, by broadcasting more information to adolescent and families about healthy eating and active lifestyles.

In addition, a school- based health promotion programme incorporating a holistic curriculum may prove to be a good platform from which to tackle body image problems, encourage good eating habits and instil a healthy body image amongst adolescents.

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Table 3.3.1 : Body weight perception among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Perceived thin					Perceived Normal				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	639	38613	27.7	23.67	32.22	964	57153	41.1	38.00	44.20
Locality of School										
Urban	585	35410	28.2	23.86	33.03	855	51543	41.1	37.92	44.32
Rural	54	3203	23.4	16.41	32.15	109	5610	40.9	30.09	52.74
Sex										
Boys	366	23069	33.0	28.57	37.68	471	30129	43.1	39.60	46.58
Girls	273	15544	22.5	18.32	27.23	493	27023	39.1	34.78	43.50
School Category										
Primary	258	17265	34.0	30.01	38.18	305	22439	44.2	39.38	49.05
Secondary	381	21348	24.2	19.29	29.80	659	34713	39.3	35.96	42.72
Class										
Standard 4	108	7015	40.6	35.88	45.54	113	7434	43.0	38.11	48.11
Standard 5	94	6258	37.7	33.60	41.91	96	6638	40.0	36.89	43.09
Standard 6	56	3992	23.6	15.34	34.45	96	8367	49.4	36.63	62.32
Form 1	79	5589	29.8	20.54	40.99	114	7689	40.9	34.69	47.48
Form 2	84	4658	26.3	20.05	33.65	125	6935	39.1	32.84	45.83
Form 3	83	3893	22.2	16.79	28.86	156	6753	38.6	34.30	43.07
Form 4	53	3292	19.6	14.45	26.04	113	6610	39.4	33.58	45.46
Form 5	82	3916	22.3	16.35	29.63	151	6726	38.3	31.62	45.42
Ethnicity										
Malay	422	23525	28.3	22.74	34.55	633	34032	40.9	37.79	44.09
Chinese	128	9118	23.9	20.47	27.72	239	17690	46.4	41.36	51.47
Indian	71	4841	31.8	23.69	41.20	80	4796	31.5	27.85	35.43
Bumiputera Sabah	7	409	48.8	22.09	76.22	3	193	23.0	5.91	58.74
Bumiputera Sarawak	7	477	43.3	19.89	70.13	5	278	25.2	10.62	48.95
Others	4	243	36.2	17.11	60.86	4	164	24.3	9.15	50.64

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Table 3.3.1 : Body weight perception among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Perceived Overweight					Perceived Obese				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	687	36524	26.2	22.47	30.40	140	6885	4.9	3.66	6.66
Locality of School										
Urban	619	32683	26.0	21.93	30.64	120	5833	4.6	3.32	6.47
Rural	68	3841	28.0	25.56	30.63	20	1052	7.7	6.65	8.84
Sex										
Boys	230	14189	20.3	17.24	23.69	44	2587	3.7	2.69	5.06
Girls	457	22335	32.3	27.45	37.51	96	4298	6.2	4.29	8.91
School Category										
Primary	136	9481	18.7	15.76	21.95	26	1627	3.2	1.68	6.02
Secondary	551	27043	30.6	26.88	34.60	114	5258	6.0	4.47	7.88
Class										
Standard 4	37	2442	14.1	10.44	18.87	7	380	2.2	0.85	5.59
Standard 5	48	3161	19.0	16.33	22.05	9	558	3.4	1.66	6.66
Standard 6	51	3878	22.9	17.78	29.01	10	688	4.1	2.11	7.70
Form 1	73	4821	25.7	19.15	33.50	11	683	3.6	1.81	7.18
Form 2	95	5169	29.2	22.63	36.70	15	957	5.4	2.25	12.39
Form 3	127	5458	31.2	25.59	37.40	33	1395	8.0	5.79	10.87
Form 4	105	5627	33.5	26.74	41.03	26	1265	7.5	3.91	14.02
Form 5	151	5968	34.0	29.15	39.14	29	959	5.5	2.98	9.80
Ethnicity										
Malay	448	22411	26.9	22.68	31.67	74	3230	3.9	2.52	5.94
Chinese	143	8889	23.3	18.24	29.26	42	2448	6.4	3.91	10.37
Indian	85	4603	30.2	23.15	38.42	20	979	6.4	2.56	15.27
Bumiputera Sabah	4	236	28.2	9.38	59.77	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	5	274	24.9	10.96	47.13	1	73	6.6	0.69	41.83
Others	2	111	16.5	3.91	49.13	3	154	23.0	5.46	60.58

Table 3.3.2: Body weight perception among adolescent by actual BMI for age status (Cont.)

Perceived	Actual thin															
	Thin				Normal				Overweight				Obese			
	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	110	68.3	59.10	76.22	40	27.4	20.74	35.21	5	3.0	1.13	7.91	2	1.3	0.32	5.22
Locality of school																
Urban	100	71.5	62.51	79.08	32	25.8	18.75	34.31	3	1.9	0.67	5.24	1	0.8	0.10	6.28
Rural	10	45.4	43.27	47.62	8	38.7	23.68	56.25	2	11.1	4.20	26.04	1	4.8	1.87	11.76
Sex																
Boys	55	60.7	52.48	68.36	28	34.3	27.56	41.71	3	2.8	1.08	7.16	2	2.2	0.51	8.89
Girls	55	79.4	64.74	89.04	12	17.2	8.15	32.69	2	3.4	0.85	12.40	-	-	-	-
School Category																
Primary	33	70.8	52.49	84.18	11	24.4	12.31	42.57	2	2.9	0.73	10.77	1	1.9	0.25	13.23
Secondary	77	66.8	57.17	75.16	29	29.2	23.28	35.82	3	3.1	0.83	11.09	1	1.0	0.13	6.45

Table 3.3.2: Body weight perception among adolescent by actual BMI for age status (Cont.)

Perceived	Actual normal															
	Thin				Normal				Overweight				Obese			
	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	425	29.3	24.37	34.84	774	52.5	48.23	56.81	278.0	15.9	11.88	21.04	38	2.2	1.38	3.48
Locality of school																
Urban	384	29.7	24.23	35.81	685	53.0	48.75	57.30	244.0	15.3	11.00	20.84	32	2.0	1.22	3.19
Rural	41	26.3	20.58	33.00	89	48.4	33.76	63.23	34.0	21.3	16.51	27.09	6	4.0	1.58	9.77
Sex																
Boys	235	35.4	30.27	40.94	357	55.0	50.50	59.39	58.0	8.0	5.20	12.13	12	1.6	0.85	2.97
Girls	190	23.7	18.60	29.65	417	50.3	45.12	55.41	220.0	23.3	18.19	29.31	26	2.8	1.61	4.66
School Category																
Primary	169	37.7	29.94	46.25	212	54.5	45.73	62.98	27.0	6.2	4.31	8.97	8	1.5	0.48	4.69
Secondary	256	24.9	20.05	30.56	562	51.5	47.10	55.92	251.0	21.0	17.19	25.38	30	2.5	1.61	4.02

Table 3.3.2: Body weight perception among adolescent by actual BMI for age status (Cont.)

Perceived	Actual overweight															
	Thin				Normal				Overweight				Obese			
	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	53	16.4	11.51	22.82	93	26.2	19.37	34.32	206	51.7	41.98	61.22	26	5.8	3.69	8.96
Locality of school																
Urban	51	16.9	11.76	23.67	84	25.6	18.43	34.39	191	51.7	41.40	61.80	25	5.8	3.66	9.16
Rural	2	9.5	4.06	20.52	9	33.8	29.59	38.37	15	51.5	31.51	71.04	1	5.2	0.92	24.48
Sex																
Boys	35	24.2	17.04	33.23	51	31.9	23.71	41.35	61	40.8	31.51	50.78	5	3.1	1.06	8.74
Girls	18	10.4	6.82	15.41	42	21.7	12.97	34.12	145	60.0	48.16	70.85	21	7.9	4.67	12.94
School Category																
Primary	30	25.0	19.91	30.83	46	36.8	25.62	49.57	39	35.2	24.39	47.82	4	3.0	0.93	9.37
Secondary	23	10.9	6.22	18.41	47	19.4	13.71	26.61	167	62.2	53.82	69.87	22	7.6	4.96	11.36

Table 3.3.2: Body weight perception among adolescent by actual BMI for age status

Perceived	Actual obese															
	Thin				Normal				Overweight				Obese			
	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper	n	%	Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	49	13.9	8.92	21.07	56	16.5	11.15	23.65	195	53.0	46.63	59.29	73	16.6	11.11	24.10
Locality of school																
Urban	48	14.8	9.57	22.27	53	17.2	11.59	24.67	178	52.7	46.07	59.21	61	15.3	9.93	22.88
Rural	1	3.4	0.71	14.54	3	8.5	1.75	32.51	17	56.7	34.50	76.45	12	31.5	18.85	47.58
Sex																
Boys	39	18.7	11.79	28.43	35	18.0	11.25	27.45	106	52.2	42.57	61.61	24	11.1	7.17	16.91
Girls	10	6.5	2.57	15.47	21	14.2	8.39	22.88	89	54.3	47.75	60.69	49	25.0	15.39	38.04
School Category																
Primary	24	14.6	8.16	24.72	36	26.3	17.94	36.74	67	50.2	44.39	56.09	12	8.9	4.67	16.27
Secondary	25	13.4	6.92	24.44	20	9.3	6.24	13.71	128	55.0	45.00	64.64	61	22.2	14.63	32.29

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Table 3.3.3: Action taken according to correctly perceived body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived thin - actual thin									
	Lose weight					Increase weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	9	559	8.3	3.98	16.68	80	4486	66.9	50.42	80.13
Locality of school										
Urban	7	401	6.5	3.14	13.03	73	4148	67.5	49.66	81.38
Rural	2	159	28.6	10.47	57.78	7	338	60.9	26.87	86.82
Sex										
Boys	6	375	10.5	3.71	26.54	40	2484	69.9	54.53	81.88
Girls	3	185	5.9	2.02	15.83	40	2003	63.6	38.34	83.03
School category										
Primary	2	121	4.7	1.43	14.20	18	1228	47.5	28.42	67.35
Secondary	7	439	10.7	4.55	22.99	62	3259	79.1	66.62	87.83

Table 3.3.3: Action taken according to correctly perceived body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived thin - actual thin									
	No action					Maintain body weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	19	1515	22.6	10.03	43.35	2	141	2.1	0.49	8.57
Locality of school										
Urban	18	1457	23.7	10.24	45.81	2	141	2.3	0.53	9.28
Rural	1	59	10.6	4.23	23.96	-	-	-	-	-
Sex										
Boys	7	552	15.5	7.06	30.83	2	141	4.0	0.89	16.01
Girls	12	963	30.6	12.60	57.35	-	-	-	-	-
School category										
Primary	12	1166	45.1	22.37	70.12	1	70	2.7	0.32	19.48
Secondary	7	349	8.5	4.42	15.64	1	71	1.7	0.23	11.97

Table 3.3.3: Action taken according to correctly perceived body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived normal - actual normal									
	Lose weight					Increase weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	211	12047	26.6	21.29	32.65	72	4472	9.9	7.58	12.74
Locality of school										
Urban	190	11067	27.1	21.29	33.86	60	3844	9.4	7.00	12.56
Rural	21	980	21.7	20.19	23.36	12	628	13.9	12.04	16.08
Sex										
Boys	84	5541	24.3	18.96	30.60	51	3559	15.6	11.34	21.13
Girls	127	6507	28.9	21.34	37.81	21	913	4.1	2.39	6.78
School category										
Primary	67	4631	28.7	16.94	44.25	17	1405	8.7	5.39	13.78
Secondary	144	7416	25.4	21.07	30.32	55	3067	10.5	7.67	14.24

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Table 3.3.3: Action taken according to correctly perceived body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived normal - actual normal									
	No action					Maintain body weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	246	13402	29.6	23.85	36.02	244	15399	34.0	27.73	40.84
Locality of school										
Urban	217	11943	29.3	23.12	36.26	217	13958	34.2	27.46	41.64
Rural	29	1459	32.4	21.21	45.97	27	1441	32.0	20.51	46.11
Sex										
Boys	102	5963	26.2	18.65	35.39	119	7726	33.9	27.56	40.88
Girls	144	7439	33.0	27.00	39.65	125	7672	34.1	25.90	43.27
School category										
Primary	48	3400	21.1	12.90	32.48	80	6705	41.5	30.91	53.01
Secondary	198	10001	34.3	28.77	40.24	164	8693	29.8	24.45	35.76

Table 3.3.3: Action taken according to correctly perceived body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived overweight - actual overweight									
	Lose weight					Increase weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	178	9414	87.7	81.12	92.17	3	153	1.4	0.39	5.04
Locality of school										
Urban	166	8809	88.0	80.95	92.74	2	103	1.0	0.21	4.77
Rural	12	605	82.5	77.50	86.65	1	51	6.9	0.78	41.37
Sex										
Boys	50	3124	85.2	74.50	91.95	2	103	2.8	0.60	12.02
Girls	128	6290	88.9	80.20	94.10	1	51	0.7	0.08	6.14
School category										
Primary	30	2359	83.6	67.08	92.72	2	103	3.6	0.71	16.64
Secondary	148	7055	89.1	82.31	93.52	1	51	0.6	0.07	5.47

Table 3.3.3: Action taken according to correctly perceived body weight among adolescents

Characteristic	Perceived overweight - actual overweight									
	No action					Maintain body weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	16	802	7.5	4.30	12.66	7	368	3.4	1.58	7.30
Locality of school										
Urban	15	776	7.8	4.39	13.35	6	317	3.2	1.33	7.39
Rural	1	26	3.6	1.37	8.97	1	51	7.0	2.63	17.11
Sex										
Boys	5	287	7.8	2.79	20.07	3	151	4.1	1.43	11.36
Girls	11	515	7.3	3.75	13.67	4	217	3.1	0.99	9.14
School category										
Primary	3	199	7.0	2.65	17.42	3	162	5.7	1.55	19.01
Secondary	13	603	7.6	3.91	14.32	4	207	2.6	1.11	6.04

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Table 3.3.4: Action taken according to misperception of body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived thin -Actual overweight/obese									
	Lose weight					Increase weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	56	3494	54.2	43.92	64.07	24	1585	24.6	13.88	39.71
Locality of school										
Urban	55	3398	54.3	43.77	64.46	23	1547	24.7	13.81	40.24
Rural	1	96	49.8	22.85	76.86	1	38	19.9	1.16	84.00
Sex										
Boys	37	2391	51.2	41.39	60.88	18	1089	23.3	13.97	36.28
Girls	19	1103	62.0	37.85	81.40	6	496	27.9	10.24	56.71
School category										
Primary	26	1507	44.7	31.07	59.12	13	982	29.1	12.85	53.36
Secondary	30	1987	64.6	53.67	74.15	11	603	19.6	9.79	35.40

Table 3.3.4: Action taken according to misperception of body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Perceived thin -Actual overweight/obese									
	No action					Maintain body weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	17	1045	16.2	10.49	24.17	5	326	5.1	2.57	9.70
Locality of school										
Urban	16	986	15.8	9.99	23.98	5	326	5.2	2.67	9.95
Rural	1	59	30.3	15.41	50.98	-	-	-	-	-
Sex										
Boys	15	926	19.8	13.30	28.51	4	265	5.7	2.48	12.48
Girls	2	119	6.7	2.04	19.70	1	61	3.4	0.44	22.23
School category										
Primary	12	710	21.1	13.01	32.24	3	174	5.2	2.05	12.36
Secondary	5	335	10.9	4.82	22.70	2	152	5.0	1.80	12.89

Table 3.3.4: Action taken according to misperception of body weight among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Actual Normal - Perceived thin/overweight/obese									
	Lose weight					Increase weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	339	17381	42.7	36.34	49.27	203	11884	29.2	24.67	34.14
Locality of school										
Urban	306	15626	43.5	37.09	50.17	179	10333	28.8	23.83	34.29
Rural	33	1755	36.4	20.05	56.74	24	1551	32.2	26.91	38.00
Sex										
Boys	104	5891	31.5	24.87	38.95	114	7089	37.9	31.93	44.25
Girls	235	11491	52.2	46.14	58.18	89	4795	21.8	16.67	27.94
School category										
Primary	79	4894	37.1	24.48	51.67	64	4185	31.7	24.39	39.99
Secondary	260	12487	45.4	38.64	52.30	139	7699	28.0	22.46	34.27

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Table 3.3.4: Action taken according to misperception of body weight among adolescents

Characteristic	Actual Normal - Perceived thin/overweight/obese									
	No action					Maintain body weight				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	134	7893	19.4	14.93	24.78	63	3564	8.8	6.20	12.23
Locality of school										
Urban	117	6855	19.1	14.23	25.12	56	3094	8.6	5.87	12.47
Rural	17	1038	21.6	15.08	29.86	7	471	9.8	5.09	17.96
Sex										
Boys	60	4118	22.0	15.09	30.95	27	1611	8.6	5.48	13.28
Girls	74	3775	17.1	12.86	22.49	36	1954	8.9	6.04	12.85
School category										
Primary	31	2509	19.0	9.61	34.08	28	1621	12.3	7.11	20.35
Secondary	103	5384	19.6	15.59	24.27	35	1944	7.1	4.76	10.36

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Table 3.3.5 : Main factors that motivate to lose body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Health purpose					Beauty purpose				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	710	40272	64.7	58.14	70.76	121	6435	10.3	7.11	14.79
Locality of school										
Urban	650	37146	64.9	57.81	71.47	112	5884	10.3	6.95	14.98
Rural	60	3126	62.0	61.12	62.79	9	550	10.9	3.09	31.97
Sex										
Boys	308	19350	70.0	63.24	75.90	26	1599	5.8	3.09	10.57
Girls	402	20923	60.5	52.54	67.96	95	4836	14.0	9.86	19.47
School category										
Primary	241	15963	73.4	61.78	82.50	27	1971	9.1	3.81	20.03
Secondary	469	24309	60.0	54.68	65.16	94	4464	11.0	7.65	15.63
Class										
Standard 4	90	5714	72.7	56.97	84.27	12	845	10.8	3.77	27.01
Standard 5	73	4400	73.5	59.05	84.23	7	530	8.9	3.55	20.43
Standard 6	78	5849	74.0	64.77	81.54	8	596	7.5	3.56	15.28
Form 1	88	5996	69.5	62.65	75.62	12	770	8.9	5.61	13.91
Form 2	93	5137	63.4	55.97	70.26	14	822	10.1	6.13	16.32
Form 3	106	4476	55.0	46.34	63.31	21	881	10.8	6.36	17.82
Form 4	88	5025	59.1	48.28	69.18	21	1036	12.2	7.49	19.25
Form 5	94	3676	51.6	38.56	64.38	26	955	13.4	8.19	21.16
Ethnicity										
Malay	511	27860	67.1	57.85	75.15	55	2530	6.1	3.54	10.29
Chinese	107	7193	56.4	51.65	61.11	38	2371	18.6	13.60	24.91
Indian	76	4373	64.4	56.24	71.83	25	1358	20.0	14.71	26.62
Bumiputera Sabah	3	149	45.9	12.74	83.15	3	175	54.1	16.85	87.26
Bumiputera Sarawak	8	466	80.2	43.42	95.53	-	-	-	-	-
Others	5	231	87.4	43.69	98.41	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.5 : Main factors that motivate to lose body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	To increase self-confidence					To have more friends				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	271	13457	21.6	16.52	27.77	29	2074	3.3	1.89	5.81
Locality of school										
Urban	244	12202	21.3	15.96	27.92	27	1959	3.4	1.88	6.16
Rural	27	1254	24.9	14.40	39.43	2	115	2.3	1.91	2.72
Sex										
Boys	90	5389	19.5	13.49	27.28	20	1325	4.8	2.73	8.28
Girls	181	8068	23.3	17.71	30.09	9	750	2.2	0.95	4.87
School category										
Primary	39	2465	11.3	7.25	17.29	17	1347	6.2	3.00	12.37
Secondary	232	10991	27.1	21.71	33.36	12	727	1.8	0.97	3.31
Class										
Standard 4	16	892	11.4	4.94	24.00	7	408	5.2	2.95	8.98
Standard 5	10	627	10.5	7.02	15.36	6	428	7.2	3.28	14.89
Standard 6	13	946	12.0	8.12	17.30	4	511	6.5	1.66	22.04
Form 1	26	1664	19.3	14.47	25.25	3	195	2.3	0.89	5.62
Form 2	38	2013	24.9	17.78	33.59	2	129	1.6	0.38	6.46
Form 3	59	2520	31.0	22.98	40.26	5	265	3.3	0.76	12.89
Form 4	43	2297	27.0	17.79	38.80	2	138	1.6	0.38	6.70
Form 5	66	2497	35.0	24.42	47.37	-	-	-	-	-
Ethnicity										
Malay	219	10535	25.4	18.84	33.22	10	610	1.5	0.74	2.88
Chinese	32	1850	14.5	7.81	25.41	17	1331	10.4	6.78	15.74
Indian	18	983	14.5	7.93	24.98	1	74	1.1	0.13	8.51
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	55	9.5	0.87	55.86	1	60	10.3	1.55	45.48
Others	1	33	12.6	1.59	56.31	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.6 : Main factor that motivate to increase body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Health purpose					Beauty purpose				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	230	13183	62.2	56.18	67.81	35	2142	10.1	7.03	14.31
Locality of school										
Urban	201	11697	62.4	56.69	67.86	30	1740	9.3	6.91	12.39
Rural	29	1486	60.1	33.98	81.53	5	402	16.2	4.64	43.57
Sex										
Boys	125	7759	57.6	48.73	65.96	19	1224	9.1	5.27	15.21
Girls	105	5425	70.2	60.78	78.14	16	918	11.9	6.72	20.13
School category										
Primary	62	4301	67.8	59.87	74.79	9	614	9.7	5.91	15.43
Secondary	168	8882	59.8	52.60	66.55	26	1528	10.3	6.43	16.05
Class										
Standard 4	19	1251	61.8	45.75	75.63	3	335	16.5	4.65	44.61
Standard 5	26	1840	71.6	59.42	81.22	6	279	10.9	4.26	25.00
Standard 6	17	1210	69.1	62.45	75.13	-	-	-	-	-
Form 1	24	1628	52.2	32.84	70.90	6	492	15.8	6.24	34.57
Form 2	30	1655	63.9	48.58	76.87	4	236	9.1	2.06	32.20
Form 3	48	2227	68.0	57.80	76.74	3	142	4.3	1.38	12.88
Form 4	26	1586	67.6	49.40	81.70	3	133	5.7	1.12	24.32
Form 5	40	1786	50.6	38.36	62.73	10	525	14.9	6.25	31.36
Ethnicity										
Malay	163	8813	64.4	58.92	69.52	22	1219	8.9	6.23	12.58
Chinese	37	2477	58.2	45.67	69.77	5	379	8.9	3.82	19.44
Indian	26	1663	60.6	47.52	72.30	7	488	17.8	6.30	41.02
Bumiputera Sabah	2	103	40.4	7.06	85.79	1	55	21.7	2.21	77.40
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	64	31.6	3.22	86.51	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1	65	100.0	100.00	100.00	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.6 : Main factor that motivate to increase body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	To increase self-confidence					To have more friends				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	83	4710	22.2	17.69	27.50	18	1170	5.5	3.12	9.58
Locality of school										
Urban	76	4342	23.2	18.35	28.83	15	953	5.1	2.74	9.25
Rural	7	367	14.9	11.93	18.35	3	217	8.8	2.64	25.52
Sex										
Boys	59	3618	26.8	20.11	34.85	13	876	6.5	3.36	12.19
Girls	24	1092	14.1	9.42	20.66	5	294	3.8	1.26	10.97
School category										
Primary	16	1033	16.3	9.36	26.78	7	398	6.3	2.91	13.00
Secondary	67	3677	24.7	19.83	30.42	11	772	5.2	2.39	10.93
Class										
Standard 4	6	331	16.4	7.26	32.85	2	107	5.3	1.41	17.91
Standard 5	4	303	11.8	5.04	25.15	3	149	5.8	1.90	16.42
Standard 6	6	398	22.8	10.89	41.54	2	142	8.1	1.88	28.78
Form 1	9	626	20.1	11.14	33.48	5	373	11.9	5.73	23.25
Form 2	11	579	22.4	9.16	45.11	2	120	4.6	1.12	17.26
Form 3	17	847	25.9	16.77	37.63	1	59	1.8	0.24	12.26
Form 4	8	541	23.0	11.07	41.87	1	86	3.7	0.59	19.58
Form 5	22	1085	30.7	21.07	42.45	2	135	3.8	0.90	14.82
Ethnicity										
Malay	62	3336	24.4	19.60	29.88	5	318	2.3	0.89	5.92
Chinese	15	976	22.9	12.86	37.55	7	422	9.9	4.45	20.67
Indian	5	325	11.8	3.14	35.76	4	268	9.8	4.22	21.04
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	1	96	37.9	4.85	87.93
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	73	35.9	3.88	88.60	1	66	32.5	3.35	87.01
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.7 : Preferred option to lose body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Exercise					Reduce consumption of high fat foods				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	614	35233	56.1	51.40	60.67	299	15743	25.1	21.18	29.39
Locality of school										
Urban	561	32494	56.5	51.47	61.36	272	14490	25.2	20.99	29.90
Rural	53	2739	51.9	42.56	61.02	27	1253	23.7	19.32	28.78
Sex										
Boys	293	18255	65.2	59.67	70.27	82	5095	18.2	13.70	23.74
Girls	321	16977	48.8	43.16	54.45	217	10647	30.6	26.51	35.01
School category										
Primary	197	13046	59.4	51.82	66.63	63	4340	19.8	13.04	28.82
Secondary	417	22186	54.3	48.72	59.76	236	11403	27.9	24.31	31.80
Class										
Standard 4	85	5592	71.4	55.89	83.05	17	968	12.3	6.61	21.91
Standard 5	51	2853	45.9	28.71	64.21	23	1648	26.5	15.03	42.43
Standard 6	61	4601	58.2	54.29	62.06	23	1724	21.8	14.29	31.85
Form 1	83	5688	64.7	54.68	73.63	26	1603	18.2	12.12	26.51
Form 2	90	4985	60.7	53.65	67.25	38	2145	26.1	20.23	32.97
Form 3	100	4323	54.1	45.44	62.45	48	2080	26.0	19.47	33.85
Form 4	69	4012	46.6	37.53	55.88	60	3225	37.4	29.27	46.41
Form 5	75	3178	43.8	31.17	57.30	64	2350	32.4	27.24	38.01
Ethnicity										
Malay	427	23655	56.7	50.21	62.97	220	11222	26.9	22.81	31.42
Chinese	118	7530	57.6	47.93	66.73	33	2205	16.9	11.28	24.46
Indian	60	3576	51.7	45.08	58.35	39	1966	28.4	22.16	35.68
Bumiputera Sabah	3	168	62.8	18.97	92.41	2	100	37.2	7.59	81.03
Bumiputera Sarawak	4	223	38.4	15.22	68.33	2	106	18.3	7.70	37.43
Others	2	81	30.5	5.92	75.39	3	145	54.7	28.79	78.27

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Table 3.3.7 : Preferred option to lose body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Reduce intake of high sugar foods					Increase intake of fruits & vegetables				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	54	2925	4.7	3.30	6.53	74	4142	6.6	4.88	8.85
Locality of school										
Urban	51	2740	4.8	3.33	6.76	62	3441	6.0	4.45	7.99
Rural	3	185	3.5	1.13	10.30	12	701	13.3	6.44	25.41
Sex										
Boys	22	1534	5.5	2.87	10.20	25	1484	5.3	2.86	9.60
Girls	32	1391	4.0	3.03	5.25	49	2658	7.6	5.44	10.63
School category										
Primary	22	1534	7.0	4.62	10.44	31	2012	9.2	7.12	11.73
Secondary	32	1391	3.4	2.16	5.32	43	2130	5.2	3.34	8.04
Class										
Standard 4	10	556	7.1	4.22	11.70	10	563	7.2	4.35	11.63
Standard 5	9	581	9.4	5.37	15.82	9	594	9.6	5.47	16.21
Standard 6	3	396	5.0	1.15	19.24	12	855	10.8	5.81	19.26
Form 1	4	287	3.3	1.13	9.07	9	595	6.8	2.34	18.05
Form 2	2	118	1.4	0.37	5.36	5	293	3.6	1.40	8.77
Form 3	10	408	5.1	2.58	9.85	11	508	6.4	3.19	12.27
Form 4	3	140	1.6	0.35	7.30	6	298	3.5	1.34	8.66
Form 5	13	437	6.0	3.58	9.97	12	436	6.0	3.16	11.15
Ethnicity										
Malay	36	1651	4.0	2.93	5.33	43	2225	5.3	3.90	7.25
Chinese	14	1015	7.8	4.28	13.67	23	1453	11.1	6.18	19.19
Indian	4	259	3.8	1.28	10.50	5	267	3.9	2.14	6.88
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	3	197	33.9	7.46	76.50
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.7 : Preferred option to lose body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Skip main meals					Consume dieting pills/use slimming cream				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	29	1657	2.6	1.65	4.20	9	454	0.7	0.37	1.40
Locality of school										
Urban	25	1403	2.4	1.48	4.00	7	353	0.6	0.31	1.21
Rural	4	254	4.8	1.60	13.61	2	101	1.9	0.42	8.22
Sex										
Boys	11	757	2.7	1.29	5.55	4	209	0.7	0.28	1.96
Girls	18	900	2.6	1.26	5.24	5	245	0.7	0.27	1.82
School category										
Primary	6	476	2.2	0.78	5.90	4	237	1.1	0.66	1.77
Secondary	23	1181	2.9	1.77	4.70	5	217	0.5	0.16	1.71
Class										
Standard 4	-	-	-	-	-	2	109	1.4	0.36	5.15
Standard 5	4	303	4.9	1.75	12.85	1	45	0.7	0.10	4.89
Standard 6	2	173	2.2	0.24	16.97	1	84	1.1	0.17	6.29
Form 1	5	350	4.0	1.82	8.47	-	-	-	-	-
Form 2	1	58	0.7	0.09	5.30	1	48	0.6	0.07	4.64
Form 3	6	226	2.8	1.14	6.82	1	52	0.6	0.08	5.18
Form 4	8	459	5.3	2.75	10.07	1	53	0.6	0.07	4.86
Form 5	3	88	1.2	0.15	9.29	2	64	0.9	0.16	4.74
Ethnicity										
Malay	17	768	1.8	0.98	3.45	5	210	0.5	0.15	1.64
Chinese	6	522	4.0	2.28	6.91	1	49	0.4	0.06	2.36
Indian	6	366	5.3	2.73	10.04	3	195	2.8	0.69	10.89
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.7 : Preferred option to lose body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Fasting					Professional advise				
	Unweighted count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	51	2114	3.4	1.75	6.38	11	549	0.9	0.39	1.92
Locality of school										
Urban	50	2065	3.6	1.85	6.87	11	549	1.0	0.43	2.08
Rural	1	48	0.9	0.20	4.02	-	-	-	-	-
Sex										
Boys	7	335	1.2	0.48	2.96	6	348	1.2	0.45	3.42
Girls	44	1779	5.1	2.69	9.52	5	201	0.6	0.26	1.28
School category										
Primary	4	215	1.0	0.39	2.45	2	89	0.4	0.05	3.12
Secondary	47	1899	4.6	2.40	8.82	9	460	1.1	0.50	2.51
Class										
Standard 4	-	-	-	-	-	1	49	0.6	0.08	4.73
Standard 5	3	146	2.3	0.63	8.29	1	40	0.6	0.08	5.13
Standard 6	1	69	0.9	0.11	6.63	-	-	-	-	-
Form 1	3	191	2.2	0.82	5.63	1	74	0.8	0.11	6.28
Form 2	10	455	5.5	1.83	15.51	2	116	1.4	0.33	5.79
Form 3	9	333	4.2	2.18	7.83	2	64	0.8	0.11	5.56
Form 4	7	334	3.9	1.27	11.28	2	90	1.0	0.25	4.22
Form 5	18	585	8.1	2.93	20.33	2	115	1.6	0.39	6.32
Ethnicity										
Malay	42	1647	3.9	1.77	8.57	7	342	0.8	0.30	2.21
Chinese	4	209	1.6	0.65	3.88	2	89	0.7	0.11	4.26
Indian	3	164	2.4	0.74	7.35	2	118	1.7	0.41	6.78
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	55	9.5	0.87	55.86	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1	39	14.8	3.14	48.16	-	-	-	-	-

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Table 3.3.8 : Preferred option to increase body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont..)

Characteristics	Increase quantity of food					Taking supplement				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	212	11998	53.1	45.19	60.84	97	6067	26.8	21.86	32.50
Locality of school										
Urban	187	10565	53.0	44.47	61.33	83	5320	26.7	21.09	33.13
Rural	25	1433	53.9	33.67	72.96	14	747	28.1	26.72	29.57
Sex										
Boys	117	7342	51.1	42.41	59.76	61	3843	26.8	21.19	33.18
Girls	95	4656	56.5	45.70	66.78	36	2224	27.0	19.52	36.06
School category										
Primary	47	3310	44.3	34.97	53.97	32	2408	32.2	24.72	40.71
Secondary	165	8688	57.5	47.31	67.02	65	3659	24.2	18.52	30.96
Class										
Standard 4	12	687	24.9	12.35	43.82	15	1191	43.1	26.70	61.22
Standard 5	20	1567	52.8	32.61	72.13	10	738	24.9	13.49	41.26
Standard 6	15	1055	60.3	35.13	80.99	7	479	27.4	13.23	48.27
Form 1	23	1650	50.8	29.13	72.12	10	701	21.6	10.44	39.30
Form 2	26	1457	55.9	35.71	74.31	14	771	29.6	18.32	44.05
Form 3	48	2226	66.5	52.53	78.07	15	727	21.7	12.14	35.74
Form 4	25	1487	63.4	47.17	77.01	6	434	18.5	10.19	31.24
Form 5	43	1868	52.4	41.08	63.40	20	1026	28.8	18.01	42.60
Ethnicity										
Malay	154	7995	56.3	45.84	66.19	63	3618	25.5	20.69	30.92
Chinese	38	2797	54.9	46.89	62.65	17	1228	24.1	17.55	32.12
Indian	18	1087	40.2	29.12	52.43	12	915	33.9	17.25	55.69
Bumiputera Sabah	1	55	16.8	1.49	73.07	3	177	53.8	24.67	80.57
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	64	31.6	3.22	86.51	1	66	32.5	3.35	87.01
Others	-	-	-	-	-	1	65	100.0	100.00	100.00

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Table 3.3.8 : Preferred option to increase body weight among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Take high calorie foods					Others				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	48	2781	12.3	8.83	16.91	27	1752	7.8	4.85	12.16
Locality of school										
Urban	43	2428	12.2	8.64	16.89	25	1628	8.2	4.98	13.11
Rural	5	353	13.3	4.24	34.69	2	124	4.6	1.55	13.11
Sex										
Boys	33	1959	13.6	9.86	18.58	17	1218	8.5	5.04	13.91
Girls	15	822	10.0	5.28	18.08	10	534	6.5	3.06	13.22
School category										
Primary	15	806	10.8	4.62	23.15	15	954	12.8	6.85	22.55
Secondary	33	1975	13.1	9.59	17.54	12	797	5.3	3.05	8.98
Class										
Standard 4	4	236	8.6	1.92	30.96	9	646	23.4	10.13	45.33
Standard 5	9	424	14.3	3.95	40.33	5	238	8.0	2.77	21.14
Standard 6	2	146	8.3	2.76	22.52	1	70	4.0	0.50	25.47
Form 1	6	433	13.3	6.82	24.41	6	466	14.3	7.47	25.81
Form 2	6	330	12.7	4.53	30.72	1	48	1.8	0.21	14.19
Form 3	7	344	10.3	4.72	20.92	1	51	1.5	0.20	10.61
Form 4	7	425	18.1	10.09	30.42	-	-	-	-	-
Form 5	7	442	12.4	7.65	19.43	4	232	6.5	2.64	15.14
Ethnicity										
Malay	33	1861	13.1	9.24	18.25	12	731	5.1	2.57	10.04
Chinese	6	328	6.4	1.92	19.42	11	743	14.6	8.33	24.30
Indian	8	496	18.4	9.08	33.60	3	204	7.6	1.92	25.53
Bumiputera Sabah	1	96	29.3	7.12	69.22	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	1	73	35.9	3.88	88.60
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

3.4 Meal pattern among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Negeri Sembilan

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3.4.1 Introduction

The term ‘meal patterns’ is often used to describe individuals’ eating patterns at the level of a ‘meal’, such as a main meal (for example, breakfast, lunch or dinner) or a smaller-sized meal (for example, supper or snack). It also can be described in three constructs, which is patterning (frequency, spacing, regularity, skipping, timing), format (types of food combinations, sequencing of foods, nutrient profile/content); and context (eating with others or with the family, eating in front of the television or out of the home). Understanding the ways in which different meal patterns make an impact on diet quality is very important as it believed to affect the growth of the individual and elucidate important diet–disease relationships, especially among adolescents. Therefore, meal pattern based approach could complement current nutrition advice to enhance healthy eating campaign strategies.

3.4.2 Objective

General objective:

To determine the meal pattern of adolescent in Negeri Sembilan (Primary 4 to Secondary 5).

Specific objective:

- To determine the prevalence consumption of individual main meals (breakfast, lunch, dinner) and intermeal (during recess, afternoon tea and heavy meal after dinner).
- To identify the sources of food and/or drink consume for main meals (breakfast, lunch, dinner) and intermeals (during recess, afternoon tea and heavy meal after dinner).
- To identify reasons for skipping main meals (breakfast, lunch and dinner).
- To determine the prevalence of practice bringing food or drinks to school.
- To identify common type of food or drink brought to school.
- To determine the prevalence of eating out in adolescents.
- To determine the prevalence of snacking and practice of buying snack out of school area.
- To identify common type of snack consumed and bought out of school area.
- To identify source of media that affect meal pattern among adolescents.

3.4.3 Variable Definition

- **Main meal:** the traditional meal; breakfast, lunch, dinner.
- **Breakfast:** defined as the first food taken after waking from sleep, food intake in the early morning, between 6.00 am to 8.00 am.
- **Lunch:** defined as foods consumed or meal between 11.00 am to 3.00 pm.
- **Dinner:** defined as foods consumed or meal between 6.00 pm to 10.00 pm.
- **Afternoon tea:** defined as food and/ or drinks taken between lunch and dinner, between 3.00 pm to 6.00 pm.
- **Heavy meal after dinner:** food taken at night after the dinner after 10.00 pm. Examples of foods that are considered heavy meal is high calorie food such as *nasi lemak, roti canai, fried mee, burger, fried chicken* and so on. It does not include two small snacks like crackers and/or a glass of milk.
- **Skipping meal:** the omission or lack of consumption of one or more of the traditional main meals (breakfast, lunch or dinner) throughout the day.
- **Dieting:** to limit food intake in terms of the amount of frequency of eating for weight loss purposes.
- **Fast food:** meant in this question, including ready-to-eat food. Ready-to-eat foods are foods that can be eaten immediately after purchase. It consists of cooked food, food either hot or cold foods and foods that can be eaten without further cooking or heating.
- **Snacking:** consumption of energy outside of traditional meals such as breakfast, lunch, and dinner.
- **Eating during school break time:** Eating time between the intervals of classes after school started.
- **Eating out:** either eating at restaurant or hawker stall and does not includes buying outside food and eat it at home.
- **Snack food:** snack food such as bun, biscuits, fruits, nuts, crackers, ice cream, junk foods, pickles, flavored/carbonated drink, fries/ nugget/sausage, candy or chocolate.

3.4.4 Findings

This module was responded by 2,428 respondents that represent 139,055 adolescents aged 10 to 17 years old in Negeri Sembilan. There were about 37.3% (95% CI: 30.82, 44.36), 51.8% (95% CI: 45.53, 58.06) and 58.1% (95% CI: 50.31, 65.55) adolescents who took breakfast, lunch and dinner everyday, respectively. Most of them had their breakfast and dinner from home-prepared meals. It was reported 59.5% (95% CI: 52.79, 65.79) consumed lunch at home, while 24.6% (95% CI: 19.84, 29.97) consumed lunch from school canteen. No appetite was a major concern why adolescents in Negeri Sembilan skip main meals. More than half of the students reported that they took meal during daily recess time and the main source of the meal was from school canteen (68.5% (95% CI: 62.11, 74.29)), while 24.0% (95% CI: 18.50, 30.53) bought foods from home. There was 7.5% (95% CI: 6.38, 8.70) of adolescents who had heavy meal after dinner everyday. Meanwhile, 66.6% (95% CI: 62.19, 70.76) of adolescents in Negeri Sembilan had heavy meal after dinner at least once a week and remaining 25.9% (95% CI: 21.88, 30.44) never took heavy supper. It was indicated that 81.1% (95% CI: 76.51, 84.96) adolescents consumed fast food at least one time in a week and 1.8% (95% CI: 1.06, 2.91) took fast foods in daily basis. During the school day, 12.5% (95% CI: 9.91, 15.59) and 44.6% (95% CI: 38.67, 50.67) of the adolescents brought foods and drinks to school respectively. The most foods brought to school were bread/ bun/ sandwich (36.5% (95% CI: 27.02, 47.07)), followed by nasi lemak/ fried rice/ mixed rice (35.9% (95% CI: 28.99, 43.35)). Meanwhile, plain water was the most commonly consumed drinks brought to school among adolescents. More than half of the students spent their pocket money to buy foods and/ or drinks. In term of eating out frequency, 72.6% (95% CI: 69.24, 75.73) of the adolescents ate out at least one to three times per week, and 3.7% (95% CI: 2.73, 5.04) had eating out seven times or more in a week. About 33.5% (95% CI: 29.20, 38.18) of the adolescents in Negeri Sembilan took bread/ bun/ sandwich as snack and most of them had snack foods one to three times in a week. On the other hand, 23.6% (95% CI: 18.47, 29.62) and 17.6% (95% CI: 13.91, 22.08) of the students bought flavoured/ carbonated drinks and french fries/ nugget/ sausage outside school perimeters at least one time in a week, respectively. The analysis also revealed that 35.5% (95% CI: 30.34, 41.01) and 29.4% (95% CI: 24.86, 34.47) of the adolescents reported that social media and television are the media that influenced their eating habits the most.

3.4.5 Discussions/Conclusion

The prevalence of having breakfast among the adolescents in Negeri Sembilan was low and no appetite was commonly reported as a reason for them to skip meal. Therefore, further study should be conducted to understand the behaviour of skipping meals among adolescents. Meanwhile, the prevalence of having meal after dinner and consumption of fast foods was quite alarming among those consuming at least once in a week. The frequency of the students buying foods and drinks outside the school perimeters would be a concern, since the analysis showed that unhealthy foods and drinks such as nugget and carbonated drinks

can be accessed outside the school premise. Social media and television would be the best platform to influence the adolescents in practising healthy eating in their daily life.

3.4.6 Recommendation

Taken together from the survey, several recommendations were proposed. Advocacy on proper meal pattern practice among adolescent is crucial therefore, a holistic and comprehensive nutrition intervention should be implemented nation-wide, where every stakeholders must work together. Current adolescent is the future adult, thus healthier adolescent generation is warranted for a healthier nation. As most of the adolescents are school-aged individuals, therefore, more health promotion such as healthy eating habits in house, school and eating out must be addressed systematically. Positive behavioural changes on dietary pattern need a longer time but the support and intervention must be continuous. Ministry of Health and Ministry of Education together with support and cooperation from Parents and Teacher Association and also professional bodies (Nutrition Society of Malaysia, Malaysian Dietitians' Association, Malaysian Association for the Study of Obesity), that are related to diet and lifestyle should work hand-in-hand to educate and empower the adolescent on proper nutrition intakes daily especially on main meals.

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Table 3.4.1 : Prevalence of breakfast per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Breakfast frequency per week									
	Daily (7 days)					1 to 6 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	875	51886	37.3	30.82	44.36	1308	73748	53.1	46.84	59.21
Locality of school										
Urban	790	47334	37.8	30.70	45.48	1173	66030	52.7	46.14	59.26
Rural	85	4552	33.1	25.94	41.06	135	7718	56.1	39.28	71.58
Sex										
Boys	401	25874	37.0	30.29	44.32	603	37410	53.5	47.24	59.74
Girls	474	26012	37.6	30.31	45.60	705	36339	52.6	45.34	59.74
Ethnicity										
Malay	477	24849	30.0	25.71	34.57	928	49493	59.7	54.98	64.16
Chinese	285	20457	53.7	47.07	60.20	216	14435	37.9	32.73	43.34
Indian	98	5763	37.7	27.81	48.77	137	8215	53.8	41.26	65.83
Bumiputera Sabah	1	74	8.8	1.31	41.43	11	627	74.7	46.18	91.08
Bumiputera Sarawak	9	529	48.0	26.75	69.93	8	521	47.3	27.64	67.80
Others	5	215	31.9	11.01	63.94	8	458	68.1	36.06	88.99
School level										
Primary school	300	22766	45.0	32.17	58.45	377	24791	49.0	35.80	62.26
Secondary school	575	29120	33.0	27.88	38.50	931	48957	55.4	50.29	60.47
Class										
Standard 4	104	7049	41.1	31.27	51.69	140	8884	51.8	40.26	63.14
Standard 5	104	7546	45.6	30.95	60.96	128	8015	48.4	35.00	62.00
Standard 6	92	8171	48.3	29.19	67.88	109	7892	46.6	28.07	66.18
Form 1	90	5909	31.6	21.77	43.52	155	10666	57.1	47.48	66.26
Form 2	133	7361	41.5	30.38	53.64	147	8270	46.7	36.29	57.35
Form 3	137	5845	33.4	26.41	41.21	213	9516	54.4	46.91	61.65
Form 4	73	4179	24.8	18.36	32.58	181	10180	60.4	52.98	67.37
Form 5	142	5826	33.2	25.79	41.46	235	10325	58.8	51.84	65.37
School session										
Morning session	526	33949	40.0	31.47	49.09	731	42780	50.3	42.50	58.18
Evening session	12	915	25.8	15.41	39.87	39	2485	70.0	57.61	80.08
Morning and evening session	337	17023	33.9	29.37	38.69	535	28296	56.3	51.18	61.31
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	58	3728	38.0	30.00	46.67	84	5313	54.1	46.21	61.85
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	550	33022	38.3	30.33	46.96	818	45216	52.4	44.39	60.38
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	137	7621	36.5	30.40	43.01	201	11238	53.8	47.89	59.56
Obese (>+2sd)	127	7358	34.0	28.47	39.91	201	11779	54.4	49.44	59.20
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	64	3365	36.8	28.31	46.30	96	4895	53.6	44.45	62.53
Normal (≥-2sd)	810	48489	37.4	30.65	44.65	1210	68772	53.0	46.55	59.39

Table 3.4.1 : Prevalence of breakfast per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

	Did not take breakfast				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	243	13319	9.6	7.80	11.72
Locality of school					
Urban	211	11824	9.4	7.70	11.54
Rural	32	1495	10.9	4.53	23.83
Sex					
Boys	105	6579	9.4	7.62	11.58
Girls	138	6740	9.8	7.30	12.93
Ethnicity					
Malay	168	8625	10.4	7.94	13.51
Chinese	50	3204	8.4	6.18	11.34
Indian	22	1300	8.5	5.04	14.03
Bumiputera Sabah	2	138	16.4	3.45	51.97
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	52	4.8	0.49	33.64
Others					
School level					
Primary school	45	3085	6.1	5.00	7.40
Secondary school	198	10235	11.6	9.63	13.88
Class					
Standard 4	19	1220	7.1	4.47	11.13
Standard 5	14	1004	6.1	3.79	9.57
Standard 6	12	860	5.1	2.41	10.40
Form 1	30	2097	11.2	7.28	16.92
Form 2	39	2088	11.8	8.43	16.23
Form 3	49	2138	12.2	8.32	17.58
Form 4	44	2495	14.8	11.05	19.55
Form 5	36	1417	8.1	5.17	12.37
School session					
Morning session	148	8237	9.7	7.59	12.30
Evening session	2	148	4.2	1.13	14.23
Morning and evening session	93	4934	9.8	7.01	13.59
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	15	775	7.9	4.10	14.64
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	144	7976	9.3	7.39	11.52
Overweight ($>$ +1sd - \leq +2sd)	39	2037	9.7	6.57	14.23
Obese ($>$ +2sd)	45	2531	11.7	9.27	14.62
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	19	871	9.5	5.01	17.41
Normal (\geq -2sd)	224	12448	9.6	7.91	11.60

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Table 3.4.2 : Source of food for breakfast among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

	Prepared at home					School canteen				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	1474	88048	70.7	63.53	77.01	371	20830	16.7	13.16	21.04
Locality of school										
Urban	1331	79778	71.0	63.10	77.83	332	18936	16.9	12.97	21.62
Rural	143	8270	68.0	57.29	77.10	39	1894	15.6	11.02	21.55
Sex										
Boys	692	44127	70.7	65.64	75.24	181	11298	18.1	14.30	22.63
Girls	782	43921	70.8	58.70	80.48	190	9532	15.4	11.24	20.63
Ethnicity										
Malay	897	49657	67.2	56.67	76.24	245	12546	17.0	12.23	23.08
Chinese	370	26255	76.3	70.35	81.43	81	5566	16.2	13.15	19.76
Indian	180	10587	76.5	66.49	84.16	38	2326	16.8	10.07	26.69
Bumiputera Sabah	9	534	76.2	42.84	93.18	1	55	7.9	1.02	41.59
Bumiputera Sarawak	10	585	55.8	39.01	71.28	5	303	28.9	14.52	49.30
Others	8	431	70.1	42.51	88.18	1	33	5.4	0.62	34.44
School level										
Primary school	486	35506	75.7	66.89	82.78	133	8418	18.0	12.92	24.39
Secondary school	988	52542	67.7	57.95	76.13	238	12412	16.0	11.42	21.95
Class										
Standard 4	169	11316	72.3	65.03	78.62	52	3301	21.1	16.46	26.64
Standard 5	161	11225	73.0	58.61	83.73	53	3162	20.6	12.26	32.39
Standard 6	156	12965	81.7	69.78	89.60	28	1955	12.3	7.46	19.67
Form 1	164	10896	66.3	56.58	74.85	49	3496	21.3	12.43	33.98
Form 2	212	11927	76.3	68.21	82.86	29	1588	10.2	6.19	16.22
Form 3	240	10501	69.5	57.37	79.43	49	2232	14.8	8.86	23.62
Form 4	165	9510	66.2	47.96	80.67	35	2053	14.3	8.84	22.31
Form 5	207	9708	60.4	37.74	79.31	76	3043	18.9	10.85	30.93
School session										
Morning session	947	59382	77.9	72.25	82.63	176	10287	13.5	10.06	17.86
Evening session	28	1641	49.6	23.14	76.23	15	1126	34.0	19.36	52.51
Morning and evening session	496	26837	60.0	47.10	71.61	180	9417	21.0	15.20	28.39
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	100	6596	75.5	65.26	83.50	25	1362	15.6	9.02	25.62
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	916	54716	70.2	61.77	77.45	239	13015	16.7	12.65	21.72
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	238	13468	72.2	64.23	78.92	44	2797	15.0	9.93	21.99
Obese (>+2sd)	217	13104	69.5	61.21	76.71	61	3542	18.8	12.74	26.83
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	100	5310	64.8	55.01	73.54	40	1927	23.5	15.08	34.77
Normal (≥-2sd)	1372	82657	71.1	63.79	77.51	331	18903	16.3	12.81	20.44

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Table 3.4.2 : Source of food for breakfast among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Source of food for breakfast									
	Restaurant/ kiosk					Hostel				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	98	5603	4.5	3.28	6.15	187	8206	6.6	2.77	14.86
Locality of school										
Urban	79	4408	3.9	2.96	5.19	172	7538	6.7	2.65	15.96
Rural	19	1194	9.8	6.48	14.62	15	668	5.5	0.82	28.98
Sex										
Boys	62	3779	6.1	4.27	8.52	41	2332	3.7	1.73	7.90
Girls	36	1824	2.9	1.78	4.81	146	5874	9.5	3.33	24.07
Ethnicity										
Malay	52	2721	3.7	2.59	5.21	181	7867	10.6	4.57	22.88
Chinese	31	1914	5.6	3.46	8.83	2	115	0.3	0.10	1.09
Indian	13	843	6.1	2.87	12.44					
Bumiputera Sabah	1	64	9.1	0.98	50.19	1	48	6.9	0.73	42.55
Bumiputera Sarawak						1	88	8.4	1.00	45.56
Others	1	62	10.2	1.46	46.37	2	88	14.3	3.71	41.75
School level										
Primary school	33	2115	4.5	2.80	7.19	5	277	0.6	0.20	1.75
Secondary school	65	3488	4.5	2.95	6.78	182	7929	10.2	4.44	21.81
Class										
Standard 4	10	580	3.7	1.97	6.88	4	232	1.5	0.58	3.73
Standard 5	10	641	4.2	2.69	6.40	1	45	0.3	0.04	2.20
Standard 6	13	894	5.6	2.67	11.49					
Form 1	8	643	3.9	1.48	9.97	20	1279	7.8	3.31	17.23
Form 2	13	772	4.9	2.08	11.29	23	1160	7.4	2.46	20.33
Form 3	18	855	5.7	3.79	8.38	30	1168	7.7	3.14	17.77
Form 4	11	545	3.8	1.79	7.90	37	1911	13.3	3.21	41.52
Form 5	15	671	4.2	1.92	8.85	72	2411	15.0	5.02	37.04
School session										
Morning session	54	3041	4.0	2.49	6.33	52	2550	3.3	1.59	6.90
Evening session	6	492	14.9	5.44	34.59					
Morning and evening session	38	2070	4.6	3.06	6.93	135	5656	12.6	4.59	30.33
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	431	4.9	2.11	11.08	2	77	0.9	0.17	4.38
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	58	3255	4.2	2.70	6.40	125	5700	7.3	3.09	16.34
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	16	834	4.5	2.62	7.54	32	1306	7.0	2.85	16.17
Obese (>+2sd)	17	1083	5.7	3.12	10.34	27	1090	5.8	2.19	14.41
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	7	380	4.6	1.81	11.37	10	467	5.7	1.81	16.54
Normal (≥-2sd)	91	5223	4.5	3.20	6.27	176	7707	6.6	2.76	15.08

Table 3.4.2 : Source of food for breakfast among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Source of food for breakfast				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	Others	
				95% CI Lower	95% CI Upper
Negeri Sembilan	35	1814	1.5	1.02	2.08
Locality of school					
Urban	33	1679	1.5	1.03	2.17
Rural	2	135	1.1	0.33	3.62
Sex					
Boys	16	902	1.4	0.92	2.26
Girls	19	912	1.5	0.88	2.46
Ethnicity					
Malay	22	1106	1.5	0.93	2.40
Chinese	10	544	1.6	0.71	3.49
Indian	2	92	0.7	0.25	1.74
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	73	6.9	0.71	43.49
Others					
School level					
Primary school	11	582	1.2	0.58	2.63
Secondary school	24	1232	1.6	1.10	2.29
Class					
Standard 4	4	213	1.4	0.53	3.47
Standard 5	6	311	2.0	0.74	5.42
Standard 6	1	58	0.4	0.05	2.56
Form 1	2	115	0.7	0.18	2.69
Form 2	3	183	1.2	0.29	4.61
Form 3	8	351	2.3	0.94	5.63
Form 4	6	339	2.4	0.90	6.02
Form 5	5	244	1.5	0.65	3.50
School session					
Morning session	19	995	1.3	0.73	2.33
Evening session	1	52	1.6	0.15	14.85
Morning and evening session	15	767	1.7	1.02	2.87
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	5	269	3.1	1.07	8.58
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	24	1257	1.6	1.05	2.47
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	5	256	1.4	0.61	3.07
Obese (>+2sd)	1	32	0.2	0.02	1.43
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	2	106	1.3	0.29	5.70
Normal (≥-2sd)	33	1708	1.5	1.02	2.12

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Table 3.4.3 : Reasons for skipping breakfast among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Reasons for skipping breakfast									
	No food available					No appetite				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	122	6724	8.9	7.12	11.01	566	32576	43.0	38.64	47.47
Locality of school										
Urban	110	6093	8.9	7.02	11.35	506	29292	43.0	38.25	47.93
Rural	12	631	8.2	7.84	8.61	60	3285	42.7	35.48	50.33
Sex										
Boys	60	3642	9.5	7.15	12.49	244	15326	39.9	34.90	45.23
Girls	62	3082	8.2	6.03	11.17	322	17250	46.1	40.70	51.64
Ethnicity										
Malay	91	4839	9.0	7.07	11.43	420	22764	42.4	37.17	47.85
Chinese	19	1107	8.2	4.02	15.90	83	6172	45.6	33.42	58.25
Indian	8	516	7.5	4.56	12.02	51	3015	43.6	32.07	55.93
Bumiputera Sabah	2	131	18.6	3.65	57.86	6	321	45.4	21.64	71.43
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	55	11.4	1.28	56.20	3	180	37.2	10.92	74.07
Others	1	74	16.1	3.66	49.34	3	124	27.2	5.37	71.03
School level										
Primary school	27	1570	6.9	4.38	10.63	169	11627	50.9	44.61	57.12
Secondary school	95	5154	9.7	7.70	12.25	397	20950	39.6	35.30	44.05
Class										
Standard 4	17	956	11.3	6.99	17.89	57	3777	44.8	38.66	51.12
Standard 5	5	260	3.8	1.77	8.09	58	3893	57.3	48.09	66.00
Standard 6	5	354	4.6	3.56	6.04	54	3957	51.9	44.60	59.09
Form 1	17	1154	10.1	5.94	16.73	66	4453	39.1	31.96	46.64
Form 2	22	1224	13.9	9.40	20.08	66	3813	43.3	33.50	53.67
Form 3	20	909	8.7	6.24	11.90	96	4283	40.8	33.87	48.17
Form 4	21	1167	10.3	6.08	17.04	87	4831	42.8	31.51	54.83
Form 5	15	699	6.4	3.36	11.86	82	3570	32.7	25.64	40.61
School session										
Morning session	63	3465	8.0	6.12	10.48	334	19418	45.0	41.15	48.97
Evening session	6	391	16.7	5.34	41.57	17	1144	48.9	31.24	66.88
Morning and evening session	53	2869	9.5	7.23	12.41	215	12014	39.8	33.31	46.72
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	10	518	10.0	5.34	18.05	34	2056	39.8	29.22	51.41
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	82	4533	9.9	7.76	12.48	364	20732	45.1	39.64	50.76
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	12	662	5.6	3.16	9.72	93	5275	44.6	38.16	51.18
Obese (>+2sd)	18	1011	8.0	4.99	12.58	73	4407	34.9	26.30	44.57
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	6	277	5.2	1.92	13.32	55	2903	54.4	45.07	63.49
Normal (≥-2sd)	115	6397	9.1	7.26	11.34	511	29674	42.2	37.83	46.66

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Table 3.4.3 : Reasons for skipping breakfast among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics nutritional status (Cont..)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Reasons for skipping breakfast									
	No time					On diet/ control body weight				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	460	24988	33.0	29.72	36.41	76	4232	5.6	4.21	7.37
Locality of school										
Urban	419	22834	33.5	30.03	37.24	66	3568	5.2	3.99	6.86
Rural	41	2153	28.0	24.82	31.46	10	663	8.6	3.77	18.56
Sex										
Boys	212	12998	33.9	29.61	38.43	33	2074	5.4	3.10	9.26
Girls	248	11989	32.1	28.63	35.68	43	2158	5.8	4.27	7.75
Ethnicity										
Malay	354	18365	34.2	30.15	38.55	48	2599	4.8	3.53	6.61
Chinese	63	3971	29.3	20.28	40.32	12	712	5.3	2.38	11.18
Indian	34	2121	30.7	22.63	40.17	14	783	11.3	8.09	15.67
Bumiputera Sabah	3	159	22.4	7.79	49.77					
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	177	36.4	10.60	73.47	1	73	15.0	1.74	63.66
Others	3	195	42.6	16.12	74.12	1	65	14.1	1.38	65.81
School level										
Primary school	99	6617	29.0	25.77	32.37	24	1413	6.2	3.62	10.38
Secondary school	361	18370	34.7	30.56	39.12	52	2818	5.3	3.84	7.34
Class										
Standard 4	34	2261	26.8	21.07	33.47	11	630	7.5	3.66	14.69
Standard 5	26	1620	23.8	18.43	30.25	8	426	6.3	2.08	17.41
Standard 6	39	2737	35.9	29.64	42.63	5	357	4.7	1.22	16.39
Form 1	57	3961	34.7	27.76	42.46	12	832	7.3	4.46	11.72
Form 2	52	2649	30.1	20.44	41.86	6	390	4.4	2.05	9.29
Form 3	86	3807	36.3	29.59	43.58	12	550	5.2	3.06	8.86
Form 4	60	3429	30.4	23.52	38.20	10	540	4.8	3.06	7.39
Form 5	106	4524	41.4	34.38	48.83	12	506	4.6	2.93	7.26
School session										
Morning session	244	13947	32.3	29.25	35.59	45	2544	5.9	4.13	8.37
Evening session	8	493	21.1	11.30	35.95	4	256	10.9	4.92	22.59
Morning and evening session	207	10493	34.8	29.42	40.55	26	1354	4.5	3.08	6.50
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	29	1938	37.5	26.56	49.91	3	204	4.0	0.97	14.72
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	277	14510	31.6	26.73	36.89	34	1872	4.1	2.59	6.36
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	73	3991	33.7	25.77	42.74	18	949	8.0	4.89	12.90
Obese (>+2sd)	81	4549	36.0	29.39	43.21	19	1110	8.8	5.65	13.42
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	33	1550	29.1	21.17	38.49	2	141	2.6	0.69	9.54
Normal (≥-2sd)	427	23437	33.3	29.81	37.02	73	4059	5.8	4.30	7.69

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Table 3.4.3 : Reasons for skipping breakfast among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Reasons for skipping breakfast									
	No money					Others				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	43	2244	3.0	1.99	4.39	92	5003	6.6	4.65	9.29
Locality of school										
Urban	36	1814	2.7	1.69	4.19	79	4481	6.6	4.60	9.32
Rural	7	430	5.6	4.21	7.38	13	522	6.8	1.69	23.60
Sex										
Boys	20	1261	3.3	2.11	5.09	46	3063	8.0	5.25	11.96
Girls	23	982	2.6	1.17	5.77	46	1940	5.2	3.26	8.16
Ethnicity										
Malay	39	1961	3.7	2.44	5.44	61	3131	5.8	3.94	8.56
Chinese	2	91	0.7	0.09	4.56	24	1495	11.0	7.49	15.97
Indian	1	96	1.4	0.30	6.16	7	377	5.5	1.43	18.70
Bumiputera Sabah	1	96	13.6	1.59	60.54					
Bumiputera Sarawak										
Others										
School level										
Primary school	11	571	2.5	1.11	5.53	13	1053	4.6	2.20	9.41
Secondary school	32	1672	3.2	2.01	4.95	79	3950	7.5	5.18	10.64
Class										
Standard 4	6	334	4.0	1.95	7.85	5	471	5.6	1.97	14.86
Standard 5	5	238	3.5	1.01	11.42	5	360	5.3	2.78	9.85
Standard 6						3	222	2.9	0.97	8.42
Form 1	4	359	3.1	0.91	10.27	10	643	5.6	2.61	11.76
Form 2	5	270	3.1	1.24	7.35	8	460	5.2	2.57	10.35
Form 3	2	93	0.9	0.12	6.46	21	848	8.1	3.67	16.87
Form 4	7	392	3.5	1.20	9.65	16	935	8.3	5.51	12.26
Form 5	14	559	5.1	2.64	9.71	24	1064	9.7	6.51	14.33
School session										
Morning session	14	795	1.8	1.03	3.27	48	2956	6.9	4.75	9.79
Evening session	1	55	2.3	0.26	18.27					
Morning and evening session	28	1394	4.6	2.85	7.41	44	2047	6.8	4.34	10.46
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	4	199	3.9	1.10	12.61	4	251	4.9	1.66	13.37
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	27	1405	3.1	1.89	4.91	54	2880	6.3	4.12	9.44
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	3	168	1.4	0.41	4.75	16	788	6.7	4.10	10.63
Obese (>+2sd)	9	472	3.7	1.89	7.24	18	1084	8.6	5.50	13.14
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	2	81	1.5	0.37	5.92	9	381	7.1	3.01	16.00
Normal (≥-2sd)	41	2163	3.1	2.08	4.52	83	4622	6.6	4.63	9.24

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Table 3.4.4 : Prevalence of lunch per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Daily (7 days)					1 to 6 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	1239	72064	51.8	45.53	58.06	1120	63387	45.6	39.53	51.77
Locality of school										
Urban	1100	64668	51.6	44.68	58.48	1013	57388	45.8	39.14	52.62
Rural	139	7396	53.7	46.17	61.13	107	5999	43.6	36.53	50.89
Sex										
Boys	544	35164	50.3	42.78	57.83	532	32810	46.9	39.59	54.43
Girls	695	36900	53.4	47.43	59.18	588	30577	44.2	38.52	50.05
Ethnicity										
Malay	700	36509	43.9	39.19	48.69	830	44392	53.4	48.55	58.11
Chinese	390	27107	71.4	66.64	75.72	146	10078	26.5	22.68	30.81
Indian	136	7778	50.9	44.68	57.10	113	7047	46.1	39.75	52.62
Bumiputera Sabah	1	48	5.7	0.62	37.34	13	790	94.3	62.66	99.38
Bumiputera Sarawak	7	415	37.6	18.11	62.20	10	615	55.8	32.93	76.42
Others	5	208	30.9	7.33	71.62	8	465	69.1	28.38	92.67
School level										
Primary school	368	27336	53.9	40.05	67.18	333	22115	43.6	30.67	57.48
Secondary school	871	44728	50.6	44.97	56.28	787	41272	46.7	41.35	52.17
Class										
Standard 4	129	8671	50.5	34.61	66.27	128	8169	47.6	31.27	64.39
Standard 5	114	8093	48.7	34.19	63.44	124	8087	48.7	35.68	61.84
Standard 6	125	10572	62.5	46.58	76.06	81	5859	34.6	21.28	50.90
Form 1	123	8090	43.3	34.48	52.48	143	9908	53.0	44.73	61.07
Form 2	161	9131	51.5	39.30	63.58	150	8227	46.4	35.12	58.12
Form 3	212	9230	52.7	47.08	58.34	180	7929	45.3	39.32	51.45
Form 4	168	9528	56.5	48.93	63.84	124	7020	41.7	33.63	50.14
Form 5	207	8750	49.8	38.62	61.01	190	8188	46.6	35.82	57.71
School session										
Morning session	738	46225	54.4	47.13	61.51	633	36880	43.4	36.41	50.69
Evening session	18	1256	35.4	25.49	46.74	33	2179	61.4	48.72	72.70
Morning and evening session	481	24451	48.6	41.15	56.12	452	24216	48.1	40.79	55.56
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	78	4744	48.3	38.91	57.87	74	4786	48.8	39.45	58.14
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	797	46056	53.4	46.33	60.27	683	38400	44.5	38.01	51.17
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	178	10187	48.7	41.02	56.50	180	9749	46.6	38.72	54.73
Obese (>+2sd)	184	10993	50.7	43.00	58.44	178	10175	47.0	38.92	55.16
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	81	4073	44.6	35.60	53.98	87	4450	48.7	41.78	55.73
Normal (≥-2sd)	1157	67959	52.4	46.00	58.63	1031	58855	45.3	39.13	51.70

Table 3.4.4 : Prevalence of lunch per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Lunch frequency per week				
	Did not take lunch				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	69	3605	2.6	1.93	3.48
Locality of school					
Urban	63	3235	2.6	1.85	3.58
Rural	6	370	2.7	2.40	3.02
Sex					
Boys	34	1918	2.7	1.89	3.98
Girls	35	1687	2.4	1.63	3.63
Ethnicity					
Malay	47	2297	2.8	1.99	3.81
Chinese	13	782	2.1	0.82	5.08
Indian	8	454	3.0	1.23	6.98
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	73	6.6	0.69	41.83
Others					
School level					
Primary school	22	1264	2.5	1.34	4.58
Secondary school	47	2341	2.7	1.94	3.61
Class					
Standard 4	6	335	2.0	0.82	4.59
Standard 5	9	436	2.6	1.06	6.35
Standard 6	7	493	2.9	1.34	6.21
Form 1	10	704	3.8	2.27	6.17
Form 2	8	361	2.0	0.73	5.58
Form 3	7	340	1.9	0.83	4.46
Form 4	6	306	1.8	0.84	3.87
Form 5	16	631	3.6	2.27	5.62
School session					
Morning session	34	1852	2.2	1.45	3.26
Evening session	2	114	3.2	1.27	7.86
Morning and evening session	33	1639	3.3	2.21	4.78
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	5	286	2.9	1.34	6.22
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	34	1851	2.1	1.45	3.16
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	19	969	4.6	2.75	7.72
Obese (>+2sd)	11	499	2.3	1.06	4.91
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	11	608	6.7	3.30	12.98
Normal (≥-2sd)	58	2997	2.3	1.65	3.22

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Table 3.4.5 : Source of food for lunch among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Source of food for lunch									
	Prepared at home					School canteen				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1375	79904	59.5	52.79	65.79	539	33003	24.6	19.84	29.97
Locality of school										
Urban	1213	70847	58.5	51.33	65.37	484	30182	24.9	19.79	30.90
Rural	162	9057	67.9	62.82	72.61	55	2821	21.1	18.82	23.68
Sex										
Boys	633	39572	58.9	53.09	64.48	275	18094	26.9	21.64	32.97
Girls	742	40332	60.0	49.93	69.31	264	14909	22.2	17.57	27.61
Ethnicity										
Malay	818	45420	56.6	47.35	65.34	376	19673	24.5	19.61	30.15
Chinese	348	22652	61.1	52.17	69.37	106	9385	25.3	15.57	38.41
Indian	188	10646	72.8	64.58	79.69	43	3104	21.2	15.67	28.10
Bumiputera Sabah	5	301	35.9	19.76	55.92	6	371	44.2	23.48	67.24
Bumiputera Sarawak	8	477	53.7	31.79	74.21	6	357	40.1	19.43	65.06
Others	8	409	60.9	37.48	80.17	2	113	16.8	5.48	41.34
School level										
Primary school	417	28632	58.4	50.72	65.64	214	15922	32.5	24.74	41.27
Secondary school	958	51273	60.1	50.56	68.89	325	17081	20.0	16.52	24.03
Class										
Standard 4	148	9381	56.3	47.65	64.61	85	5933	35.6	26.80	45.53
Standard 5	139	9534	59.5	52.17	66.46	73	4908	30.6	21.04	42.28
Standard 6	130	9717	59.3	43.14	73.75	56	5081	31.0	18.76	46.73
Form 1	158	10524	59.6	50.20	68.35	61	4272	24.2	19.42	29.70
Form 2	177	10204	59.5	49.81	68.49	73	3925	22.9	15.44	32.52
Form 3	252	11299	66.3	54.74	76.15	69	2860	16.8	12.44	22.24
Form 4	177	10040	60.7	43.33	75.69	47	2981	18.0	11.25	27.58
Form 5	194	9205	54.3	31.99	75.08	75	3043	18.0	10.68	28.63
School session										
Morning session	904	53603	65.0	60.11	69.59	268	18179	22.0	16.92	28.20
Evening session	25	1516	45.3	22.17	70.65	18	1293	38.6	27.35	51.27
Morning and evening session	443	24599	50.9	38.48	63.19	252	13474	27.9	21.88	34.78
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	93	5606	59.2	44.39	72.47	37	2642	27.9	17.40	41.53
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	866	50473	60.2	53.25	66.77	333	20067	23.9	19.55	28.95
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	203	11487	57.9	49.84	65.51	81	4643	23.4	18.38	29.28
Obese (>+2sd)	210	12156	58.2	49.38	66.56	85	5505	26.4	18.70	35.78
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	88	4758	55.8	46.32	64.92	48	2209	25.9	18.26	35.41
Normal (≥-2sd)	1286	75097	59.7	53.06	66.03	490	30762	24.5	19.68	29.97

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Table 3.4.5 : Source of food for lunch among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Characteristics	Source of food for lunch									
	Restaurant/ kiosk					Hostel				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	157	8959	6.7	4.89	9.03	222	9727	7.2	2.96	16.64
Locality of school										
Urban	151	8596	7.1	5.23	9.58	203	8806	7.3	2.72	18.06
Rural	6	362	2.7	0.73	9.56	19	920	6.9	2.72	16.43
Sex										
Boys	84	5133	7.6	5.28	10.94	46	2712	4.0	2.11	7.60
Girls	73	3826	5.7	4.05	7.95	176	7015	10.4	3.37	28.00
Ethnicity										
Malay	81	4344	5.4	3.76	7.73	211	9090	11.3	4.56	25.41
Chinese	64	3962	10.7	6.73	16.57	3	158	0.4	0.14	1.28
Indian	8	416	2.8	1.10	7.16	5	344	2.3	1.10	4.96
Bumiputera Sabah	2	119	14.2	3.17	45.44	1	48	5.7	0.62	37.34
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	55	6.2	0.61	41.61					
Others	1	62	9.3	1.60	39.13	2	88	13.0	3.12	40.97
School level										
Primary school	47	3414	7.0	4.89	9.81	7	382	0.8	0.33	1.83
Secondary school	110	5544	6.5	4.13	10.08	215	9345	10.9	4.54	24.11
Class										
Standard 4	14	942	5.7	3.71	8.53	5	290	1.7	0.67	4.46
Standard 5	16	1223	7.6	4.39	12.94	2	92	0.6	0.13	2.55
Standard 6	17	1249	7.6	4.12	13.69					
Form 1	13	898	5.1	3.01	8.45	25	1633	9.2	4.75	17.22
Form 2	24	1320	7.7	4.27	13.47	23	1172	6.8	2.47	17.53
Form 3	28	1200	7.0	4.21	11.54	31	1238	7.3	3.10	16.10
Form 4	16	848	5.1	2.16	11.66	43	2217	13.4	3.07	43.06
Form 5	29	1280	7.6	3.18	16.91	93	3085	18.2	5.12	47.90
School session										
Morning session	105	6141	7.4	5.42	10.15	55	2743	3.3	1.65	6.59
Evening session	4	336	10.0	2.36	34.01	1	61	1.8	0.18	16.10
Morning and evening session	48	2482	5.1	3.05	8.53	166	6922	14.3	4.97	34.79
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	8	608	6.4	3.05	13.00	6	232	2.5	0.55	10.17
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	88	4589	5.5	3.55	8.35	150	6758	8.1	3.33	18.24
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	31	1885	9.5	5.87	15.01	36	1500	7.6	3.01	17.70
Obese (>+2sd)	30	1877	9.0	5.98	13.29	29	1204	5.8	2.10	14.83
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	15	712	8.4	4.12	16.20	14	651	7.6	3.20	17.15
Normal (≥-2sd)	142	8247	6.6	4.87	8.77	207	9043	7.2	2.89	16.78

Table 3.4.5 : Source of food for lunch among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Source of food for lunch				
	Count	Estimated Population	Other Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	49	2801	2.1	1.35	3.22
Locality of school					
Urban	46	2625	2.2	1.36	3.43
Rural	3	176	1.3	1.07	1.63
Sex					
Boys	26	1673	2.5	1.48	4.17
Girls	23	1128	1.7	0.92	3.05
Ethnicity					
Malay	34	1776	2.2	1.26	3.86
Chinese	13	909	2.5	1.46	4.08
Indian	2	116	0.8	0.29	2.17
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak					
Others					
School level					
Primary school	9	700	1.4	0.83	2.44
Secondary school	40	2101	2.5	1.44	4.17
Class					
Standard 4	2	112	0.7	0.19	2.37
Standard 5	5	263	1.6	0.53	4.91
Standard 6	2	326	2.0	0.40	9.38
Form 1	5	331	1.9	0.67	5.10
Form 2	10	532	3.1	1.67	5.70
Form 3	10	451	2.6	1.19	5.78
Form 4	9	461	2.8	0.79	9.32
Form 5	6	326	1.9	0.76	4.80
School session					
Morning session	29	1800	2.2	1.26	3.75
Evening session	2	141	4.2	0.67	22.21
Morning and evening session	18	860	1.8	0.86	3.64
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	385	4.1	1.88	8.55
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	33	1945	2.3	1.43	3.75
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	6	332	1.7	0.78	3.55
Obese (>+2sd)	3	140	0.7	0.20	2.21
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	3	192	2.3	0.67	7.28
Normal (≥-2sd)	46	2609	2.1	1.36	3.15

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Table 3.4.6 : Reasons for skipping lunch among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Reasons for skipping lunch									
	No food available					No appetite				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	122	7216	12.8	10.39	15.74	433	24426	43.4	39.98	46.92
Locality of school										
Urban	115	6813	13.2	10.68	16.29	397	22510	43.7	40.07	47.46
Rural	7	403	8.4	6.04	11.62	36	1916	40.1	34.01	46.43
Sex										
Boys	75	4850	15.8	12.32	19.98	198	12164	39.6	35.67	43.61
Girls	47	2366	9.3	6.49	13.08	235	12263	48.0	43.19	52.94
Ethnicity										
Malay	96	5380	12.9	10.43	15.83	358	19617	47.0	43.08	50.94
Chinese	10	652	9.1	4.36	18.20	38	2733	38.3	31.79	45.32
Indian	12	991	17.6	8.31	33.42	25	1358	24.1	13.55	39.10
Bumiputera Sabah	1	57	7.9	0.86	45.80	5	262	36.6	13.82	67.60
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	55	9.9	1.42	45.50	5	323	57.7	20.96	87.50
Others	2	81	17.4	2.80	60.50	2	133	28.5	9.26	60.97
School level										
Primary school	30	2248	12.2	7.96	18.14	125	8108	43.8	39.22	48.57
Secondary school	92	4968	13.2	10.37	16.55	308	16318	43.2	38.67	47.87
Class										
Standard 4	13	924	13.4	8.04	21.61	40	2465	35.9	27.14	45.64
Standard 5	9	705	11.5	5.90	21.24	48	2989	48.8	45.03	52.51
Standard 6	8	619	11.3	5.46	21.87	37	2654	48.3	33.19	63.76
Form 1	19	1347	14.1	9.16	21.15	56	3769	39.5	31.89	47.73
Form 2	12	620	8.5	4.61	15.10	65	3627	49.6	40.16	59.06
Form 3	22	1008	14.8	7.25	27.81	68	3017	44.3	36.73	52.07
Form 4	20	1171	18.8	12.90	26.66	49	2850	45.8	32.19	60.14
Form 5	19	821	10.4	6.12	17.18	70	3055	38.8	29.86	48.47
School session										
Morning session	70	4326	13.4	10.17	17.50	256	14557	45.2	41.47	48.89
Evening session	3	206	10.9	4.26	25.17	10	609	32.1	17.20	51.93
Morning and evening session	49	2684	12.2	9.77	15.12	165	9148	41.6	36.34	46.97
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	9	674	16.4	7.94	30.73	31	1714	41.6	26.32	58.74
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	79	4584	13.6	10.25	17.87	260	14602	43.4	38.08	48.83
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	11	694	7.4	3.86	13.61	83	4560	48.4	42.12	54.73
Obese (>+2sd)	23	1264	14.3	8.50	23.07	56	3362	38.0	28.10	49.11
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	7	339	7.6	3.33	16.54	44	2278	51.3	43.34	59.17
Normal (≥-2sd)	114	6828	13.2	10.61	16.30	389	22149	42.8	38.95	46.76

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Table 3.4.6 : Reasons for skipping lunch among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Characteristics	Reasons for skipping lunch									
	No time					On diet/ control body weight				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	183	10432	18.5	15.72	21.74	126	6673	11.9	9.28	15.04
Locality of school										
Urban	168	9499	18.5	15.77	21.47	116	6169	12.0	9.24	15.42
Rural	15	933	19.5	7.49	42.04	10	504	10.5	5.75	18.51
Sex										
Boys	89	5587	18.2	15.41	21.32	54	3387	11.0	8.17	14.70
Girls	94	4845	19.0	14.46	24.52	72	3287	12.9	9.07	17.97
Ethnicity										
Malay	137	7207	17.3	14.39	20.57	90	4461	10.7	7.91	14.28
Chinese	26	1759	24.7	20.07	29.95	12	748	10.5	6.13	17.37
Indian	17	1234	21.9	15.71	29.64	19	1186	21.0	11.74	34.78
Bumiputera Sabah	1	96	13.4	1.55	60.52	3	163	22.8	6.67	54.93
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	73	13.0	1.46	60.03					
Others	1	62	13.4	3.08	43.12	2	115	24.8	4.16	71.41
School level										
Primary school	52	3500	18.9	13.60	25.72	34	2163	11.7	7.70	17.38
Secondary school	131	6932	18.4	15.19	22.00	92	4510	11.9	8.80	16.01
Class										
Standard 4	22	1427	20.8	10.35	37.29	15	994	14.5	8.18	24.31
Standard 5	17	1160	18.9	13.03	26.65	9	448	7.3	3.87	13.41
Standard 6	13	914	16.6	10.33	25.71	10	720	13.1	4.40	33.09
Form 1	24	1786	18.7	13.14	25.99	17	1139	11.9	6.76	20.24
Form 2	22	1144	15.6	9.79	24.04	16	837	11.4	6.15	20.30
Form 3	31	1402	20.6	13.71	29.67	21	868	12.7	7.40	21.05
Form 4	16	917	14.7	8.93	23.38	13	716	11.5	6.83	18.79
Form 5	38	1684	21.4	14.18	30.86	25	950	12.1	6.17	22.23
School session										
Morning session	100	5956	18.5	15.03	22.50	70	3975	12.3	9.22	16.30
Evening session	10	629	33.2	21.29	47.76	3	206	10.9	3.87	26.98
Morning and evening session	73	3847	17.5	13.78	21.90	53	2492	11.3	8.00	15.79
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	15	1185	28.8	15.86	46.40	1	62	1.5	0.18	11.45
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	108	6069	18.0	15.07	21.43	70	3544	10.5	7.92	13.87
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	27	1461	15.5	10.08	23.10	30	1557	16.5	10.11	25.85
Obese (>+2sd)	33	1717	19.4	13.19	27.67	24	1478	16.7	10.48	25.61
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	16	915	20.6	11.93	33.21	4	174	3.9	1.23	11.80
Normal (≥-2sd)	167	9517	18.4	15.67	21.48	121	6467	12.5	9.87	15.70

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Table 3.4.6: Reasons for skipping lunch among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Reasons for skipping lunch									
	No money					Others				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	76	4254	7.6	5.72	9.94	61	3258	5.8	4.12	8.08
Locality of school										
Urban	65	3520	6.8	5.16	9.01	55	2963	5.8	4.02	8.18
Rural	11	734	15.3	11.56	20.06	6	294	6.2	2.17	16.22
Sex										
Boys	50	2949	9.6	7.04	12.94	30	1800	5.9	3.39	9.93
Girls	26	1305	5.1	3.20	8.08	31	1457	5.7	4.32	7.51
Ethnicity										
Malay	53	2708	6.5	4.87	8.59	45	2376	5.7	3.84	8.35
Chinese	8	487	6.8	2.49	17.40	14	750	10.5	5.37	19.60
Indian	11	812	14.4	6.62	28.52	1	57	1.0	0.14	6.91
Bumiputera Sabah	2	138	19.2	4.21	56.35					
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	109	19.5	4.91	53.13					
Others						1	74	15.9	3.56	49.19
School level										
Primary school	28	1578	8.5	5.89	12.20	15	898	4.9	3.13	7.45
Secondary school	48	2676	7.1	4.86	10.23	46	2360	6.2	4.06	9.49
Class										
Standard 4	12	710	10.3	5.29	19.19	6	353	5.1	2.37	10.78
Standard 5	12	584	9.5	3.86	21.65	5	243	4.0	1.64	9.27
Standard 6	4	284	5.2	1.52	16.08	4	301	5.5	3.23	9.18
Form 1	13	1053	11.0	5.00	22.67	7	441	4.6	2.10	9.85
Form 2	11	535	7.3	3.96	13.15	10	550	7.5	3.44	15.67
Form 3	9	379	5.6	2.52	11.87	4	141	2.1	0.71	5.90
Form 4	5	255	4.1	1.24	12.75	6	308	4.9	2.23	10.63
Form 5	10	453	5.7	2.51	12.64	19	921	11.7	7.61	17.49
School session										
Morning session	30	1619	5.0	3.38	7.41	33	1805	5.6	3.20	9.63
Evening session	3	188	9.9	4.37	21.02	1	56	3.0	0.82	10.05
Morning and evening session	43	2447	11.1	8.09	15.08	27	1396	6.3	4.37	9.13
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	6	333	8.1	3.05	19.75	2	150	3.6	0.99	12.45
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	47	2654	7.9	5.56	11.06	41	2209	6.6	4.79	8.93
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	14	746	7.9	4.59	13.32	8	403	4.3	2.32	7.75
Obese (>+2sd)	9	521	5.9	3.02	11.18	10	496	5.6	2.37	12.69
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	9	418	9.4	4.11	20.14	6	317	7.1	3.83	12.89
Normal (≥-2sd)	67	3835	7.4	5.56	9.82	55	2941	5.7	4.00	8.02

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Table 3.4.7 : Prevalence of dinner per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Dinner frequency per week									
	Daily (7 days)					1 to 6 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1371	80624	58.1	50.31	65.55	979	54442	39.2	32.19	46.79
Locality of school										
Urban	1243	73586	58.8	50.25	66.94	868	48473	38.8	31.03	47.11
Rural	128	7038	51.5	50.23	52.74	111	5969	43.7	42.71	44.63
Sex										
Boys	648	40802	58.6	51.09	65.73	430	27065	38.9	31.81	46.43
Girls	723	39822	57.6	48.31	66.46	549	27376	39.6	31.41	48.48
Ethnicity										
Malay	753	39868	48.1	43.94	52.25	764	40471	48.8	44.62	53.02
Chinese	449	31068	81.6	75.49	86.49	92	6427	16.9	12.41	22.56
Indian	149	8540	56.5	48.24	64.36	98	6078	40.2	32.50	48.40
Bumiputera Sabah	6	371	44.2	23.45	67.20	8	468	55.8	32.80	76.55
Bumiputera Sarawak	9	531	48.2	28.07	68.94	9	571	51.8	31.06	71.93
Others	5	246	36.5	12.35	70.18	8	427	63.5	29.82	87.65
School level										
Primary school	422	31638	62.3	45.77	76.43	285	18151	35.8	22.21	52.04
Secondary school	949	48986	55.7	48.25	62.90	694	36291	41.3	34.43	48.45
Class										
Standard 4	151	10370	60.0	40.46	76.86	106	6441	37.3	21.31	56.62
Standard 5	133	9968	60.2	39.93	77.43	108	6354	38.4	21.78	58.16
Standard 6	138	11301	66.8	53.54	77.80	71	5356	31.6	20.58	45.28
Form 1	128	8367	45.4	38.54	52.46	134	9319	50.6	43.61	57.53
Form 2	193	10740	60.8	46.63	73.36	120	6683	37.8	25.30	52.23
Form 3	238	10512	60.1	49.12	70.10	146	6357	36.3	26.96	46.87
Form 4	159	9157	54.5	46.63	62.23	128	7154	42.6	35.37	50.19
Form 5	231	10210	58.1	46.45	68.93	166	6778	38.6	27.91	50.47
School session										
Morning session	844	52830	62.4	53.29	70.69	515	29797	35.2	27.26	44.02
Evening session	27	1829	51.5	41.01	61.93	24	1610	45.4	33.95	57.28
Morning and evening session	500	25965	51.7	45.05	58.26	438	22926	45.6	39.07	52.35
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	100	6530	66.5	56.56	75.20	55	3165	32.2	23.33	42.66
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	876	51069	59.4	51.68	66.68	596	33023	38.4	31.32	46.03
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	202	11580	55.4	45.50	64.93	154	8353	40.0	31.44	49.17
Obese (>+2sd)	191	11363	52.4	43.03	61.68	169	9625	44.4	35.84	53.35
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	96	4957	54.3	46.49	61.88	78	3922	43.0	35.04	51.24
Normal (≥-2sd)	1274	75635	58.4	50.32	66.09	899	50439	39.0	31.71	46.73

Table 3.4.7 : Prevalence of dinner per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Dinner frequency per week				
	Did not take dinner				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	73	3645	2.6	1.99	3.46
Locality of school					
Urban	61	2982	2.4	1.78	3.19
Rural	12	662	4.8	4.56	5.15
Sex					
Boys	28	1762	2.5	1.55	4.11
Girls	45	1883	2.7	1.80	4.10
Ethnicity					
Malay	55	2571	3.1	2.48	3.88
Chinese	10	569	1.5	0.66	3.37
Indian	8	505	3.3	1.75	6.26
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak					
Others					
School level					
Primary school	17	975	1.9	0.97	3.78
Secondary school	56	2670	3.0	2.40	3.83
Class					
Standard 4	8	462	2.7	1.41	5.01
Standard 5	5	246	1.5	0.55	3.93
Standard 6	4	267	1.6	0.73	3.38
Form 1	10	739	4.0	2.00	7.89
Form 2	5	240	1.4	0.51	3.56
Form 3	15	630	3.6	2.06	6.22
Form 4	10	478	2.8	1.14	6.94
Form 5	16	582	3.3	2.41	4.53
School session					
Morning session	42	2051	2.4	1.59	3.69
Evening session	2	110	3.1	0.56	15.32
Morning and evening session	27	1348	2.7	1.96	3.66
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	2	122	1.2	0.29	5.16
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	37	1881	2.2	1.39	3.43
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	21	962	4.6	2.83	7.40
Obese (>+2sd)	13	680	3.1	1.69	5.77
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	5	252	2.8	1.17	6.39
Normal (≥-2sd)	68	3392	2.6	1.89	3.61

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Table 3.4.8 : Source of food for dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Source of food for dinner									
	Prepared at home					Restaurant/ kiosk				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	1819	106270	79.5	72.73	84.95	210	13175	9.9	7.70	12.54
Locality of school										
Urban	1622	95527	79.0	71.56	84.96	197	12451	10.3	8.03	13.13
Rural	197	10743	84.0	78.98	88.03	13	724	5.7	4.23	7.55
Sex										
Boys	852	53669	79.9	75.76	83.43	127	7978	11.9	9.07	15.40
Girls	967	52602	79.2	66.18	88.05	83	5196	7.8	4.90	12.24
Ethnicity										
Malay	1099	60092	75.7	65.27	83.72	141	7724	9.7	7.35	12.76
Chinese	469	31662	84.9	77.68	90.04	49	4105	11.0	7.07	16.73
Indian	216	12483	86.8	78.69	92.11	15	1029	7.2	3.15	15.43
Bumiputera Sabah	11	686	81.8	54.95	94.30	1	49	5.9	0.73	34.83
Bumiputera Sarawak	14	836	81.2	52.97	94.34	3	193	18.8	5.66	47.03
Others	10	511	76.0	45.85	92.20	1	74	11.0	1.33	53.22
School level										
Primary school	588	41209	84.0	78.91	88.07	77	5813	11.9	8.65	16.03
Secondary school	1231	65061	76.9	66.68	84.70	133	7361	8.7	6.26	11.97
Class										
Standard 4	203	12908	78.3	68.44	85.78	34	2591	15.7	9.77	24.35
Standard 5	195	13235	82.4	75.22	87.77	28	1942	12.1	8.00	17.86
Standard 6	190	15066	91.3	86.91	94.31	15	1280	7.8	5.21	11.39
Form 1	192	12812	74.1	63.16	82.68	25	1872	10.8	5.91	19.00
Form 2	248	13915	80.1	72.84	85.82	28	1552	8.9	6.14	12.83
Form 3	310	13662	81.2	75.35	85.98	31	1374	8.2	5.32	12.35
Form 4	220	12668	78.2	56.50	90.82	19	1131	7.0	3.80	12.47
Form 5	261	12004	70.9	44.06	88.31	30	1433	8.5	5.33	13.19
School session										
Morning session	1127	68247	83.4	80.12	86.16	126	8580	10.5	7.76	14.01
Evening session	31	2080	65.1	36.38	85.86	10	747	23.4	9.80	46.14
Morning and evening session	659	35834	73.9	58.01	85.33	74	3847	7.9	6.40	9.80
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	126	7911	82.4	74.61	88.12	14	1016	10.6	5.97	18.04
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	1136	66357	79.9	72.10	85.88	125	7351	8.8	6.94	11.21
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	274	15505	78.4	69.49	85.19	33	2042	10.3	6.66	15.65
Obese (>+2sd)	278	16227	78.0	69.23	84.78	38	2766	13.3	7.53	22.40
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	127	6544	75.3	66.33	82.53	21	1012	11.6	5.83	21.92
Normal (≥-2sd)	1691	99694	79.9	73.00	85.31	188	12113	9.7	7.61	12.30

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Table 3.4.8 : Source of food for dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Source of food for dinner									
	Hostel					Others				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	228	10233	7.7	3.35	16.54	69	3976	3.0	2.22	3.98
Locality of school										
Urban	208	9262	7.7	3.09	17.77	63	3628	3.0	2.18	4.12
Rural	20	971	7.6	2.91	18.41	6	348	2.7	1.93	3.83
Sex										
Boys	56	3250	4.8	2.84	8.11	33	2302	3.4	2.24	5.21
Girls	172	6982	10.5	3.45	27.85	36	1674	2.5	1.56	4.05
Ethnicity										
Malay	212	9189	11.6	4.82	25.26	49	2415	3.0	2.11	4.37
Chinese	4	258	0.7	0.22	2.11	16	1283	3.4	1.89	6.17
Indian	8	595	4.1	1.81	9.14	4	278	1.9	0.65	5.58
Bumiputera Sabah	2	103	12.3	2.75	41.08					
Bumiputera Sarawak										
Others	2	88	13.0	3.12	40.97					
School level										
Primary school	10	578	1.2	0.42	3.26	19	1448	3.0	1.57	5.49
Secondary school	218	9654	11.4	5.03	23.85	50	2528	3.0	2.24	3.97
Class										
Standard 4	6	350	2.1	0.91	4.86	8	627	3.8	2.31	6.22
Standard 5	3	142	0.9	0.11	6.66	10	751	4.7	2.53	8.48
Standard 6	1	86	0.5	0.06	4.12	1	70	0.4	0.06	2.99
Form 1	28	1862	10.8	6.10	18.31	12	745	4.3	2.29	7.96
Form 2	28	1446	8.3	3.79	17.30	8	456	2.6	1.34	5.08
Form 3	30	1227	7.3	3.34	15.18	12	556	3.3	1.72	6.24
Form 4	42	2169	13.4	3.13	42.49	4	234	1.4	0.46	4.40
Form 5	90	2951	17.4	4.52	48.52	14	538	3.2	1.26	7.80
School session										
Morning session	60	3060	3.7	2.05	6.73	33	1985	2.4	1.74	3.37
Evening session	3	199	6.2	1.27	25.63	3	170	5.3	1.83	14.42
Morning and evening session	165	6974	14.4	5.17	34.12	33	1821	3.8	2.09	6.66
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	302	3.1	1.17	8.16	7	377	3.9	1.81	8.30
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	153	7005	8.4	3.60	18.51	41	2378	2.9	1.96	4.16
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	38	1602	8.1	3.54	17.47	9	639	3.2	1.65	6.24
Obese (>+2sd)	28	1235	5.9	2.38	14.04	12	582	2.8	1.66	4.68
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	17	862	9.9	5.06	18.53	6	271	3.1	1.16	8.11
Normal (≥-2sd)	210	9339	7.5	3.16	16.70	63	3705	3.0	2.24	3.93

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Table 3.4.9 : Reasons for skipping dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Reasons for skipping dinner									
	No food available					No appetite				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
Lower				Upper	Lower				Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	111	6538	13.1	10.71	15.97	460	24964	50.1	44.67	55.52
Locality of school										
Urban	105	6162	13.8	11.34	16.59	408	22284	49.7	43.79	55.71
Rural	6	377	7.5	3.50	15.24	52	2680	53.2	45.61	60.55
Sex										
Boys	65	4082	16.3	12.79	20.55	186	11275	45.0	37.49	52.81
Girls	46	2456	9.9	7.21	13.47	274	13689	55.2	51.11	59.23
Ethnicity										
Malay	93	5262	13.7	11.04	16.84	389	20607	53.6	48.51	58.57
Chinese	7	535	10.4	6.55	16.11	32	2040	39.6	26.22	54.85
Indian	7	505	10.3	5.53	18.37	28	1711	34.9	21.51	51.09
Bumiputera Sabah						3	200	42.8	14.91	76.10
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	115	26.9	3.13	80.72	3	176	41.0	7.99	84.71
Others	2	121	28.4	5.98	71.15	5	232	54.3	9.63	92.99
School level										
Primary school	37	2416	14.9	12.79	17.19	133	8316	51.1	40.90	61.28
Secondary school	74	4122	12.3	9.18	16.23	327	16649	49.6	43.39	55.80
Class										
Standard 4	13	763	13.4	7.48	22.74	55	3350	58.7	51.12	65.84
Standard 5	10	647	11.4	8.84	14.71	39	2122	37.5	25.03	51.97
Standard 6	14	1006	20.5	15.73	26.31	39	2843	58.0	46.36	68.86
Form 1	15	1075	13.0	5.21	28.87	60	4053	49.0	33.41	64.85
Form 2	21	1125	18.8	12.60	27.12	56	3172	53.0	44.74	61.18
Form 3	15	703	12.1	6.18	22.17	76	3166	54.3	44.09	64.15
Form 4	10	655	9.5	4.69	18.12	61	3293	47.5	36.53	58.81
Form 5	13	566	8.6	4.63	15.44	74	2964	45.1	34.71	55.95
School session										
Morning session	56	3428	12.6	9.88	16.02	240	13145	48.4	40.07	56.90
Evening session	3	182	12.4	2.79	41.06	10	752	51.2	32.36	69.69
Morning and evening session	52	2928	14.0	10.41	18.45	208	10955	52.2	47.36	56.99
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	393	14.4	5.50	32.58	27	1431	52.2	35.00	68.97
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	75	4511	15.0	11.32	19.71	290	15621	52.1	45.46	58.64
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	10	575	7.4	4.27	12.52	70	3771	48.5	41.81	55.25
Obese (>+2sd)	18	1002	11.1	6.86	17.38	71	4017	44.4	35.23	53.88
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	10	536	15.4	8.81	25.53	45	2231	64.1	54.44	72.82
Normal (≥-2sd)	101	6003	13.0	10.57	15.82	414	22684	49.0	43.13	54.93

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Table 3.4.9 : Reasons for skipping dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Reasons for skipping dinner									
	No time					On diet/ control body weight				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	76	4022	8.1	6.08	10.64	175	9037	18.1	13.90	23.31
Locality of school										
Urban	68	3614	8.1	5.88	10.97	154	7996	17.8	13.26	23.60
Rural	8	408	8.1	8.07	8.12	21	1042	20.7	16.30	25.81
Sex										
Boys	44	2613	10.4	7.25	14.80	63	4012	16.0	10.92	22.89
Girls	32	1409	5.7	3.95	8.10	112	5025	20.3	15.37	26.23
Ethnicity										
Malay	58	2963	7.7	5.61	10.49	133	6759	17.6	13.17	23.06
Chinese	10	613	11.9	5.56	23.73	10	543	10.6	3.63	26.98
Indian	8	446	9.1	5.29	15.14	29	1572	32.0	23.91	41.42
Bumiputera Sabah						3	163	34.9	8.94	74.51
Bumiputera Sarawak										
Others										
School level										
Primary school	27	1495	9.2	6.67	12.54	24	1332	8.2	5.21	12.65
Secondary school	49	2527	7.5	5.04	11.10	151	7706	23.0	19.56	26.73
Class										
Standard 4	7	408	7.1	3.17	15.33	10	554	9.7	5.57	16.38
Standard 5	15	745	13.2	7.47	22.21	10	488	8.6	4.59	15.66
Standard 6	5	341	7.0	2.76	16.51	4	289	5.9	1.44	21.23
Form 1	8	565	6.8	3.84	11.90	23	1614	19.5	10.17	34.20
Form 2	5	257	4.3	1.91	9.39	19	1030	17.2	10.52	26.92
Form 3	8	351	6.0	2.76	12.64	30	1312	22.5	15.92	30.78
Form 4	11	646	9.3	3.73	21.44	38	2106	30.4	24.47	37.08
Form 5	17	707	10.8	7.64	14.96	41	1644	25.0	18.66	32.68
School session										
Morning session	35	1991	7.3	4.96	10.72	105	5623	20.7	14.79	28.25
Evening session	3	181	12.4	5.57	25.18	3	186	12.6	2.94	40.94
Morning and evening session	38	1850	8.8	6.78	11.38	65	3096	14.8	11.01	19.49
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	4	203	7.4	2.42	20.44	4	229	8.4	2.85	22.18
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	48	2480	8.3	5.87	11.53	84	4324	14.4	10.95	18.75
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	10	526	6.8	3.27	13.48	43	2103	27.0	19.36	36.39
Obese (>+2sd)	14	813	9.0	5.37	14.63	42	2286	25.2	17.92	34.30
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	7	351	10.1	5.31	18.31	2	84	2.4	0.59	9.30
Normal (≥-2sd)	69	3671	7.9	5.95	10.50	172	8921	19.3	14.77	24.76

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Table 3.4.9 : Reasons for skipping dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Socio-demographic Characteristics	Reasons for skipping dinner									
	No money					Others				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	23	1505	3.0	1.83	4.94	60	3771	7.6	4.45	12.57
Locality of school										
Urban	22	1409	3.1	1.87	5.24	51	3331	7.4	4.11	13.09
Rural	1	96	1.9	0.41	8.41	9	440	8.7	4.46	16.34
Sex										
Boys	14	1022	4.1	2.33	7.06	24	2036	8.1	3.03	20.02
Girls	9	483	1.9	0.89	4.22	36	1735	7.0	5.23	9.30
Ethnicity										
Malay	14	749	1.9	0.86	4.34	43	2122	5.5	4.09	7.41
Chinese	2	107	2.1	0.46	8.92	11	1307	25.4	7.73	58.05
Indian	5	511	10.4	3.85	25.21	3	163	3.3	1.02	10.36
Bumiputera Sabah						2	105	22.4	5.76	57.58
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	138	32.2	5.79	78.51					
Others						1	74	17.3	4.12	50.54
School level										
Primary school	13	836	5.1	2.89	8.98	21	1868	11.5	4.12	28.15
Secondary school	10	669	2.0	0.94	4.15	39	1902	5.7	3.98	8.00
Class										
Standard 4	4	406	7.1	1.69	25.45	4	228	4.0	2.49	6.34
Standard 5	9	430	7.6	2.68	19.78	14	1220	21.6	7.41	48.63
Standard 6						3	420	8.6	2.00	30.08
Form 1	6	468	5.7	2.62	11.81	8	491	5.9	3.59	9.67
Form 2	1	49	0.8	0.10	6.40	6	347	5.8	2.62	12.40
Form 3						7	299	5.1	2.46	10.39
Form 4	1	55	0.8	0.10	6.18	4	171	2.5	0.87	6.79
Form 5	2	96	1.5	0.44	4.77	14	594	9.0	5.73	13.96
School session										
Morning session	9	688	2.5	1.07	5.90	28	2260	8.3	3.40	18.99
Evening session	2	108	7.4	1.30	32.45	1	59	4.0	0.39	31.32
Morning and evening session	12	708	3.4	2.17	5.22	31	1452	6.9	4.84	9.79
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	2	269	9.8	1.55	43.07	4	213	7.8	2.88	19.38
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	14	858	2.9	1.62	5.00	33	2197	7.3	3.23	15.79
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	5	269	3.5	1.32	8.78	10	531	6.8	3.72	12.21
Obese (>+2sd)	2	108	1.2	0.30	4.63	13	829	9.2	5.01	16.15
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	3	137	3.9	0.90	15.50	4	140	4.0	1.52	10.31
Normal (≥-2sd)	20	1368	3.0	1.77	4.90	56	3630	7.8	4.52	13.28

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Table 3.4.10 : Prevalence of eating and/or drinking during recess time per week among adolescents by socio-demographics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Characteristics	Frequency of eating and/or drinking during recess time per week									
	5 days					1-4 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1488	86889	62.5	56.35	68.30	839	45706	32.9	27.28	39.02
Locality of school										
Urban	1365	80204	64.0	57.76	69.83	727	39706	31.7	25.87	38.15
Rural	123	6685	48.8	43.24	54.34	112	6000	43.8	42.05	45.53
Sex										
Boys	696	44467	63.7	56.02	70.67	361	22219	31.8	25.97	38.28
Girls	792	42421	61.4	55.28	67.10	478	23488	34.0	27.61	40.97
Ethnicity										
Malay	941	49620	59.7	53.98	65.23	589	31019	37.3	32.69	42.23
Chinese	383	27875	73.2	63.17	81.28	135	7875	20.7	13.52	30.28
Indian	139	8003	52.6	44.58	60.46	98	5801	38.1	31.58	45.12
Bumiputera Sabah	6	330	39.3	14.40	71.41	6	357	42.6	22.90	64.97
Bumiputera Sarawak	14	828	75.2	35.83	94.25	4	274	24.8	5.75	64.17
Others	5	233	34.7	18.57	55.26	7	381	56.6	34.66	76.24
School level										
Primary school	499	36408	71.8	63.64	78.77	192	11781	23.2	15.37	33.53
Secondary school	989	50481	57.2	51.47	62.68	647	33926	38.4	34.27	42.74
Class										
Standard 4	166	10556	61.3	52.00	69.89	82	5164	30.0	23.55	37.36
Standard 5	173	12660	76.2	57.74	88.23	68	3642	21.9	10.68	39.72
Standard 6	160	13192	78.2	66.25	86.78	42	2974	17.6	10.01	29.18
Form 1	147	9506	50.6	41.28	59.90	110	7816	41.6	34.27	49.35
Form 2	187	10203	57.6	47.51	67.07	121	6898	38.9	30.30	48.32
Form 3	228	9912	56.6	48.30	64.62	154	6765	38.7	32.13	45.62
Form 4	173	9773	58.4	50.89	65.57	112	6358	38.0	31.87	44.55
Form 5	254	11088	63.1	57.03	68.80	150	6088	34.7	28.62	41.22
School session										
Morning session	875	54852	64.5	56.98	71.32	468	25984	30.5	23.42	38.74
Evening session	24	1643	46.3	29.99	63.47	23	1513	42.6	34.47	51.21
Morning and evening session	587	30284	60.4	53.83	66.65	347	18152	36.2	31.13	41.63
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	100	6433	65.9	56.18	74.50	46	2705	27.7	21.64	34.78
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	937	54713	63.4	56.52	69.75	523	28063	32.5	25.88	39.93
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	221	12050	57.7	48.19	66.62	142	7902	37.8	29.15	47.34
Obese (>+2sd)	226	13454	62.1	54.52	69.12	125	6915	31.9	25.68	38.87
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	104	5287	57.9	49.75	65.64	69	3456	37.8	30.87	45.36
Normal (≥-2sd)	1384	81602	62.9	56.44	68.91	768	42186	32.5	26.65	38.98

Table 3.4.10 : Prevalence of eating and/or drinking during recess time per week among adolescents by socio-demographics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Frequency of eating and/or drinking during recess time per week				
	Never (0 day)				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	100	6399	4.6	3.18	6.63
Locality of school					
Urban	84	5380	4.3	2.84	6.44
Rural	16	1020	7.4	4.41	12.30
Sex					
Boys	52	3167	4.5	2.67	7.59
Girls	48	3233	4.7	2.73	7.90
Ethnicity					
Malay	45	2437	2.9	1.83	4.66
Chinese	33	2338	6.1	3.43	10.76
Indian	19	1414	9.3	6.28	13.55
Bumiputera Sabah	2	152	18.1	4.96	48.24
Bumiputera Sarawak					
Others	1	59	8.7	1.51	37.23
School level					
Primary school	32	2507	4.9	2.53	9.44
Secondary school	68	3893	4.4	2.86	6.74
Class					
Standard 4	16	1493	8.7	2.67	24.77
Standard 5	6	314	1.9	0.44	7.81
Standard 6	10	700	4.1	1.49	11.05
Form 1	20	1461	7.8	4.39	13.40
Form 2	11	617	3.5	1.86	6.44
Form 3	17	822	4.7	2.45	8.82
Form 4	11	599	3.6	1.82	6.92
Form 5	9	393	2.2	1.05	4.71
School session					
Morning session	64	4240	5.0	3.36	7.33
Evening session	6	392	11.1	2.36	38.95
Morning and evening session	29	1690	3.4	1.87	6.02
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	10	618	6.3	2.94	13.10
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	54	3540	4.1	2.43	6.85
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	14	943	4.5	2.71	7.43
Obese (>+2sd)	22	1298	6.0	3.75	9.44
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	6	388	4.3	1.75	9.95
Normal (≥-2sd)	93	5962	4.6	3.20	6.55

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Table 3.4.11 : Source of food during recess time among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Source of food during recess time									
	Bring from home					School canteen				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	520	31604	24.0	18.50	30.53	1596	90217	68.5	62.11	74.29
Locality of school										
Urban	486	29424	24.7	18.85	31.65	1413	80766	67.8	61.10	73.82
Rural	34	2179	17.4	8.07	33.61	183	9450	75.5	53.43	89.20
Sex										
Boys	230	15109	22.9	16.85	30.30	753	46927	71.1	63.63	77.54
Girls	290	16494	25.1	19.19	32.16	843	43290	65.9	59.61	71.77
Ethnicity										
Malay	233	13177	16.4	11.44	23.04	1137	60308	75.2	68.51	80.87
Chinese	204	13771	38.9	33.04	45.08	281	19572	55.3	50.28	60.17
Indian	73	4083	29.7	23.05	37.35	149	8730	63.5	55.80	70.58
Bumiputera Sabah	3	219	31.9	9.25	68.24	9	468	68.1	31.76	90.75
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	108	10.6	2.39	36.70	14	833	82.2	51.98	95.16
Others	5	246	40.0	15.45	70.91	6	306	49.8	28.47	71.20
School level										
Primary school	247	17166	35.8	28.94	43.20	408	28449	59.3	50.36	67.59
Secondary school	273	14437	17.3	12.77	22.91	1188	61767	73.8	67.34	79.43
Class										
Standard 4	92	5710	36.6	29.00	44.96	143	9111	58.4	48.89	67.36
Standard 5	89	6796	41.8	29.16	55.69	134	8186	50.4	34.80	65.90
Standard 6	66	4660	28.8	18.00	42.77	131	11152	69.0	54.19	80.70
Form 1	56	3751	21.9	15.63	29.74	174	11713	68.3	56.44	78.21
Form 2	60	3381	20.0	12.44	30.61	225	12509	74.1	63.43	82.47
Form 3	58	2543	15.4	9.73	23.41	290	12780	77.2	67.63	84.55
Form 4	35	1990	12.5	7.78	19.42	213	12245	76.8	64.67	85.68
Form 5	64	2772	16.2	9.05	27.28	286	12519	73.1	65.75	79.43
School session										
Morning session	344	21606	26.9	20.64	34.26	924	54920	68.4	60.80	75.14
Evening session	7	399	12.6	5.77	25.46	31	2118	67.1	45.90	83.07
Morning and evening session	169	9599	20.0	14.05	27.60	638	33012	68.7	62.39	74.38
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	39	2391	26.3	18.57	35.91	98	6179	68.0	57.84	76.78
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	306	18868	23.0	16.87	30.43	1011	56906	69.2	62.58	75.16
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	91	5420	27.3	21.04	34.62	236	12562	63.3	53.60	71.99
Obese (>+2sd)	81	4742	23.5	17.60	30.69	247	14392	71.4	64.49	77.39
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	34	1916	22.4	13.89	34.12	120	5894	69.0	56.80	79.00
Normal (≥-2sd)	486	29688	24.1	18.61	30.66	1474	84258	68.5	62.12	74.20

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Table 3.4.11 : Source of food during recess time among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Restaurant/ kiosk					Hostel				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	55	3778	2.9	1.83	4.47	109	4390	3.3	1.14	9.35
Locality of school										
Urban	46	3197	2.7	1.66	4.31	105	4231	3.6	1.17	10.30
Rural	9	581	4.6	1.56	13.04	4	159	1.3	0.61	2.61
Sex										
Boys	34	2347	3.6	2.32	5.42	14	670	1.0	0.35	2.92
Girls	21	1431	2.2	1.04	4.52	95	3719	5.7	1.85	16.08
Ethnicity										
Malay	26	1517	1.9	1.25	2.84	107	4276	5.3	1.83	14.53
Chinese	19	1581	4.5	2.69	7.31	2	114	0.3	0.08	1.24
Indian	9	618	4.5	2.19	8.99					
Bumiputera Sabah										
Bumiputera Sarawak										
Others	1	62	10.2	1.46	46.37					
School level										
Primary school	23	1870	3.9	2.15	6.95	6	307	0.6	0.22	1.86
Secondary school	32	1908	2.3	1.24	4.15	103	4082	4.9	1.60	13.96
Class										
Standard 4	6	510	3.3	1.48	7.04	4	216	1.4	0.55	3.45
Standard 5	12	1006	6.2	3.43	10.92	2	92	0.6	0.13	2.48
Standard 6	5	355	2.2	0.60	7.68					
Form 1	10	762	4.4	1.93	9.89	11	603	3.5	1.11	10.54
Form 2	6	368	2.2	0.50	8.90	12	573	3.4	1.09	10.05
Form 3	4	185	1.1	0.33	3.67	19	651	3.9	0.99	14.37
Form 4	5	248	1.6	0.63	3.78	21	1024	6.4	0.90	34.09
Form 5	7	345	2.0	1.18	3.42	40	1232	7.2	1.94	23.30
School session										
Morning session	30	2065	2.6	1.54	4.27	19	800	1.0	0.43	2.29
Evening session	5	401	12.7	2.82	42.15	2	98	3.1	0.51	16.70
Morning and evening session	20	1313	2.7	1.47	5.03	88	3492	7.3	2.42	19.85
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	1	208	2.3	0.32	14.81	3	112	1.2	0.14	10.26
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	38	2287	2.8	1.59	4.81	75	3078	3.7	1.32	10.17
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	10	826	4.2	1.55	10.69	20	776	3.9	1.04	13.60
Obese (>+2sd)	6	458	2.3	0.92	5.51	11	423	2.1	0.65	6.54
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	6	324	3.8	1.61	8.66	6	226	2.7	0.84	8.07
Normal (≥-2sd)	49	3454	2.8	1.75	4.48	103	4163	3.4	1.14	9.60

Table 3.4.11 : Source of food during recess time among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Source of food during school break time				
	Count	Estimated Population	Other Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	31	1676	1.3	0.67	2.40
Locality of school					
Urban	29	1525	1.3	0.64	2.54
Rural	2	150	1.2	0.31	4.51
Sex					
Boys	16	967	1.5	0.61	3.46
Girls	15	709	1.1	0.56	2.07
Ethnicity					
Malay	19	917	1.1	0.58	2.25
Chinese	6	371	1.0	0.37	2.91
Indian	5	315	2.3	0.92	5.61
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	73	7.2	0.74	44.34
Others					
School level					
Primary school	4	216	0.4	0.15	1.33
Secondary school	27	1460	1.7	0.91	3.31
Class					
Standard 4	1	51	0.3	0.04	2.40
Standard 5	3	165	1.0	0.23	4.41
Standard 6					
Form 1	4	316	1.8	0.39	8.34
Form 2	1	57	0.3	0.04	2.73
Form 3	9	400	2.4	1.28	4.52
Form 4	8	438	2.7	1.17	6.31
Form 5	5	248	1.5	0.59	3.54
School session					
Morning session	17	896	1.1	0.52	2.39
Evening session	2	141	4.5	0.65	25.01
Morning and evening session	12	639	1.3	0.67	2.60
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	4	190	2.1	0.76	5.62
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	20	1067	1.3	0.70	2.40
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	4	269	1.4	0.34	5.16
Obese (>+2sd)	3	150	0.7	0.19	2.82
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	3	184	2.2	0.64	6.97
Normal (≥-2sd)	28	1492	1.2	0.59	2.46

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Table 3.4.12 : Prevalence of afternoon tea per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Afternoon tea frequency per week									
	Daily (7 days)					1 to 6 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	598	34814	25.1	23.02	27.29	1431	82265	59.3	55.28	63.19
Locality of school										
Urban	532	31090	24.9	22.76	27.13	1298	75065	60.1	55.80	64.18
Rural	66	3724	27.1	20.49	34.80	133	7200	52.3	50.31	54.29
Sex										
Boys	276	17619	25.3	22.07	28.84	673	41858	60.1	55.37	64.69
Girls	322	17195	24.9	21.82	28.21	758	40407	58.5	53.49	63.27
Ethnicity										
Malay	354	19239	23.2	20.47	26.15	995	53210	64.1	60.04	68.03
Chinese	140	9440	24.9	22.19	27.88	272	19176	50.6	46.55	54.70
Indian	91	5362	35.1	28.76	42.00	138	8402	55.0	47.18	62.57
Bumiputera Sabah	1	74	8.8	1.31	41.43	10	572	68.3	40.87	87.02
Bumiputera Sarawak	8	477	43.3	17.26	73.63	9	565	51.3	26.33	75.62
Others	4	221	32.9	14.81	58.04	7	338	50.3	24.37	76.10
School level										
Primary school	195	13404	26.6	24.84	28.35	447	30802	61.0	54.73	66.96
Secondary school	403	21410	24.3	21.29	27.50	984	51462	58.3	53.17	63.28
Class										
Standard 4	69	4095	23.8	16.29	33.37	166	11168	64.9	56.52	72.42
Standard 5	67	4843	29.6	22.94	37.35	149	9109	55.7	40.39	70.07
Standard 6	59	4466	26.4	16.69	39.08	132	10525	62.2	50.08	72.95
Form 1	69	4618	24.7	20.47	29.47	176	11877	63.5	57.94	68.74
Form 2	74	4051	22.9	18.29	28.18	188	10428	58.9	48.63	68.37
Form 3	75	3286	18.8	14.32	24.37	238	10466	60.0	52.24	67.27
Form 4	81	4817	28.6	20.32	38.59	163	9086	53.9	47.59	60.11
Form 5	104	4638	26.4	22.11	31.29	219	9605	54.8	49.05	60.37
School session										
Morning session	342	21246	25.0	22.21	28.07	833	49604	58.4	53.76	62.94
Evening session	11	679	20.1	11.62	32.59	39	2529	75.0	60.75	85.38
Morning and evening session	244	12835	25.6	22.97	28.34	557	30020	59.8	54.15	65.16
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	43	2865	29.2	22.89	36.38	95	5780	58.9	49.39	67.75
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	381	21985	25.5	23.15	28.03	894	51537	59.8	55.53	63.95
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	93	5515	26.3	22.05	31.09	211	11605	55.4	49.36	61.26
Obese (>+2sd)	79	4349	20.3	15.68	25.84	226	13083	61.0	54.40	67.28
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	47	2536	27.8	23.42	32.59	106	5479	60.0	52.84	66.77
Normal (≥-2sd)	550	32247	24.9	22.86	27.06	1323	76704	59.2	55.11	63.24

Table 3.4.12 : Prevalence of afternoon tea per week among adolescents per week by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Afternoon tea frequency per week				
	Count	Did not take afternoon tea			
		Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	395	21656	15.6	12.42	19.43
Locality of school					
Urban	342	18815	15.1	11.68	19.19
Rural	53	2841	20.6	15.93	26.32
Sex					
Boys	158	10146	14.6	11.66	18.06
Girls	237	11511	16.7	12.50	21.85
Ethnicity					
Malay	224	10519	12.7	9.48	16.75
Chinese	137	9259	24.4	19.85	29.71
Indian	28	1514	9.9	7.12	13.63
Bumiputera Sabah	3	192	22.9	6.32	56.68
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	60	5.4	0.72	31.31
Others	2	113	16.8	6.17	38.21
School level					
Primary school	79	6272	12.4	7.13	20.77
Secondary school	316	15384	17.4	14.12	21.32
Class					
Standard 4	29	1950	11.3	6.40	19.26
Standard 5	28	2389	14.6	7.87	25.55
Standard 6	22	1933	11.4	6.53	19.23
Form 1	31	2206	11.8	7.64	17.78
Form 2	57	3240	18.3	10.36	30.23
Form 3	85	3695	21.2	14.62	29.65
Form 4	54	2950	17.5	13.45	22.46
Form 5	89	3294	18.8	15.31	22.83
School session					
Morning session	229	14053	16.6	13.00	20.84
Evening session	2	162	4.8	1.62	13.48
Morning and evening session	163	7363	14.7	10.31	20.44
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	19	1172	11.9	7.79	17.87
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	236	12646	14.7	11.63	18.36
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	74	3834	18.3	13.47	24.37
Obese (>+2sd)	66	4005	18.7	12.28	27.39
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	26	1116	12.2	7.46	19.38
Normal (≥-2sd)	369	20540	15.9	12.57	19.82

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Table 3.4.13 : Source of food for afternoon tea among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Source of food for afternoon tea									
	Prepared at home					School canteen				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1346	78806	68.1	62.15	73.49	239	14076	12.2	8.28	17.53
Locality of school										
Urban	1207	71006	67.7	61.23	73.56	220	13077	12.5	8.26	18.40
Rural	139	7800	71.8	63.94	78.57	19	999	9.2	8.69	9.74
Sex										
Boys	621	39210	66.7	61.89	71.10	132	8175	13.9	9.73	19.46
Girls	725	39595	69.6	59.43	78.12	107	5901	10.4	6.55	16.04
Ethnicity										
Malay	851	46903	65.1	56.65	72.78	175	9775	13.6	8.52	20.95
Chinese	297	20395	72.5	66.70	77.66	27	1873	6.7	5.29	8.36
Indian	176	10283	76.4	69.75	81.97	29	1939	14.4	8.44	23.51
Bumiputera Sabah	9	543	84.0	50.66	96.42					
Bumiputera Sarawak	8	452	47.4	24.14	71.90	4	254	26.7	9.35	56.21
Others	5	229	41.0	12.19	77.68	4	234	41.9	14.45	75.46
School level										
Primary school	420	29595	68.3	61.25	74.60	115	6984	16.1	8.44	28.61
Secondary school	926	49211	68.0	59.32	75.53	124	7093	9.8	6.90	13.74
Class										
Standard 4	139	9066	61.0	52.80	68.64	49	3021	20.3	10.93	34.65
Standard 5	139	9240	67.7	59.77	74.72	43	2334	17.1	8.09	32.57
Standard 6	142	11289	76.2	68.24	82.63	23	1629	11.0	4.54	24.28
Form 1	149	9927	60.7	50.23	70.28	43	2935	17.9	10.96	27.99
Form 2	189	10529	72.7	63.35	80.43	22	1209	8.3	5.61	12.26
Form 3	227	9947	72.5	64.36	79.44	18	848	6.2	3.82	9.86
Form 4	174	10030	72.6	54.02	85.66	15	925	6.7	3.18	13.53
Form 5	187	8778	62.5	38.66	81.50	26	1176	8.4	3.87	17.19
School session										
Morning session	854	51697	73.9	70.57	77.05	104	6250	8.9	6.52	12.14
Evening session	21	1289	40.2	29.70	51.65	18	1118	34.8	15.67	60.59
Morning and evening session	468	25654	60.4	48.88	70.94	117	6708	15.8	9.54	25.04
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	96	6298	72.8	62.52	81.19	15	851	9.8	5.44	17.17
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	843	49118	67.5	61.02	73.41	148	8694	12.0	7.60	18.30
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	208	11864	70.2	63.02	76.49	36	2154	12.7	8.87	17.98
Obese (>+2sd)	196	11363	66.5	59.27	73.04	38	2264	13.3	8.86	19.37
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	95	5101	64.2	51.85	74.98	26	1381	17.4	9.00	30.97
Normal (≥-2sd)	1250	73673	68.4	62.52	73.77	212	12646	11.7	8.03	16.87

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Table 3.4.13 : Source of food for afternoon tea among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Source of food for afternoon tea									
	Restaurant/ kiosk					Hostel				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	185	10647	9.2	7.58	11.12	164	7714	6.7	2.90	14.60
Locality of school										
Urban	172	9940	9.5	7.74	11.55	144	6735	6.4	2.51	15.48
Rural	13	707	6.5	5.23	8.07	20	979	9.0	3.13	23.30
Sex										
Boys	102	5982	10.2	7.62	13.46	42	2731	4.6	2.65	8.00
Girls	83	4664	8.2	6.73	9.94	122	4983	8.8	2.65	25.31
Ethnicity										
Malay	114	6085	8.5	6.79	10.47	154	6867	9.5	3.85	21.75
Chinese	55	3635	12.9	9.54	17.29	5	519	1.8	0.60	5.55
Indian	11	611	4.5	3.29	6.23	3	247	1.8	0.68	4.84
Bumiputera Sabah	1	55	8.6	1.11	43.82	1	48	7.4	0.77	45.21
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	198	20.7	6.59	49.18	1	49	5.2	0.79	27.13
Others	1	62	11.2	1.69	47.83	1	33	6.0	0.70	36.30
School level										
Primary school	61	4124	9.5	7.03	12.76	10	816	1.9	0.85	4.12
Secondary school	124	6523	9.0	7.00	11.53	154	6898	9.5	3.89	21.52
Class										
Standard 4	25	1585	10.7	7.16	15.61	5	289	1.9	0.67	5.51
Standard 5	17	974	7.1	4.89	10.30	4	446	3.3	0.95	10.64
Standard 6	19	1564	10.6	6.46	16.78	1	82	0.6	0.10	3.08
Form 1	19	1305	8.0	3.99	15.32	20	1372	8.4	4.22	15.97
Form 2	21	1171	8.1	5.12	12.55	16	829	5.7	2.70	11.75
Form 3	41	1831	13.4	8.65	20.05	19	743	5.4	2.34	12.05
Form 4	16	918	6.6	3.37	12.69	32	1655	12.0	2.85	38.72
Form 5	27	1299	9.2	5.81	14.42	67	2299	16.4	4.18	46.79
School session										
Morning session	120	7192	10.3	8.60	12.27	42	2333	3.3	1.70	6.43
Evening session	7	412	12.8	2.91	42.01	1	51	1.6	0.14	15.22
Morning and evening session	58	3042	7.2	5.14	9.91	121	5330	12.6	4.42	30.83
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	15	903	10.5	6.31	16.82	5	196	2.3	0.79	6.29
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	116	6585	9.1	7.20	11.33	107	5046	6.9	2.89	15.75
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	21	1114	6.6	4.07	10.49	29	1428	8.4	3.92	17.28
Obese (>+2sd)	32	1994	11.7	8.51	15.81	22	1012	5.9	2.42	13.78
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	12	600	7.6	3.69	14.87	13	588	7.4	3.19	16.30
Normal (≥-2sd)	173	10047	9.3	7.77	11.16	150	7093	6.6	2.79	14.75

Table 3.4.13 : Source of food for afternoon tea among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Source of food for afternoon tea				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	Other	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	70	4493	3.9	2.74	5.47
Locality of school					
Urban	64	4120	3.9	2.69	5.71
Rural	6	374	3.4	3.34	3.54
Sex					
Boys	41	2728	4.6	3.23	6.60
Girls	29	1766	3.1	1.82	5.24
Ethnicity					
Malay	45	2364	3.3	2.22	4.83
Chinese	19	1701	6.0	2.99	11.87
Indian	5	378	2.8	1.25	6.19
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	49	5.2	0.79	27.13
Others					
School level					
Primary school	21	1812	4.2	1.93	8.83
Secondary school	49	2681	3.7	2.87	4.77
Class					
Standard 4	10	900	6.1	2.56	13.66
Standard 5	7	657	4.8	2.15	10.42
Standard 6	4	256	1.7	0.48	6.00
Form 1	12	815	5.0	2.79	8.76
Form 2	14	742	5.1	2.83	9.08
Form 3	7	344	2.5	1.21	5.11
Form 4	5	288	2.1	0.62	6.83
Form 5	11	492	3.5	1.97	6.18
School session					
Morning session	37	2445	3.5	2.40	5.07
Evening session	3	338	10.5	1.72	44.24
Morning and evening session	30	1710	4.0	2.78	5.80
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	397	4.6	1.81	11.18
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	47	3302	4.5	2.79	7.29
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	7	342	2.0	0.84	4.80
Obese (>+2sd)	9	453	2.7	1.25	5.53
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	5	270	3.4	1.18	9.38
Normal (≥-2sd)	65	4224	3.9	2.71	5.65

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Table 3.4.14 : Prevalence of heavy meal after dinner per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Heavy meal after dinner frequency per week									
	Daily (7 days)					1 to 6 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	180	10372	7.5	6.38	8.70	1616	92628	66.6	62.19	70.76
Locality of school										
Urban	161	9387	7.5	6.42	8.73	1449	83417	66.6	61.69	71.14
Rural	19	984	7.2	3.47	14.17	167	9211	66.9	61.95	71.53
Sex										
Boys	102	6193	8.9	7.20	10.88	776	48674	69.7	65.99	73.13
Girls	78	4179	6.0	4.45	8.14	840	43954	63.5	57.41	69.22
Ethnicity										
Malay	134	7415	8.9	7.79	10.21	1114	59022	71.0	67.83	74.06
Chinese	34	2157	5.7	3.34	9.45	295	21389	56.2	47.01	64.92
Indian	10	676	4.4	1.72	10.93	175	10385	68.0	62.77	72.76
Bumiputera Sabah						10	610	72.8	47.57	88.78
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	123	11.2	2.36	39.61	10	587	53.2	29.26	75.78
Others						12	635	94.5	69.57	99.22
School level										
Primary school	63	4088	8.1	5.99	10.79	472	32972	65.1	54.06	74.76
Secondary school	117	6284	7.1	6.02	8.38	1144	59656	67.5	64.38	70.41
Class										
Standard 4	30	1880	11.0	8.50	14.13	177	11769	68.9	54.15	80.55
Standard 5	15	881	5.3	3.56	7.83	165	11320	68.1	55.51	78.55
Standard 6	18	1326	7.8	5.09	11.87	130	9883	58.4	47.21	68.78
Form 1	19	1490	7.9	5.64	11.05	190	12738	67.8	60.83	74.09
Form 2	26	1326	7.5	4.07	13.37	210	11675	65.9	54.93	75.38
Form 3	23	984	5.6	3.48	8.96	269	12010	68.6	60.79	75.54
Form 4	21	1291	7.7	5.61	10.38	197	11112	65.9	60.23	71.21
Form 5	28	1193	6.8	4.91	9.32	278	12120	69.0	61.28	75.76
School session										
Morning session	99	5892	6.9	5.30	9.03	908	54788	64.5	58.73	69.86
Evening session	3	351	9.9	2.48	32.17	38	2352	66.3	45.73	82.11
Morning and evening session	78	4129	8.2	6.52	10.28	667	35301	70.2	65.27	74.65
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	19	1026	10.5	6.33	16.77	101	6249	63.7	57.47	69.42
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	115	6917	8.0	6.83	9.38	1012	57889	67.1	62.48	71.35
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	25	1330	6.3	4.23	9.42	242	13422	64.1	56.38	71.07
Obese (>+2sd)	21	1100	5.1	3.49	7.36	255	14742	68.2	61.06	74.61
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	16	796	8.7	5.31	13.98	121	6123	67.1	60.75	72.81
Normal (≥-2sd)	164	9576	7.4	6.24	8.71	1493	86423	66.6	61.84	71.01

Table 3.4.14 : Prevalence of heavy meal after dinner per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Heavy meal after dinner frequency per week				
	Did not take heavy meal after dinner				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	632	36054	25.9	21.88	30.44
Locality of school					
Urban	566	32485	25.9	21.46	30.96
Rural	66	3570	25.9	25.67	26.19
Sex					
Boys	231	14984	21.5	18.32	24.96
Girls	401	21070	30.4	24.64	36.94
Ethnicity					
Malay	327	16643	20.0	17.09	23.34
Chinese	222	14536	38.2	31.62	45.18
Indian	72	4218	27.6	22.28	33.65
Bumiputera Sabah	4	228	27.2	11.22	52.43
Bumiputera Sarawak	6	392	35.6	21.09	53.35
Others	1	37	5.5	0.78	30.43
School level					
Primary school	187	13572	26.8	17.80	38.24
Secondary school	445	22482	25.4	22.34	28.78
Class					
Standard 4	55	3442	20.1	9.98	36.45
Standard 5	67	4414	26.6	16.55	39.75
Standard 6	65	5715	33.8	22.88	46.70
Form 1	68	4554	24.2	19.32	29.96
Form 2	83	4718	26.6	17.20	38.80
Form 3	107	4504	25.7	19.06	33.79
Form 4	80	4450	26.4	21.43	32.06
Form 5	107	4256	24.2	17.32	32.79
School session					
Morning session	398	24275	28.6	23.35	34.44
Evening session	12	845	23.8	16.16	33.65
Morning and evening session	221	10877	21.6	17.74	26.09
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	37	2542	25.9	19.89	32.96
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	387	21510	24.9	20.74	29.63
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	111	6202	29.6	23.33	36.75
Obese (>+2sd)	96	5769	26.7	20.04	34.60
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	42	2212	24.2	18.46	31.11
Normal (≥-2sd)	589	33810	26.0	21.79	30.81

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Table 3.4.15 : Source of food for eating heavy meal after dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Source of food for eating for heavy meal after dinner									
	Home					Restaurant/kiosk				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	963	57471	56.7	50.67	62.60	543	31064	30.7	26.79	34.84
Locality of school										
Urban	866	52030	57.0	50.41	63.42	481	27738	30.4	26.17	35.01
Rural	97	5441	54.0	43.41	64.25	62	3327	33.0	28.03	38.43
Sex										
Boys	467	29471	54.7	48.96	60.29	301	18549	34.4	29.60	39.58
Girls	496	27999	59.1	48.32	69.01	242	12516	26.4	21.48	31.99
Ethnicity										
Malay	628	34246	52.3	46.19	58.33	371	20500	31.3	27.13	35.81
Chinese	228	16831	72.7	65.18	79.11	81	5260	22.7	15.13	32.66
Indian	91	5434	50.2	44.94	55.45	79	4620	42.7	37.07	48.48
Bumiputera Sabah	3	209	34.3	10.38	70.09	5	298	48.8	22.38	75.95
Bumiputera Sarawak	8	475	73.2	34.35	93.46	3	174	26.8	6.54	65.65
Others	5	276	47.8	22.44	74.32	4	214	37.0	20.84	56.79
School level										
Primary school	320	22965	63.8	53.77	72.84	157	10434	29.0	21.90	37.32
Secondary school	643	34506	52.8	46.06	59.48	386	20631	31.6	27.25	36.25
Class										
Standard 4	135	8873	67.7	56.85	76.97	46	2974	22.7	15.23	32.44
Standard 5	103	7987	66.6	44.41	83.28	58	3264	27.2	14.81	44.58
Standard 6	82	6105	56.1	44.32	67.31	53	4196	38.6	27.07	51.53
Form 1	111	7511	54.0	45.00	62.77	66	4484	32.2	25.88	39.34
Form 2	140	7842	61.1	52.53	69.01	61	3313	25.8	20.32	32.17
Form 3	157	7064	54.9	47.76	61.85	98	4361	33.9	27.63	40.79
Form 4	107	6124	49.4	38.52	60.29	74	4286	34.6	28.07	41.68
Form 5	128	5964	44.8	30.58	59.93	87	4186	31.4	19.73	46.12
School session										
Morning session	578	35704	60.0	53.76	65.86	317	18564	31.2	26.83	35.88
Evening session	24	1672	65.1	47.03	79.68	11	678	26.4	16.70	39.05
Morning and evening session	360	20040	51.4	42.38	60.31	213	11691	30.0	24.50	36.10
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	63	4170	58.7	44.13	71.84	37	2118	29.8	19.63	42.46
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	613	36813	57.8	51.06	64.19	332	18923	29.7	25.15	34.68
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	141	7864	53.8	45.70	61.79	82	4854	33.2	28.52	38.33
Obese (>+2sd)	143	8449	54.4	48.65	60.06	90	5049	32.5	27.94	37.45
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	77	3852	57.5	48.46	66.01	38	1960	29.2	22.24	37.39
Normal (≥-2sd)	886	53618	56.7	50.42	62.83	504	29055	30.7	26.79	35.00

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Table 3.4.15 : Source of food for eating heavy meal after dinner among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Source of food for eating heavy meal after dinner									
	Hostel					Others				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	158	6970	6.9	3.15	14.39	103	5790	5.7	4.24	7.67
Locality of school										
Urban	140	6071	6.7	2.74	15.31	96	5383	5.9	4.30	8.04
Rural	18	899	8.9	3.92	19.05	7	407	4.0	2.60	6.22
Sex										
Boys	37	2143	4.0	2.47	6.35	58	3728	6.9	5.48	8.70
Girls	121	4827	10.2	3.68	25.15	45	2062	4.3	2.06	8.93
Ethnicity										
Malay	148	6334	9.7	4.23	20.63	84	4403	6.7	4.94	9.09
Chinese	4	243	1.1	0.31	3.49	9	817	3.5	1.56	7.77
Indian	4	305	2.8	0.94	8.16	8	466	4.3	3.04	6.06
Bumiputera Sabah						2	103	16.9	4.04	49.63
Bumiputera Sarawak										
Others	2	88	15.2	3.53	46.70					
School level										
Primary school	8	450	1.3	0.48	3.20	31	2119	5.9	4.20	8.21
Secondary school	150	6520	10.0	4.58	20.38	72	3671	5.6	3.66	8.54
Class										
Standard 4	5	287	2.2	0.78	5.97	11	968	7.4	3.65	14.40
Standard 5	2	95	0.8	0.19	3.24	13	645	5.4	1.95	14.02
Standard 6	1	68	0.6	0.12	3.20	7	505	4.6	2.31	9.14
Form 1	18	1171	8.4	4.32	15.75	10	741	5.3	3.18	8.79
Form 2	21	1069	8.3	3.81	17.22	11	615	4.8	2.65	8.50
Form 3	19	760	5.9	2.69	12.49	15	681	5.3	2.87	9.54
Form 4	23	1154	9.3	2.35	30.48	14	839	6.8	3.09	14.14
Form 5	69	2367	17.8	5.67	43.72	22	796	6.0	1.96	16.79
School session										
Morning session	47	2465	4.1	2.32	7.28	46	2812	4.7	3.37	6.59
Evening session	2	100	3.9	0.62	20.80	2	118	4.6	0.85	21.34
Morning and evening session	109	4405	11.3	4.04	27.82	55	2860	7.3	4.56	11.59
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	6	223	3.1	0.67	13.49	11	596	8.4	5.11	13.49
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	103	4700	7.4	3.41	15.22	61	3295	5.2	3.46	7.66
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	27	1095	7.5	3.20	16.60	15	790	5.4	2.93	9.76
Obese (>+2sd)	22	952	6.1	2.62	13.68	15	1077	6.9	4.05	11.63
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	11	502	7.5	3.77	14.30	7	389	5.8	2.82	11.56
Normal (≥-2sd)	147	6468	6.8	3.04	14.70	95	5369	5.7	4.21	7.63

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Table 3.4.16 : Prevalence of fast food consumption per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Frequency of fast food consumption per week									
	Daily (7 days)					1 to 6 days				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	42	2447	1.8	1.06	2.91	1987	112627	81.1	76.51	84.96
Locality of school										
Urban	40	2357	1.9	1.13	3.11	1787	101773	81.2	76.15	85.45
Rural	2	90	0.7	0.12	3.68	200	10854	79.8	74.13	84.44
Sex										
Boys	26	1520	2.2	1.29	3.67	912	56831	81.4	76.92	85.26
Girls	16	927	1.3	0.65	2.76	1075	55796	80.7	75.11	85.33
Ethnicity										
Malay	30	1710	2.1	1.25	3.37	1372	72144	86.9	84.74	88.74
Chinese	9	537	1.4	0.51	3.83	359	25178	66.1	61.09	70.73
Indian	1	53	0.4	0.05	2.68	219	13189	87.2	81.77	91.23
Bumiputera Sabah			0.0	0.00	0.00	12	710	84.7	55.70	96.07
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	148	13.4	3.64	38.77	14	825	74.9	50.10	89.83
Others			0.0	0.00	0.00	11	581	86.4	41.41	98.28
School level										
Primary school	21	1238	2.4	1.23	4.79	580	39686	78.2	68.56	85.46
Secondary school	21	1209	1.4	0.68	2.75	1407	72941	82.8	78.31	86.48
Class										
Standard 4	13	759	4.4	2.00	9.36	214	13549	78.4	67.75	86.31
Standard 5	5	227	1.4	0.49	3.78	202	13255	80.0	68.23	88.12
Standard 6	3	252	1.5	0.64	3.45	164	12882	76.1	64.41	84.88
Form 1	6	434	2.3	0.78	6.78	222	15073	80.9	75.17	85.61
Form 2	6	299	1.7	0.83	3.43	260	14457	81.9	71.62	89.00
Form 3	1	30	0.2	0.02	1.23	324	14297	82.0	76.39	86.44
Form 4	5	301	1.8	0.62	5.06	257	14485	85.9	81.29	89.59
Form 5	3	145	0.8	0.27	2.48	344	14628	83.4	75.84	88.97
School session										
Morning session	29	1681	2.0	1.12	3.48	1114	66729	78.5	72.37	83.58
Evening session			0.0	0.00	0.00	46	2990	84.3	74.14	90.90
Morning and evening session	13	767	1.5	0.83	2.81	823	42665	85.2	82.10	87.81
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	2	162	1.7	0.23	10.83	129	7958	81.4	73.31	87.38
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	30	1735	2.0	1.15	3.48	1243	70191	81.4	77.11	84.97
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	5	261	1.3	0.55	2.86	292	16096	77.4	70.10	83.30
Obese (>+2sd)	5	289	1.3	0.42	4.20	316	18023	83.2	77.51	87.65
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	6	364	4.0	2.10	7.44	157	7830	85.8	78.62	90.78
Normal (≥-2sd)	36	2083	1.6	0.98	2.64	1827	104684	80.7	76.17	84.63

Table 3.4.16 : Prevalence of fast food consumption per week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Frequency of fast food consumption per week				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	Did not ate fast food	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	396	23812	17.1	13.11	22.10
Locality of school					
Urban	348	21149	16.9	12.49	22.42
Rural	48	2662	19.6	15.87	23.88
Sex					
Boys	170	11424	16.4	12.37	21.36
Girls	226	12388	17.9	13.22	23.85
Ethnicity					
Malay	172	9195	11.1	8.94	13.64
Chinese	183	12391	32.5	28.23	37.11
Indian	35	1877	12.4	8.73	17.36
Bumiputera Sabah	2	128	15.3	3.93	44.30
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	130	11.8	3.76	31.21
Others	2	91	13.6	1.72	58.59
School level					
Primary school	123	9847	19.4	11.70	30.41
Secondary school	273	13964	15.8	12.00	20.65
Class					
Standard 4	38	2964	17.2	8.46	31.70
Standard 5	39	3094	18.7	10.34	31.35
Standard 6	46	3790	22.4	14.02	33.79
Form 1	47	3117	16.7	12.31	22.35
Form 2	52	2901	16.4	9.10	27.86
Form 3	73	3117	17.9	13.38	23.46
Form 4	36	2067	12.3	9.19	16.19
Form 5	65	2762	15.8	10.07	23.79
School session					
Morning session	262	16598	19.5	14.25	26.16
Evening session	7	559	15.7	9.10	25.86
Morning and evening session	127	6655	13.3	10.41	16.81
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	25	1662	17.0	11.24	24.86
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	240	14348	16.6	12.89	21.20
Overweight (>+1sd - \leq +2sd)	79	4446	21.4	15.46	28.77
Obese (>+2sd)	52	3355	15.5	10.60	22.06
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	16	937	10.3	6.27	16.36
Normal (\geq -2sd)	380	22875	17.6	13.55	22.66

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Table 3.4.17 : Practice of bring food to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Bring food to school practices									
	Everyday					Occasionally				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	300	17336	12.5	9.91	15.59	1219	70771	50.9	45.64	56.21
Locality of school										
Urban	282	16263	13.0	10.29	16.26	1115	64713	51.7	46.24	57.07
Rural	18	1073	7.8	3.77	15.55	104	6058	44.2	27.60	62.15
Sex										
Boys	133	8507	12.2	9.68	15.22	506	32121	46.0	39.46	52.67
Girls	167	8829	12.8	9.40	17.13	713	38650	55.9	50.88	60.85
Ethnicity										
Malay	147	7680	9.2	7.07	11.99	750	39939	48.1	40.94	55.27
Chinese	92	6150	16.1	12.63	20.35	305	21115	55.4	49.04	61.50
Indian	54	3074	20.4	13.97	28.72	143	8535	56.6	48.92	63.90
Bumiputera Sabah	2	129	15.4	4.49	41.40	7	417	49.7	27.83	71.70
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	200	18.1	6.06	43.25	5	303	27.5	11.96	51.53
Others	2	104	15.4	3.12	50.76	9	462	68.6	44.55	85.63
School level										
Primary school	123	8425	16.6	12.60	21.51	438	30613	60.2	55.27	65.02
Secondary school	177	8911	10.1	7.66	13.24	781	40158	45.6	40.18	51.06
Class										
Standard 4	44	2942	17.0	11.48	24.52	164	10657	61.7	56.84	66.33
Standard 5	42	2800	16.9	12.94	21.66	147	9780	58.9	52.73	64.73
Standard 6	37	2683	15.9	8.68	27.18	127	10176	60.1	50.08	69.39
Form 1	29	1900	10.2	6.39	15.88	132	8804	47.2	37.70	56.97
Form 2	42	2281	12.9	8.29	19.46	141	8057	45.5	39.05	52.04
Form 3	44	1978	11.3	8.40	15.05	171	7350	42.0	37.40	46.75
Form 4	20	1080	6.4	3.89	10.48	147	8136	48.6	39.13	58.09
Form 5	42	1672	9.5	6.08	14.68	190	7811	44.6	36.21	53.29
School session										
Morning session	195	11961	14.1	11.13	17.60	710	43547	51.2	45.79	56.54
Evening session	9	497	14.4	7.83	24.90	31	2164	62.5	45.52	76.94
Morning and evening session	96	4878	9.7	7.43	12.63	477	25005	49.9	41.89	57.82
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	17	1146	11.7	7.29	18.18	78	5073	51.7	40.47	62.71
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	190	10884	12.6	10.07	15.67	745	43095	49.9	44.88	54.95
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	47	2691	12.9	9.05	18.14	193	10612	51.0	44.53	57.40
Obese (>+2sd)	46	2615	12.1	8.39	17.14	197	11664	54.0	45.17	62.53
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	19	949	10.4	5.99	17.60	83	4372	48.1	37.59	58.81
Normal (≥-2sd)	280	16337	12.6	9.96	15.79	1135	66366	51.2	45.97	56.31

Table 3.4.17 : Practice of bring food to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Bring food to school practices				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	Never	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	907	50837	36.6	29.83	43.92
Locality of school					
Urban	778	44253	35.3	28.51	42.82
Rural	129	6584	48.0	26.41	70.38
Sex					
Boys	470	29206	41.8	33.59	50.53
Girls	437	21630	31.3	25.06	38.30
Ethnicity					
Malay	678	35475	42.7	34.18	51.66
Chinese	155	10881	28.5	22.09	35.97
Indian	57	3482	23.1	14.02	35.55
Bumiputera Sabah	5	292	34.9	12.30	67.16
Bumiputera Sarawak	10	599	54.3	32.96	74.20
Others	2	107	16.0	4.55	43.06
School level					
Primary school	164	11775	23.2	19.24	27.64
Secondary school	743	39061	44.3	37.11	51.78
Class					
Standard 4	57	3674	21.3	14.61	29.89
Standard 5	58	4036	24.3	19.83	29.39
Standard 6	49	4066	24.0	17.50	32.03
Form 1	114	7936	42.6	32.51	53.30
Form 2	136	7381	41.7	32.49	51.44
Form 3	184	8171	46.7	40.67	52.81
Form 4	129	7539	45.0	33.78	56.74
Form 5	180	8034	45.9	35.50	56.60
School session					
Morning session	502	29574	34.8	27.80	42.43
Evening session	12	799	23.1	11.46	41.04
Morning and evening session	390	20274	40.4	31.83	49.64
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	62	3598	36.7	23.54	52.10
Normal ($\geq-2sd$ - $\leq+1sd$)	579	32361	37.5	30.96	44.49
Overweight ($>+1sd$ - $\leq+2sd$)	136	7511	36.1	29.55	43.19
Obese ($>+2sd$)	129	7334	33.9	24.43	44.94
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	76	3766	41.4	29.50	54.48
Normal ($\geq-2sd$)	830	47039	36.3	29.70	43.37

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Table 3.4.18 : Type of food usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of food									
	Nasi lemak/fried rice/mixed rice					Noodle/Vermicelli/ Kueh Teow				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	535	30356	35.9	28.99	43.35	238	13072	15.4	12.61	18.77
	100									
Locality of school										
Urban	488	27774	35.5	28.21	43.53	219	12000	15.3	12.30	18.96
Rural	47	2582	40.2	26.57	55.47	19	1072	16.7	16.01	17.38
Sex										
Boys	263	15924	40.8	32.48	49.73	96	5676	14.6	10.27	20.22
Girls	272	14433	31.6	25.09	38.94	142	7396	16.2	13.09	19.87
Ethnicity										
Malay	390	21276	46.1	40.07	52.19	157	8303	18.0	14.62	21.92
Chinese	96	6206	23.8	15.95	34.05	45	2855	11.0	7.52	15.72
Indian	40	2316	21.2	15.37	28.60	30	1560	14.3	8.81	22.38
Bumiputera Sabah	5	329	60.3	21.68	89.26	1	57	10.4	1.31	50.32
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	183	36.3	17.36	60.65	3	202	40.1	13.56	74.10
Others	1	47	9.4	0.97	52.09	2	96	18.9	3.37	60.93
School level										
Primary school	210	13505	36.0	23.60	50.61	84	5506	14.7	10.99	19.33
Secondary school	325	16851	35.7	29.17	42.88	154	7566	16.0	12.15	20.90
Class										
Standard 4	72	4171	32.8	17.99	52.09	20	1282	10.1	7.75	13.03
Standard 5	65	3929	32.2	22.34	44.06	34	2056	16.9	11.06	24.89
Standard 6	73	5405	42.8	30.86	55.73	30	2168	17.2	11.79	24.35
Form 1	58	3726	37.1	28.28	46.84	23	1592	15.8	10.30	23.59
Form 2	65	3572	36.7	24.88	50.30	28	1502	15.4	10.83	21.47
Form 3	74	3138	35.2	27.44	43.89	42	1812	20.3	13.89	28.78
Form 4	55	3162	35.1	25.60	46.03	28	1498	16.6	10.73	24.91
Form 5	73	3253	34.4	21.27	50.41	33	1163	12.3	6.60	21.74
School session										
Morning session	323	19068	35.7	27.67	44.63	136	7869	14.7	11.37	18.88
Evening session	15	951	37.3	22.05	55.47	4	271	10.6	3.35	28.97
Morning and evening session	196	10282	35.9	27.01	45.85	97	4877	17.0	13.11	21.82
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	32	1938	32.7	21.74	45.86	12	779	13.1	6.44	24.89
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	327	18531	35.8	28.29	44.09	142	7731	14.9	11.64	18.97
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	81	4222	33.0	23.93	43.62	42	2263	17.7	13.35	23.11
Obese (>+2sd)	93	5546	40.0	32.59	47.81	38	2079	15.0	9.78	22.27
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	41	2070	40.8	30.33	52.09	16	786	15.5	9.26	24.73
Normal (≥-2sd)	493	28237	35.5	28.47	43.25	221	12254	15.4	12.42	18.97

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Table 3.4.18 : Type of food usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Characteristics	Type of food									
	Bread/bun/sandwich					Nugget/sausage/burger				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	500	30869	36.5	27.02	47.07	119	6660	7.9	5.65	10.85
Locality of school										
Urban	461	28568	36.5	26.43	47.94	114	6402	8.2	5.86	11.32
Rural	39	2301	35.8	22.31	51.97	5	258	4.0	1.77	8.84
Sex										
Boys	182	12407	31.8	23.70	41.18	44	2685	6.9	4.12	11.28
Girls	318	18462	40.4	28.83	53.21	75	3975	8.7	6.48	11.60
Ethnicity										
Malay	205	10748	23.3	18.75	28.51	92	4899	10.6	7.81	14.26
Chinese	188	13785	53.0	36.60	68.70	14	1005	3.9	2.49	5.94
Indian	100	5998	55.0	42.95	66.52	9	508	4.7	2.12	9.95
Bumiputera Sabah	2	103	18.8	4.01	56.18	1	55	10.1	1.31	48.81
Bumiputera Sarawak			0.0	0.00	0.00	2	119	23.6	9.61	47.34
Others	5	235	46.4	22.77	71.83	1	74	14.6	1.96	59.42
School level										
Primary school	153	13104	34.9	18.52	55.92	47	2966	7.9	4.36	13.92
Secondary school	347	17764	37.7	28.75	47.51	72	3693	7.8	5.46	11.12
Class										
Standard 4	41	3586	28.2	11.74	53.74	16	1070	8.4	5.79	12.07
Standard 5	60	4879	40.0	23.33	59.46	15	787	6.5	2.23	17.29
Standard 6	52	4639	36.8	21.74	54.91	16	1110	8.8	4.17	17.61
Form 1	49	3188	31.7	24.44	40.05	13	916	9.1	5.08	15.83
Form 2	65	3810	39.1	21.53	60.05	17	934	9.6	5.85	15.31
Form 3	91	3980	44.7	33.32	56.62	17	682	7.7	4.59	12.51
Form 4	61	3301	36.7	28.68	45.50	14	721	8.0	5.02	12.54
Form 5	81	3484	36.8	22.79	53.53	11	441	4.7	2.21	9.55
School session										
Morning session	313	20854	39.0	27.33	52.18	70	4044	7.6	5.14	11.02
Evening session	8	487	19.1	11.41	30.15	4	257	10.1	5.46	17.79
Morning and evening session	179	9527	33.3	23.23	45.07	45	2359	8.2	5.26	12.67
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	34	2770	46.7	24.77	69.95	5	235	4.0	1.53	9.85
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	318	19067	36.8	27.95	46.74	71	3990	7.7	4.91	11.90
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	76	4589	35.9	25.81	47.44	23	1318	10.3	7.29	14.39
Obese (>+2sd)	72	4443	32.0	23.05	42.54	20	1117	8.0	4.89	12.96
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	24	1152	22.7	15.41	32.08	13	674	13.3	5.90	27.15
Normal (≥-2sd)	476	29717	37.4	27.69	48.20	106	5986	7.5	5.56	10.11

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Table 3.4.18 : Type of food usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of food									
	Biscuit					Fruits				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	169	9084	10.7	7.06	15.99	59	3526	4.2	2.54	6.76
Locality of school										
Urban	155	8242	10.5	6.65	16.28	58	3467	4.4	2.72	7.15
Rural	14	842	13.1	10.58	16.10	1	60	0.9	0.38	2.26
Sex										
Boys	36	2587	6.6	4.41	9.85	29	1589	4.1	1.93	8.39
Girls	133	6497	14.2	8.46	22.95	30	1937	4.2	2.54	7.01
Ethnicity										
Malay	107	4745	10.3	4.81	20.59	33	1789	3.9	2.10	7.03
Chinese	43	3238	12.4	8.34	18.16	22	1509	5.8	3.07	10.69
Indian	18	1046	9.6	5.35	16.62	4	228	2.1	0.94	4.56
Bumiputera Sabah										
Bumiputera Sarawak										
Others	1	54	10.7	1.71	45.12			0.0	0.00	0.00
School level										
Primary school	34	2915	7.8	4.19	13.96	41	2592	6.9	4.19	11.18
Secondary school	135	6169	13.1	7.70	21.34	18	934	2.0	1.10	3.54
Class										
Standard 4	16	1064	8.4	5.28	13.03	21	1168	9.2	4.99	16.32
Standard 5	11	1126	9.2	3.86	20.53	14	1014	8.3	5.05	13.41
Standard 6	7	724	5.7	2.23	14.00	6	410	3.3	1.23	8.31
Form 1	18	1164	11.6	7.38	17.72	4	262	2.6	1.11	6.02
Form 2	17	933	9.6	6.15	14.61	6	328	3.4	1.23	8.88
Form 3	10	437	4.9	2.90	8.17	1	45	0.5	0.07	3.47
Form 4	26	1338	14.9	5.92	32.67	4	199	2.2	0.75	6.38
Form 5	64	2297	24.3	11.20	44.92	3	100	1.1	0.30	3.65
School session										
Morning session	81	5125	9.6	7.11	12.84	33	2119	4.0	2.11	7.35
Evening session	6	504	19.7	8.04	40.90	3	206	8.1	2.52	22.92
Morning and evening session	82	3455	12.1	4.60	28.03	23	1202	4.2	1.99	8.64
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	323	5.4	1.96	14.22	4	246	4.1	1.21	13.19
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	114	6170	11.9	7.89	17.62	31	1836	3.5	2.09	5.95
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	24	1261	9.9	6.01	15.78	11	781	6.1	2.71	13.20
Obese (>+2sd)	24	1331	9.6	4.75	18.42	13	664	4.8	2.43	9.18
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	9	440	8.7	4.13	17.32	7	408	8.0	2.85	20.64
Normal (≥-2sd)	160	8643	10.9	7.09	16.32	52	3119	3.9	2.37	6.42

Table 3.4.18 : Type of food usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Type of food				
	Count	Estimated Population	Others Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	110	7121	8.4	5.86	11.92
Locality of school					
Urban	105	6849	8.8	6.11	12.38
Rural	5	272	4.2	1.43	11.88
Sex					
Boys	55	3860	9.9	6.34	15.12
Girls	55	3260	7.1	4.96	10.17
Ethnicity					
Malay	55	3130	6.8	4.91	9.29
Chinese	43	3342	12.8	8.48	18.97
Indian	11	592	5.4	2.78	10.33
Bumiputera Sabah	1	57	10.4	1.05	55.83
Bumiputera Sarawak			0.0	0.00	0.00
Others			0.0	0.00	0.00
School level					
Primary school	58	4506	12.0	7.98	17.68
Secondary school	52	2615	5.5	3.84	7.94
Class					
Standard 4	26	1823	14.3	11.67	17.52
Standard 5	16	1334	10.9	5.94	19.30
Standard 6	16	1348	10.7	5.69	19.18
Form 1	7	482	4.8	2.14	10.40
Form 2	9	498	5.1	2.71	9.45
Form 3	10	404	4.5	2.91	7.00
Form 4	16	874	9.7	4.85	18.50
Form 5	10	357	3.8	1.79	7.79
School session					
Morning session	65	4419	8.3	5.49	12.29
Evening session	4	410	16.1	5.25	39.84
Morning and evening session	41	2292	8.0	5.56	11.37
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	4	247	4.2	1.35	12.14
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	67	4335	8.4	5.13	13.38
Overweight (>+1sd - \leq +2sd)	15	851	6.7	4.33	10.11
Obese (>+2sd)	23	1637	11.8	6.97	19.27
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	10	506	10.0	4.82	19.49
Normal (\geq -2sd)	100	6614	8.3	5.72	11.94

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Table 3.4.19 : Practice of bring drinks to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Bring drinks to school practices									
	Everyday					Occasionally				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1124	61915	44.6	38.67	50.67	739	41329	29.8	24.87	35.17
Locality of school										
Urban	1018	55849	44.6	38.53	50.93	674	37930	30.3	25.07	36.14
Rural	106	6066	44.1	24.15	66.10	65	3399	24.7	16.76	34.81
Sex										
Boys	402	25544	36.6	31.35	42.28	357	21545	30.9	25.13	37.33
Girls	722	36371	52.6	44.47	60.61	382	19784	28.6	23.61	34.21
Ethnicity										
Malay	660	33467	40.3	34.33	46.67	557	30009	36.2	32.29	40.25
Chinese	255	16662	43.7	32.11	56.07	128	7906	20.7	14.18	29.32
Indian	189	10682	70.3	62.30	77.26	37	2412	15.9	11.78	21.07
Bumiputera Sabah	6	373	44.5	24.18	66.76	5	266	31.7	13.55	57.92
Bumiputera Sarawak	6	336	30.5	18.54	45.85	9	596	54.0	39.70	67.73
Others	8	395	58.8	27.57	84.26	3	141	20.9	4.42	60.23
School level										
Primary school	296	20578	40.6	33.75	47.87	262	16310	32.2	21.63	44.95
Secondary school	828	41337	46.9	38.83	55.09	477	25019	28.4	24.22	32.92
Class										
Standard 4	111	7056	41.0	32.64	49.89	97	5526	32.1	17.36	51.54
Standard 5	96	6576	39.8	36.03	43.66	96	5862	35.5	26.31	45.81
Standard 6	89	6946	41.0	28.80	54.50	69	4923	29.1	19.36	41.20
Form 1	137	8973	48.4	40.85	55.99	78	5379	29.0	22.44	36.57
Form 2	139	7828	44.2	34.01	54.86	98	5434	30.7	22.68	40.02
Form 3	194	8485	48.5	38.27	58.84	114	4899	28.0	22.99	33.61
Form 4	150	8053	47.8	35.24	60.61	80	4659	27.6	20.79	35.75
Form 5	208	7998	45.5	33.63	57.95	107	4648	26.5	20.48	33.45
School session										
Morning session	669	38943	45.9	39.40	52.52	397	23022	27.1	22.22	32.67
Evening session	29	1922	54.2	32.18	74.63	12	777	21.9	13.52	33.47
Morning and evening session	425	20997	54.2	32.18	74.63	329	17472	21.9	13.52	33.47
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	65	3879	39.5	29.67	50.29	52	3183	32.4	23.14	43.33
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	689	37795	43.9	37.22	50.78	452	25250	29.3	23.81	35.52
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	192	10324	49.4	41.88	56.97	108	5906	28.3	24.27	32.63
Obese (>+2sd)	176	9797	45.2	38.67	51.93	124	6834	31.5	24.62	39.39
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	71	3668	40.4	30.66	50.88	56	2800	30.8	24.22	38.31
Normal (≥-2sd)	1052	58198	44.9	38.91	51.01	682	38496	29.7	24.63	35.30

Table 3.4.19 : Practice of bring drinks to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Bring drinks to school practices				
	Count	Estimated Population	Never Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	562	35611	25.6	19.70	32.65
Locality of school					
Urban	481	31311	25.0	18.66	32.70
Rural	81	4300	31.2	19.68	45.73
Sex					
Boys	348	22630	32.5	26.55	38.98
Girls	214	12981	18.8	12.56	27.11
Ethnicity					
Malay	356	19471	23.5	17.83	30.25
Chinese	168	13538	35.5	24.43	48.43
Indian	30	2096	13.8	9.99	18.75
Bumiputera Sabah	3	200	23.8	8.20	52.28
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	170	15.5	4.36	42.34
Others	2	136	20.3	3.05	67.30
School level					
Primary school	164	13781	27.2	14.68	44.80
Secondary school	398	21830	24.8	20.13	30.05
Class					
Standard 4	56	4633	26.9	12.44	48.83
Standard 5	53	4093	24.8	15.02	38.00
Standard 6	55	5055	29.9	15.17	50.36
Form 1	59	4194	22.6	17.54	28.65
Form 2	82	4456	25.1	18.01	33.95
Form 3	91	4115	23.5	16.55	32.29
Form 4	68	4141	24.6	18.45	31.92
Form 5	98	4923	28.0	19.01	39.25
School session					
Morning session	338	22903	27.0	20.23	35.00
Evening session	12	849	23.9	8.23	52.50
Morning and evening session	210	11726	23.9	8.23	52.50
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	40	2755	28.1	20.81	36.67
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	370	23071	26.8	20.80	33.77
Overweight ($>$ +1sd - \leq +2sd)	77	4665	22.3	16.21	29.93
Obese ($>$ +2sd)	73	5037	23.2	15.04	34.13
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	51	2618	28.8	20.95	38.20
Normal (\geq -2sd)	510	32961	25.4	19.31	32.68

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Table 3.4.20 : Type of drinks usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of drinks									
	Plain water					Flavoured water/ packed drink/ syrup drink/ tea/ coffee/ Milo				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	1645	90010	87.3	82.54	90.87	176	10501	10.2	7.69	13.37
Locality of school										
Urban	1500	82243	87.7	82.71	91.45	166	9889	10.5	7.88	13.99
Rural	145	7767	82.7	70.48	90.54	10	613	6.5	4.11	10.21
Sex										
Boys	640	39491	83.9	79.46	87.59	76	5010	10.6	8.04	13.97
Girls	1005	50519	90.1	83.92	94.04	100	5492	9.8	6.40	14.70
Ethnicity										
Malay	1107	57233	90.2	86.75	92.77	109	6139	9.7	7.34	12.65
Chinese	308	19994	81.5	70.05	89.26	50	3205	13.1	8.25	20.07
Indian	203	11258	86.5	75.71	92.89	10	780	6.0	2.66	12.91
Bumiputera Sabah	7	422	66.1	30.80	89.51	3	161	25.3	9.18	53.05
Bumiputera Sarawak	11	652	69.9	46.64	86.11	2	119	12.8	4.46	31.45
Others	9	452	84.3	48.23	96.89	2	98	18.3	3.53	57.68
School level										
Primary school	449	30076	81.6	73.23	87.82	89	5991	16.3	12.41	21.01
Secondary school	1196	59934	90.4	85.31	93.88	87	4511	6.8	5.32	8.67
Class										
Standard 4	158	9611	76.4	68.17	83.02	28	1779	14.1	9.49	20.55
Standard 5	158	10334	83.4	74.84	89.39	26	1749	14.1	11.61	17.05
Standard 6	133	10131	85.4	73.11	92.59	35	2463	20.7	11.96	33.53
Form 1	185	12053	84.4	70.23	92.55	15	1082	7.6	4.08	13.63
Form 2	208	11621	87.6	79.73	92.72	24	1279	9.6	6.47	14.12
Form 3	282	12128	90.6	83.03	95.02	16	727	5.4	3.27	8.88
Form 4	218	11965	94.1	90.24	96.52	12	641	5.0	2.51	9.85
Form 5	303	12167	96.2	91.40	98.38	20	783	6.2	3.02	12.26
School session										
Morning session	933	53894	87.1	81.48	91.25	102	6468	10.5	7.82	13.85
Evening session	30	1993	73.9	29.27	95.07	3	170	6.3	0.90	33.11
Morning and evening session	680	34011	88.4	83.39	92.06	71	3863	10.0	7.35	13.57
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	102	5965	84.5	77.15	89.76	13	1117	15.8	6.04	35.43
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	1003	54897	87.2	81.92	91.07	115	6623	10.5	7.64	14.32
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	273	14474	89.4	81.72	94.08	20	1197	7.4	4.40	12.17
Obese (>+2sd)	263	14454	86.9	80.43	91.48	27	1507	9.1	6.25	12.97
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	108	5361	82.9	75.57	88.34	16	873	13.5	8.05	21.74
Normal (≥-2sd)	1536	84617	87.6	82.88	91.18	159	9579	9.9	7.51	12.99

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Table 3.4.20 : Type of drinks usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of drinks									
	Carbonated drink					Milk/ cultured drink				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	31	1840	1.8	1.00	3.15	74	4251	4.1	2.89	5.85
Locality of school										
Urban	25	1417	1.5	0.82	2.75	69	3940	4.2	2.87	6.11
Rural	6	423	4.5	1.98	9.91	5	311	3.3	1.80	6.01
Sex										
Boys	20	1216	2.6	1.46	4.54	38	2252	4.8	2.87	7.87
Girls	11	624	1.1	0.54	2.30	36	2000	3.6	2.51	5.05
Ethnicity										
Malay	13	664	1.0	0.62	1.76	38	2007	3.2	2.03	4.89
Chinese	12	731	3.0	1.38	6.32	25	1536	6.3	4.11	9.44
Indian	5	397	3.1	1.35	6.74	8	530	4.1	1.62	9.83
Bumiputera Sabah			0.0	0.00	0.00	1	55	8.7	1.18	42.96
Bumiputera Sarawak			0.0	0.00	0.00	1	73	7.8	0.79	47.23
Others	1	47	8.8	0.92	50.25	1	51	9.4	0.99	52.08
School level										
Primary school	14	774	2.1	0.86	5.05	32	1926	5.2	3.12	8.64
Secondary school	17	1066	1.6	0.75	3.40	42	2326	3.5	2.17	5.62
Class										
Standard 4	6	310	2.5	0.64	9.01	16	882	7.0	3.84	12.44
Standard 5	4	190	1.5	0.46	5.01	10	645	5.2	3.20	8.35
Standard 6	4	274	2.3	0.54	9.34	6	399	3.4	1.66	6.68
Form 1	8	601	4.2	1.58	10.74	8	611	4.3	1.77	9.99
Form 2	3	158	1.2	0.36	3.87	11	639	4.8	2.47	9.20
Form 3	4	204	1.5	0.44	5.14	8	357	2.7	1.42	4.93
Form 4	1	71	0.6	0.07	4.24	6	316	2.5	0.80	7.45
Form 5	1	32	0.3	0.04	1.50	9	402	3.2	1.35	7.32
School session										
Morning session	19	1094	1.8	0.96	3.23	41	2317	3.7	2.26	6.15
Evening session	5	309	11.5	2.56	38.91	2	112	4.2	0.63	22.75
Morning and evening session	7	436	1.1	0.44	2.90	31	1822	4.7	3.09	7.20
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	3	207	2.9	0.62	12.79	2	110	1.6	0.40	5.86
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	21	1221	1.9	1.11	3.37	43	2371	3.8	2.45	5.76
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	5	311	1.9	0.83	4.37	11	767	4.7	2.36	9.28
Obese (>+2sd)	2	101	0.6	0.07	4.76	18	1003	6.0	3.71	9.65
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	2	146	2.3	0.50	9.60	2	85	1.3	0.27	6.15
Normal (≥-2sd)	29	1694	1.8	0.99	3.09	72	4166	4.3	3.03	6.11

Table 3.4.20 : Type of drinks usually bring to school among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Type of drinks				
	Count	Estimated Population	Others Percentage (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	32	2135	2.1	1.11	3.83
Locality of school					
Urban	26	1727	1.8	0.94	3.59
Rural	6	408	4.3	1.41	12.56
Sex					
Boys	19	1267	2.7	1.56	4.61
Girls	13	867	1.5	0.63	3.77
Ethnicity					
Malay	9	635	1.0	0.45	2.20
Chinese	20	1268	5.2	2.92	8.99
Indian	2	143	1.1	0.22	5.25
Bumiputera Sabah			0.0	0.00	0.00
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	88	9.5	1.14	48.91
Others			0.0	0.00	0.00
School level					
Primary school	17	1215	3.3	1.39	7.60
Secondary school	15	920	1.4	0.59	3.21
Class					
Standard 4	9	524	4.2	1.38	11.92
Standard 5	7	633	5.1	2.09	11.93
Standard 6	1	58	0.5	0.06	3.75
Form 1	1	88	0.6	0.08	4.52
Form 2	6	376	2.8	0.90	8.57
Form 3	4	188	1.4	0.44	4.35
Form 4	3	189	1.5	0.47	4.59
Form 5	1	78	0.6	0.07	5.05
School session					
Morning session	26	1652	2.7	1.50	4.72
Evening session			0.0	0.00	0.00
Morning and evening session	6	482	1.3	0.44	3.49
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	1	208	2.9	0.38	19.63
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	18	1045	1.7	0.80	3.42
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	4	341	2.1	0.62	6.93
Obese (>+2sd)	9	540	3.2	1.32	7.76
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	2	104	1.6	0.35	7.07
Normal (≥-2sd)	30	2031	2.1	1.13	3.89

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Table 3.4.21 : Spending of pocket money among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Spending of pocket money									
	Buy food/drinks					Buy stationery				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1436	80426	59.5	53.50	65.23	79	5021	3.7	2.67	5.14
Locality of school										
Urban	1287	72558	59.5	52.91	65.78	75	4802	3.9	2.83	5.45
Rural	149	7868	59.4	50.81	67.39	4	219	1.7	0.74	3.65
Sex										
Boys	650	40474	60.0	54.31	65.51	40	2841	4.2	2.60	6.76
Girls	786	39952	59.0	51.51	66.02	39	2180	3.2	2.02	5.08
Ethnicity										
Malay	1055	55184	67.7	63.36	71.77	31	1878	2.3	1.53	3.46
Chinese	232	16197	44.4	37.78	51.29	34	2304	6.3	4.89	8.13
Indian	121	7365	50.1	42.97	57.32	13	784	5.3	3.03	9.23
Bumiputera Sabah	8	512	61.1	30.79	84.71	1	55	6.6	0.83	37.19
Bumiputera Sarawak	13	798	77.6	47.63	92.93			0.0	0.00	0.00
Others	7	370	55.0	34.06	74.34			0.0	0.00	0.00
School level										
Primary school	372	25775	52.5	40.95	63.86	34	2416	4.9	3.02	7.92
Secondary school	1064	54652	63.5	58.18	68.44	45	2606	3.0	2.06	4.43
Class										
Standard 4	131	8387	50.5	38.89	62.07	13	718	4.3	2.38	7.74
Standard 5	130	8515	53.7	42.41	64.71	13	1153	7.3	3.43	14.80
Standard 6	111	8872	53.4	39.35	66.94	8	544	3.3	1.18	8.73
Form 1	152	10409	57.6	52.75	62.39	11	775	4.3	2.34	7.74
Form 2	212	11582	66.8	54.97	76.80	11	654	3.8	2.01	6.97
Form 3	237	10292	60.3	51.99	68.07	11	506	3.0	1.67	5.21
Form 4	201	11281	68.3	60.73	74.94	5	292	1.8	0.70	4.36
Form 5	262	11088	64.8	54.76	73.60	7	379	2.2	1.04	4.65
School session										
Morning session	792	47275	57.4	50.35	64.11	43	2627	3.2	2.12	4.77
Evening session	29	1953	56.5	45.15	67.13	7	529	15.3	5.67	35.12
Morning and evening session	613	31089	63.3	57.73	68.63	29	1865	3.8	2.26	6.32
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	105	6625	67.5	57.44	76.15	5	433	4.4	1.78	10.49
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	921	50944	61.0	52.95	68.44	41	2464	2.9	1.90	4.56
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	205	11037	53.7	46.17	61.14	13	872	4.2	2.46	7.24
Obese (>+2sd)	201	11624	55.6	48.08	62.87	20	1253	6.0	3.92	9.05
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	109	5450	62.4	50.13	73.19	8	419	4.8	2.62	8.61
Normal (≥-2sd)	1325	74895	59.3	53.30	65.02	71	4603	3.6	2.59	5.10

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Table 3.4.21 : Spending of pocket money among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Spending of pocket money									
	Saving					Others				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	726	42412	31.4	26.85	36.28	127	7317	5.4	4.45	6.57
Locality of school										
Urban	653	38212	31.3	26.37	36.78	111	6351	5.2	4.24	6.38
Rural	73	4200	31.7	27.46	36.24	16	966	7.3	5.05	10.41
Sex										
Boys	320	19861	29.5	25.09	34.25	67	4238	6.3	4.81	8.17
Girls	406	22551	33.3	27.77	39.28	60	3080	4.5	3.49	5.89
Ethnicity										
Malay	389	20821	25.5	22.41	28.96	69	3617	4.4	3.36	5.84
Chinese	225	15385	42.2	36.15	48.51	41	2564	7.0	5.29	9.30
Indian	99	5509	37.5	31.28	44.18	15	1029	7.0	3.88	12.32
Bumiputera Sabah	5	271	32.3	13.35	59.67			0.0	0.00	0.00
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	123	12.0	2.77	39.37	2	108	10.5	1.89	41.44
Others	6	302	45.0	25.66	65.94			0.0	0.00	0.00
School level										
Primary school	260	18391	37.5	29.00	46.82	38	2480	5.1	4.27	5.98
Secondary school	466	24021	27.9	24.00	32.15	89	4838	5.6	4.25	7.38
Class										
Standard 4	95	6356	38.3	27.82	49.94	17	1145	6.9	5.58	8.49
Standard 5	83	5398	34.1	25.74	43.52	13	776	4.9	3.27	7.28
Standard 6	82	6637	40.0	30.98	49.66	8	559	3.4	1.46	7.55
Form 1	88	5731	31.7	26.76	37.16	16	1143	6.3	4.14	9.56
Form 2	77	4447	25.6	17.91	35.28	12	659	3.8	2.07	6.88
Form 3	120	5300	31.1	24.87	38.00	21	967	5.7	2.97	10.56
Form 4	72	4042	24.5	18.52	31.54	15	914	5.5	2.79	10.65
Form 5	109	4502	26.3	19.84	33.95	25	1154	6.7	2.94	14.71
School session										
Morning session	448	27519	33.4	27.50	39.86	84	4974	6.0	4.46	8.13
Evening session	16	978	28.3	17.76	41.80			0.0	0.00	0.00
Morning and evening session	261	13837	28.2	23.90	32.93	42	2286	4.7	3.47	6.22
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	39	2285	23.3	14.74	34.75	8	473	4.8	2.34	9.68
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	428	25539	30.6	24.66	37.18	82	4609	5.5	4.15	7.30
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	132	7406	36.1	30.39	42.15	20	1223	6.0	3.96	8.86
Obese (>+2sd)	124	7018	33.6	26.82	41.06	17	1012	4.8	3.04	7.63
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	41	2268	25.9	17.86	36.09	12	604	6.9	3.85	12.08
Normal (≥-2sd)	684	40112	31.8	27.28	36.59	115	6714	5.3	4.25	6.62

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Table 3.4.22 : Prevalence of eating out in a week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Frequency of eating out in a week									
	7 times or more					4 to 6 times				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	80	5153	3.7	2.73	5.04	284	16684	12.0	9.84	14.64
Locality of school										
Urban	73	4764	3.8	2.75	5.27	262	15360	12.3	9.94	15.12
Rural	7	388	2.8	2.17	3.66	22	1324	9.6	6.09	14.88
Sex										
Boys	54	3444	4.9	3.62	6.73	160	9904	14.2	11.26	17.81
Girls	26	1709	2.5	1.42	4.29	124	6780	9.8	7.63	12.56
Ethnicity										
Malay	40	2221	2.7	1.62	4.41	173	9559	11.5	8.64	15.26
Chinese	31	2405	6.3	5.06	7.86	74	4741	12.4	8.46	17.95
Indian	8	467	3.1	1.56	5.92	28	1861	12.2	9.25	15.94
Bumiputera Sabah			0.0	0.00	0.00	2	112	13.4	3.35	40.67
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	60	5.7	0.78	32.06	5	286	27.5	7.28	64.68
Others			0.0	0.00	0.00	2	125	18.5	3.81	56.60
School level										
Primary school	42	2997	5.9	4.83	7.30	118	7456	14.8	10.71	20.07
Secondary school	38	2156	2.4	1.67	3.56	166	9227	10.5	8.40	12.95
Class										
Standard 4	24	1553	9.1	6.77	12.08	47	2798	16.4	10.97	23.72
Standard 5	10	905	5.4	2.75	10.50	43	2489	15.0	8.68	24.62
Standard 6	8	539	3.2	1.36	7.48	28	2169	13.0	9.94	16.77
Form 1	7	492	2.6	1.15	5.86	21	1570	8.4	5.24	13.07
Form 2	6	317	1.8	0.95	3.39	40	2287	13.0	10.01	16.70
Form 3	11	519	3.0	1.66	5.29	39	1863	10.7	7.56	14.90
Form 4	4	216	1.3	0.51	3.16	27	1564	9.3	7.01	12.19
Form 5	10	613	3.5	1.75	6.83	39	1943	11.1	7.78	15.50
School session										
Morning session	54	3704	4.4	3.00	6.32	171	10195	12.0	9.95	14.48
Evening session	1	56	1.6	0.43	5.56	10	625	17.6	10.33	28.45
Morning and evening session	25	1392	2.8	1.60	4.78	103	5863	11.7	8.46	15.96
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	5	487	5.0	2.20	10.96	32	2181	22.4	16.45	29.68
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	51	3110	3.6	2.47	5.25	177	10423	12.1	9.80	14.85
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	14	898	4.3	2.35	7.84	38	2037	9.8	6.12	15.34
Obese (>+2sd)	9	601	2.8	1.34	5.67	36	1992	9.2	6.44	13.03
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	7	425	4.7	2.10	10.01	24	1276	14.0	9.99	19.22
Normal (≥-2sd)	73	4728	3.7	2.66	4.99	260	15408	11.9	9.67	14.57

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Table 3.4.22 : Prevalence of eating out in a week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Frequency of eating out in a week									
	1 to 3 times					Never				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1755	100670	72.6	69.24	75.73	302	16150	11.6	8.80	15.27
Locality of school										
Urban	1583	91341	73.1	69.55	76.44	251	13426	10.8	8.07	14.18
Rural	172	9329	67.8	60.70	74.11	51	2723	19.8	10.50	34.15
Sex										
Boys	772	48756	70.0	64.84	74.73	119	7530	10.8	8.17	14.18
Girls	983	51914	75.2	71.47	78.61	183	8619	12.5	8.51	17.97
Ethnicity										
Malay	1166	62095	75.0	71.10	78.56	191	8900	10.8	7.04	16.08
Chinese	372	25953	68.1	61.53	74.09	74	4989	13.1	9.35	18.06
Indian	188	10970	72.0	65.73	77.48	32	1943	12.7	8.66	18.37
Bumiputera Sabah	10	589	70.2	42.07	88.44	2	138	16.4	3.45	51.97
Bumiputera Sarawak	9	553	53.1	28.98	75.82	2	142	13.7	3.27	42.62
Others	10	511	75.9	43.50	92.82	1	37	5.5	0.78	30.43
School level										
Primary school	495	35527	70.5	65.16	75.26	64	4442	8.8	5.34	14.20
Secondary school	1260	65143	73.8	69.56	77.69	238	11708	13.3	9.70	17.89
Class										
Standard 4	167	11269	65.9	56.95	73.91	24	1471	8.6	4.51	15.80
Standard 5	178	12015	72.3	67.27	76.85	16	1207	7.3	4.40	11.77
Standard 6	150	12242	73.2	62.39	81.87	24	1764	10.6	4.30	23.65
Form 1	204	13674	72.8	65.60	78.99	45	3046	16.2	10.67	23.87
Form 2	241	13350	75.8	70.80	80.24	30	1650	9.4	5.88	14.60
Form 3	295	12917	74.1	69.04	78.62	52	2129	12.2	8.03	18.15
Form 4	222	12644	75.0	67.45	81.32	45	2429	14.4	8.29	23.89
Form 5	298	12559	71.5	65.15	77.07	66	2454	14.0	8.71	21.66
School session										
Morning session	1017	61810	72.9	69.31	76.28	159	9038	10.7	7.76	14.49
Evening session	37	2397	67.5	54.39	78.41	5	470	13.2	4.88	31.24
Morning and evening session	698	36274	72.4	67.84	76.50	137	6587	13.1	8.95	18.89
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	101	6129	62.9	54.25	70.77	18	949	9.7	5.76	16.00
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	1096	62750	72.8	68.82	76.49	187	9881	11.5	8.55	15.21
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	274	15113	72.7	66.95	77.85	49	2729	13.1	8.86	19.04
Obese (>+2sd)	281	16514	76.4	72.23	80.15	46	2503	11.6	7.78	16.89
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	125	6258	68.5	62.31	74.15	23	1172	12.8	8.15	19.65
Normal (≥-2sd)	1628	94331	72.9	69.46	76.07	278	14945	11.5	8.68	15.21

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Table 3.4.23 : Prevalence of consuming snack food in a week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

	7 times or more					4 to 6 times				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	143	7346	5.3	4.24	6.59	489	26060	18.8	15.45	22.63
Locality of school										
Urban	128	6569	5.3	4.11	6.70	450	24026	19.2	15.61	23.44
Rural	15	777	5.6	4.50	7.07	39	2034	14.8	11.43	18.90
Sex										
Boys	69	3907	5.6	4.24	7.39	214	13046	18.7	15.57	22.37
Girls	74	3439	5.0	3.61	6.83	275	13014	18.8	14.31	24.37
Ethnicity										
Malay	92	4382	5.3	4.00	6.94	366	19058	23.0	20.33	25.85
Chinese	35	2086	5.5	3.65	8.16	69	4102	10.8	7.29	15.71
Indian	12	613	4.0	2.66	6.05	42	2256	14.8	9.48	22.36
Bumiputera Sabah			0.0	0.00	0.00	4	218	26.0	9.15	54.93
Bumiputera Sarawak	4	265	25.4	7.84	57.75	4	243	23.4	8.92	48.69
Others			0.0	0.00	0.00	4	184	27.3	17.09	40.65
School level										
Primary school	41	2509	5.0	3.59	6.82	121	7490	14.8	9.37	22.65
Secondary school	102	4837	5.5	4.11	7.28	368	18570	21.1	17.89	24.61
Class										
Standard 4	22	1285	7.5	4.58	12.08	45	2576	15.1	8.34	25.69
Standard 5	12	736	4.4	3.00	6.51	43	2296	13.8	6.71	26.45
Standard 6	7	488	2.9	1.49	5.54	33	2619	15.5	10.62	22.15
Form 1	9	607	3.2	1.08	9.23	48	3392	18.1	13.61	23.57
Form 2	15	777	4.4	2.14	8.82	60	3275	18.5	13.79	24.45
Form 3	37	1584	9.1	6.32	12.87	77	3385	19.4	14.66	25.22
Form 4	16	839	5.0	2.80	8.76	75	4047	24.1	18.50	30.79
Form 5	25	1031	5.9	3.62	9.42	108	4471	25.5	19.02	33.27
School session										
Morning session	78	4173	4.9	3.97	6.08	269	15261	18.0	14.29	22.40
Evening session	1	52	1.5	0.14	14.08	7	419	11.8	7.22	18.75
Morning and evening session	64	3121	6.2	4.45	8.65	212	10325	20.6	15.94	26.18
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	16	789	8.0	4.36	14.37	26	1448	14.8	8.86	23.57
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	83	4329	5.0	3.90	6.43	327	17641	20.5	16.48	25.09
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	23	1153	5.5	3.20	9.44	73	3612	17.4	12.77	23.17
Obese (>+2sd)	21	1075	5.0	3.26	7.57	63	3359	15.6	11.42	20.96
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	8	387	4.2	2.12	8.29	38	1940	21.2	14.56	29.92
Normal (≥-2sd)	135	6959	5.4	4.22	6.83	451	24120	18.6	15.22	22.58

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Table 3.4.23 : Prevalence of consuming snack food in a week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Frequency of consuming snack foods per week									
	1-3 times					Never				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	1674	97465	70.2	67.04	73.25	116	7889	5.7	3.55	8.98
Locality of school										
Urban	1488	87313	69.9	66.34	73.15	104	7088	5.7	3.39	9.33
Rural	186	10152	73.8	73.44	74.06	12	801	5.8	2.29	14.01
Sex										
Boys	750	47813	68.7	64.70	72.36	72	4875	7.0	4.63	10.45
Girls	924	49652	71.8	67.60	75.72	44	3014	4.4	2.31	8.09
Ethnicity										
Malay	1080	57479	69.3	66.43	72.00	35	2045	2.5	1.79	3.38
Chinese	382	27171	71.5	63.09	78.65	63	4640	12.2	8.25	17.71
Indian	185	11246	73.8	65.99	80.29	17	1131	7.4	5.67	9.64
Bumiputera Sabah	9	547	65.2	42.28	82.78	1	74	8.8	1.31	41.43
Bumiputera Sarawak	9	533	51.2	27.19	74.68			0.0	0.00	0.00
Others	9	489	72.7	59.35	82.91			0.0	0.00	0.00
School level										
Primary school	498	36042	71.3	64.00	77.65	60	4504	8.9	4.50	16.87
Secondary school	1176	61423	69.6	66.78	72.34	56	3386	3.8	2.64	5.54
Class										
Standard 4	171	11729	68.6	55.95	78.95	24	1514	8.8	4.01	18.43
Standard 5	172	12157	73.3	64.11	80.91	19	1388	8.4	3.72	17.78
Standard 6	155	12157	72.1	63.51	79.29	17	1602	9.5	4.45	19.15
Form 1	206	13777	73.4	64.20	80.86	14	1007	5.4	4.09	6.99
Form 2	234	13079	74.0	69.81	77.83	9	539	3.0	1.44	6.34
Form 3	272	11883	68.1	62.51	73.24	12	594	3.4	1.90	6.05
Form 4	197	11315	67.4	59.76	74.25	9	582	3.5	1.62	7.24
Form 5	267	11370	64.8	56.47	72.38	12	664	3.8	2.15	6.58
School session										
Morning session	972	59734	70.4	66.18	74.33	83	5660	6.7	3.85	11.32
Evening session	40	2635	74.3	61.42	83.95	5	442	12.5	4.61	29.50
Morning and evening session	659	34906	69.6	64.10	74.63	28	1787	3.6	2.26	5.58
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	108	6946	70.8	63.22	77.32	7	632	6.4	2.74	14.41
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	1039	60128	69.7	65.61	73.52	64	4159	4.8	2.96	7.76
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	253	14209	68.3	61.82	74.16	26	1828	8.8	4.53	16.37
Obese (>+2sd)	267	15822	73.5	68.11	78.28	19	1270	5.9	3.88	8.87
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	127	6438	70.5	62.97	77.06	6	366	4.0	1.35	11.34
Normal (≥-2sd)	1544	90914	70.2	66.83	73.36	110	7523	5.8	3.71	8.98

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Table 3.4.24 : Type of snack foods usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of snack foods									
	Bread/ bun/ sandwich					French fries				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	843	46561	33.5	29.20	38.18	365	21257	15.3	13.48	17.34
Locality of school										
Urban	761	42029	33.6	28.80	38.75	334	19576	15.6	13.70	17.81
Rural	82	4532	33.0	31.58	34.55	31	1681	12.3	10.88	13.79
Sex										
Boys	391	24617	35.4	31.54	39.41	182	11045	15.9	13.31	18.81
Girls	452	21944	31.7	25.70	38.37	183	10212	14.8	12.35	17.53
Ethnicity										
Malay	581	30534	36.8	32.11	41.65	242	13551	16.3	14.02	18.89
Chinese	148	9322	24.6	17.62	33.23	83	5350	14.1	11.10	17.79
Indian	97	5742	37.7	27.68	48.81	34	2022	13.3	8.87	19.36
Bumiputera Sabah	5	299	35.7	17.39	59.48	2	106	12.6	2.75	42.49
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	136	12.3	3.18	37.43	4	229	20.7	9.19	40.39
Others	10	528	78.5	58.83	90.32					
School level										
Primary school	185	12728	25.2	20.67	30.37	133	8744	17.3	13.48	21.98
Secondary school	658	33832	38.3	34.36	42.39	232	12513	14.2	12.73	15.74
Class										
Standard 4	62	4351	25.2	18.80	32.88	54	3407	19.7	16.07	23.97
Standard 5	59	3610	22.1	15.92	29.74	39	2494	15.2	10.58	21.48
Standard 6	64	4767	28.3	20.98	36.95	40	2844	16.9	11.48	24.11
Form 1	89	6035	32.1	25.24	39.89	37	2511	13.4	8.93	19.54
Form 2	111	6140	34.7	28.43	41.45	54	2931	16.5	12.84	21.06
Form 3	167	7163	40.9	32.13	50.35	54	2489	14.2	10.65	18.75
Form 4	129	7522	44.8	35.57	54.35	37	2155	12.8	9.54	17.03
Form 5	162	6972	39.8	32.93	47.01	50	2426	13.8	9.94	18.94
School session										
Morning session	492	28173	33.2	27.70	39.26	233	14161	16.7	14.65	18.98
Evening session	22	1606	45.3	30.01	61.46	12	721	20.3	13.09	30.15
Morning and evening session	328	16727	33.3	29.33	37.52	120	6375	12.7	9.93	16.07
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	53	3212	33.0	24.95	42.09	20	1142	11.7	7.42	18.00
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	543	29881	34.7	29.77	39.93	234	13723	15.9	13.99	18.07
Overweight ($>$ +1sd - \leq +2sd)	125	6693	32.0	26.52	38.04	54	3204	15.3	11.03	20.89
Obese ($>$ +2sd)	119	6646	30.7	25.72	36.22	56	3132	14.5	11.08	18.69
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	52	2366	25.9	16.82	37.69	27	1418	15.5	10.05	23.22
Normal (\geq -2sd)	788	44081	34.0	29.63	38.70	338	19839	15.3	13.47	17.35

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Table 3.4.24 : Type of snack foods usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of snack foods									
	Biscuit					Fruits				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	526	27933	20.1	16.39	24.45	478	28644	20.6	15.73	26.58
Locality of school										
Urban	481	25702	20.5	16.49	25.29	431	26018	20.8	15.46	27.37
Rural	45	2231	16.3	12.39	21.07	47	2626	19.2	12.95	27.39
Sex										
Boys	186	11525	16.6	13.91	19.60	191	11897	17.1	13.85	20.91
Girls	340	16409	23.7	18.12	30.37	287	16747	24.2	16.90	33.37
Ethnicity										
Malay	347	16698	20.1	15.03	26.34	233	12404	14.9	11.82	18.69
Chinese	126	8269	21.8	15.92	29.16	193	13003	34.3	23.84	46.59
Indian	43	2434	16.0	11.38	21.94	48	2961	19.4	15.23	24.44
Bumiputera Sabah	5	263	31.4	12.08	60.46	1	74	8.8	1.31	41.43
Bumiputera Sarawak	4	231	21.0	7.56	46.28	3	202	18.3	6.80	40.89
Others	1	37	5.5	0.78	30.43					
School level										
Primary school	106	8269	16.4	12.16	21.70	220	15061	29.8	20.23	41.62
Secondary school	420	19664	22.3	17.26	28.21	258	13582	15.4	12.96	18.15
Class										
Standard 4	32	2330	13.5	9.29	19.19	90	5783	33.5	22.73	46.27
Standard 5	37	2702	16.5	12.76	21.12	76	4978	30.4	18.33	46.03
Standard 6	37	3237	19.2	13.24	27.02	54	4300	25.5	17.41	35.76
Form 1	49	3037	16.2	11.44	22.37	55	3748	20.0	15.64	25.11
Form 2	73	3971	22.4	16.37	29.88	46	2656	15.0	11.03	20.04
Form 3	100	4288	24.5	19.63	30.13	64	2674	15.3	10.95	20.93
Form 4	60	3118	18.6	10.59	30.47	37	2103	12.5	9.51	16.31
Form 5	138	5250	29.9	20.18	41.95	56	2401	13.7	9.05	20.19
School session										
Morning session	264	15671	18.5	15.48	21.92	287	18189	21.5	14.67	30.25
Evening session	7	426	12.0	6.75	20.48	11	775	21.8	10.44	40.11
Morning and evening session	253	11703	23.3	16.02	32.60	180	9680	19.3	15.26	24.03
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	29	1571	16.1	10.17	24.60	32	2077	21.3	13.61	31.77
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	342	17793	20.7	16.39	25.68	285	17213	20.0	15.52	25.33
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	72	3935	18.8	13.23	26.05	82	4767	22.8	15.47	32.25
Obese (>+2sd)	81	4514	20.9	14.96	28.33	79	4587	21.2	15.14	28.86
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	37	1812	19.8	14.99	25.80	33	1757	19.2	12.95	27.62
Normal (≥-2sd)	489	26121	20.2	16.29	24.67	445	26886	20.7	15.79	26.78

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Table 3.4.24 : Type of snack foods usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of snack foods									
	Nuts					Fish cracker				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	62	3962	2.9	2.02	4.02	366	20007	14.4	11.35	18.13
Locality of school										
Urban	59	3775	3.0	2.13	4.26	326	17948	14.3	11.11	18.33
Rural	3	187	1.4	0.38	4.82	40	2059	15.0	7.76	27.06
Sex										
Boys	35	2182	3.1	2.01	4.86	171	10549	15.2	11.67	19.46
Girls	27	1780	2.6	1.30	5.02	195	9457	13.7	10.38	17.78
Ethnicity										
Malay	34	1797	2.2	1.38	3.38	310	16479	19.8	18.12	21.67
Chinese	14	1178	3.1	1.83	5.23	25	1684	4.4	2.96	6.63
Indian	10	704	4.6	1.64	12.29	26	1603	10.5	7.98	13.74
Bumiputera Sabah	2	144	17.1	3.75	52.36					
Bumiputera Sarawak						4	206	18.7	6.26	44.29
Others	2	138	20.6	5.76	52.38	1	33	5.0	0.55	32.92
School level										
Primary school	17	1476	2.9	1.62	5.23	75	5012	9.9	5.55	17.13
Secondary school	45	2486	2.8	1.84	4.28	291	14994	17.0	13.96	20.49
Class										
Standard 4	8	942	5.5	1.51	17.86	13	747	4.3	2.27	8.08
Standard 5	226	14951	1.2	0.46	3.32	29	1895	11.6	7.28	17.94
Standard 6	5	330	2.0	1.06	3.60	33	2370	14.1	6.47	27.92
Form 1	10	746	4.0	1.60	9.53	43	2863	15.2	10.40	21.78
Form 2	7	400	2.3	1.02	4.94	54	2951	16.7	11.21	24.03
Form 3	12	498	2.8	1.48	5.41	67	2901	16.6	11.74	22.89
Form 4	8	438	2.6	1.17	5.69	59	3355	20.0	15.87	24.82
Form 5	8	403	2.3	0.89	5.83	68	2925	16.7	12.49	21.91
School session										
Morning session	43	2922	3.4	2.40	4.92	201	11674	13.8	10.16	18.40
Evening session	2	107	3.0	0.99	8.81	2	112	3.1	0.86	10.89
Morning and evening session	17	933	1.9	1.05	3.27	162	8163	16.2	12.94	20.21
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	2	105	1.1	0.24	4.74	22	1230	12.6	6.87	22.03
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	33	2189	2.5	1.71	3.75	233	12712	14.8	11.66	18.50
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	9	629	3.0	1.31	6.74	55	2870	13.7	9.70	19.07
Obese (>+2sd)	18	1039	4.8	3.22	7.11	56	3194	14.8	9.99	21.29
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	2	127	1.4	0.30	6.10	38	1926	21.1	14.85	29.08
Normal (≥-2sd)	60	3835	3.0	2.11	4.14	328	18080	14.0	10.93	17.65

Table 3.4.24 : Type of snack foods usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Type of snack foods				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	Ice cream	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	325	18140	13.1	10.55	16.07
Locality of school					
Urban	282	15933	12.7	10.10	15.93
Rural	43	2207	16.1	9.69	25.53
Sex					
Boys	127	7660	11.0	8.73	13.79
Girls	198	10480	15.1	11.94	19.01
Ethnicity					
Malay	205	10734	12.9	9.77	16.90
Chinese	82	5241	13.8	9.99	18.85
Indian	34	1889	12.4	8.31	18.08
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak	4	275	24.9	6.62	60.86
Others					
School level					
Primary school	116	7623	15.1	9.98	22.20
Secondary school	209	10517	11.9	9.74	14.47
Class					
Standard 4	46	2665	15.4	8.24	27.05
Standard 5	38	2629	16.1	10.81	23.24
Standard 6	32	2328	13.8	8.05	22.68
Form 1	38	2556	13.6	9.45	19.21
Form 2	37	1976	11.2	7.24	16.79
Form 3	50	2236	12.8	9.25	17.39
Form 4	40	2110	12.6	8.28	18.59
Form 5	44	1639	9.3	6.94	12.49
School session					
Morning session	166	9789	11.5	8.91	14.84
Evening session	4	256	7.2	2.05	22.45
Morning and evening session	154	8040	16.0	12.23	20.67
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	26	1765	18.1	11.81	26.73
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	204	11404	13.2	10.18	17.03
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	54	2729	13.0	9.39	17.85
Obese ($> +2sd$)	41	2242	10.4	6.98	15.12
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	27	1316	14.4	9.01	22.27
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	298	16823	13.0	10.50	15.95

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Table 3.4.25 : Prevalence of snack food and/or drinks usually bought out of school area in a week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	frequency of bought snack food and/or drink out of school area in a week									
	5 times or more					1 to 4 times				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	254	14359	10.3	7.87	13.44	1482	82853	59.6	51.69	67.02
Locality of school										
Urban	232	13011	10.4	7.73	13.82	1343	75339	60.1	51.38	68.29
Rural	22	1348	9.8	5.82	16.02	139	7514	54.6	51.82	57.33
Sex										
Boys	147	8897	12.7	9.29	17.20	694	42064	60.2	51.73	68.07
Girls	107	5462	7.9	5.48	11.27	788	40789	59.0	50.35	67.09
Ethnicity										
Malay	178	9380	11.3	7.82	16.04	1055	56109	67.6	61.07	73.43
Chinese	53	3477	9.1	5.74	14.20	250	16175	42.5	31.64	54.05
Indian	15	1012	6.6	3.97	10.85	147	8804	57.6	51.71	63.33
Bumiputera Sabah	3	200	23.9	6.82	57.40	9	526	62.8	30.98	86.39
Bumiputera Sarawak	5	290	26.3	9.83	53.84	12	743	67.4	47.55	82.49
Others			0.0	0.00	0.00	9	496	73.7	49.89	88.76
School level										
Primary school	97	5925	11.7	7.25	18.25	424	27896	55.0	37.40	71.35
Secondary school	157	8434	9.6	6.95	12.99	1058	54957	62.3	56.29	67.87
Class										
Standard 4	39	2379	13.8	9.31	19.90	146	9258	53.6	38.49	68.08
Standard 5	37	2161	13.0	7.21	22.44	143	8739	52.7	35.37	69.47
Standard 6	21	1385	8.2	3.84	16.59	135	9899	58.5	35.56	78.25
Form 1	41	2755	14.7	11.18	19.12	176	12052	64.4	55.82	72.09
Form 2	34	1812	10.3	5.41	18.59	225	12419	70.3	62.54	77.02
Form 3	46	2025	11.6	7.09	18.39	266	11658	66.8	60.67	72.32
Form 4	23	1266	7.5	3.66	14.78	165	9328	55.3	44.54	65.68
Form 5	13	577	3.3	1.88	5.69	226	9500	54.1	43.40	64.38
School session										
Morning session	144	8338	9.8	7.28	13.07	851	49200	57.8	47.28	67.69
Evening session	6	351	9.9	4.96	18.74	37	2442	68.8	58.51	77.57
Morning and evening session	104	5670	11.3	7.50	16.70	591	31044	61.9	53.72	69.43
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	12	623	6.3	3.55	11.10	95	5864	59.7	47.84	70.59
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	160	9196	10.6	8.15	13.79	932	51819	60.0	51.98	67.53
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	36	1974	9.4	6.11	14.26	231	12763	60.9	51.40	69.66
Obese (>+2sd)	46	2566	11.9	7.66	18.04	218	12079	56.0	45.73	65.84
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	23	1097	12.0	7.25	19.26	112	5707	62.5	51.35	72.47
Normal (≥-2sd)	231	13262	10.2	7.81	13.27	1368	77064	59.4	51.32	66.95

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Table 3.4.25 : Prevalence of snack food and/or drinks usually bought out of school area in a week among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	snack food and/ or drinks usually bought out of school area in a week				
	Count	Estimated Population	Never Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	691	41833	30.1	21.77	39.96
Locality of school					
Urban	600	36930	29.5	20.42	40.51
Rural	91	4903	35.6	33.43	37.87
Sex					
Boys	268	18929	27.1	19.08	36.92
Girls	423	22904	33.1	23.85	43.91
Ethnicity					
Malay	341	17565	21.1	13.79	31.02
Chinese	248	18447	48.4	35.36	61.70
Indian	95	5462	35.8	30.41	41.47
Bumiputera Sabah	2	112	13.3	2.62	46.66
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	70	6.3	1.01	30.90
Others	4	177	26.3	11.24	50.11
School level					
Primary school	203	16945	33.4	16.27	56.36
Secondary school	488	24888	28.2	21.38	36.17
Class					
Standard 4	80	5636	32.6	17.11	53.18
Standard 5	66	5669	34.2	15.83	58.98
Standard 6	57	5640	33.3	14.49	59.59
Form 1	59	3916	20.9	13.68	30.63
Form 2	59	3438	19.5	11.45	31.09
Form 3	86	3782	21.7	17.21	26.88
Form 4	110	6259	37.1	24.76	51.47
Form 5	174	7492	42.6	32.72	53.19
School session					
Morning session	412	27551	32.4	21.68	45.30
Evening session	10	755	21.3	12.29	34.28
Morning and evening session	268	13448	26.8	17.61	38.57
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	50	3329	33.9	22.50	47.56
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	422	25342	29.3	21.39	38.80
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	111	6216	29.7	20.47	40.87
Obese (>+2sd)	107	6913	32.1	20.90	45.76
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	44	2327	25.5	15.69	38.59
Normal (≥-2sd)	646	39474	30.4	21.99	40.39

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Table 3.4.26 : Type of snack food and/ or drinks usually bought out of school area among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of food/ drinks									
	Candy/chocolate					French fries/nugget/sausage				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	306	17836	12.8	9.85	16.54	462	24511	17.6	13.91	22.08
Locality of school										
Urban	271	15826	12.6	9.41	16.75	438	23098	18.4	14.46	23.21
Rural	35	2010	14.6	10.56	19.84	24	1413	10.3	6.18	16.57
Sex										
Boys	144	8559	12.3	9.14	16.24	185	10779	15.4	12.07	19.51
Girls	162	9276	13.4	9.53	18.54	277	13732	19.8	15.10	25.62
Ethnicity										
Malay	193	10773	13.0	8.86	18.56	316	15898	19.1	14.63	24.59
Chinese	63	3897	10.2	7.25	14.29	95	5802	15.3	11.11	20.59
Indian	42	2731	17.9	12.45	24.99	42	2278	14.9	8.01	26.05
Bumiputera Sabah	2	111	13.2	1.52	59.97	3	200	23.8	8.20	52.28
Bumiputera Sarawak	5	291	26.4	8.64	57.60	3	171	15.5	3.55	47.71
Others	1	33	5.0	0.55	32.92	3	163	24.3	10.38	47.06
School level										
Primary school	128	8235	16.3	10.23	24.87	104	6768	13.4	8.77	19.86
Secondary school	178	9601	10.9	8.48	13.81	358	17743	20.1	15.60	25.43
Class										
Standard 4	45	2729	15.9	9.39	25.69	38	2479	14.5	10.41	19.74
Standard 5	42	2297	13.8	6.48	27.07	35	1982	11.9	7.62	18.19
Standard 6	41	3209	19.0	12.32	28.21	31	2307	13.7	6.93	25.20
Form 1	31	2120	11.3	7.77	16.11	64	4203	22.4	17.42	28.27
Form 2	48	2699	15.2	10.54	21.50	77	4156	23.5	17.26	31.04
Form 3	31	1439	8.2	4.81	13.72	96	4043	23.1	16.18	31.87
Form 4	29	1607	9.5	6.14	14.52	46	2489	14.8	8.86	23.60
Form 5	39	1736	9.9	6.17	15.46	75	2853	16.2	10.79	23.71
School session										
Morning session	160	9758	11.5	8.78	14.86	261	14701	17.3	13.27	22.21
Evening session	5	272	7.7	3.25	17.01	12	785	22.1	9.21	44.30
Morning and evening session	141	7806	15.5	11.43	20.76	188	8971	17.9	13.63	23.03
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	28	1660	16.9	9.84	27.52	19	933	9.5	4.95	17.48
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	190	10966	12.7	9.84	16.26	282	15182	17.6	14.28	21.47
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	38	2178	10.4	7.39	14.52	76	3756	18.0	13.08	24.21
Obese (>+2sd)	50	3031	14.0	9.49	20.15	83	4526	20.9	14.72	28.77
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	30	1589	17.4	11.49	25.47	28	1260	13.8	8.64	21.32
Normal (≥-2sd)	275	16197	12.5	9.53	16.17	434	23251	17.9	14.06	22.55

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Table 3.4.26 : Type of snack food and/ or drinks usually bought out of school area among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Characteristics	Type of snack food/ drinks									
	Flavoured drink/carbonated drink					Pickles				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	593	32808	23.6	18.47	29.62	56	3505	2.5	1.88	3.38
Locality of school										
Urban	548	30334	24.2	18.61	30.85	48	3025	2.4	1.73	3.36
Rural	45	2474	18.0	15.64	20.57	8	480	3.5	2.59	4.67
Sex										
Boys	333	20146	28.8	23.79	34.48	33	2056	2.9	1.99	4.34
Girls	260	12662	18.3	12.77	25.51	23	1449	2.1	1.14	3.82
Ethnicity										
Malay	463	24883	29.9	23.95	36.68	35	1845	2.2	1.49	3.28
Chinese	68	4159	10.9	8.09	14.64	14	1134	3.0	1.93	4.59
Indian	47	2909	19.0	15.02	23.82	5	392	2.6	1.51	4.33
Bumiputera Sabah	4	229	27.3	9.39	57.76					
Bumiputera Sarawak	7	403	36.5	22.41	53.46	1	61	5.5	0.89	27.68
Others	4	225	33.5	7.74	75.09	1	74	11.0	1.86	44.55
School level										
Primary school	127	8151	16.1	10.48	23.92	25	1738	3.4	2.94	4.00
Secondary school	466	24657	27.9	21.97	34.68	31	1767	2.0	1.21	3.27
Class										
Standard 4	31	1943	11.3	7.29	17.19	12	695	4.1	1.97	8.14
Standard 5	48	2879	17.3	11.08	26.08	8	703	4.2	2.22	7.91
Standard 6	48	3328	19.7	10.58	33.82	5	340	2.0	0.88	4.55
Form 1	63	4264	22.7	17.66	28.68	9	710	3.8	1.65	8.45
Form 2	92	5033	28.4	20.08	38.53	6	333	1.9	0.88	3.98
Form 3	152	6634	37.9	28.89	47.85	6	265	1.5	0.59	3.82
Form 4	91	5462	32.4	23.17	43.25	3	190	1.1	0.35	3.58
Form 5	68	3264	18.6	12.84	26.11	7	268	1.5	0.81	2.84
School session										
Morning session	344	19654	23.1	16.78	30.96	35	2357	2.8	1.96	3.90
Evening session	15	943	26.6	17.56	38.08	2	107	3.0	0.55	14.92
Morning and evening session	232	12102	24.1	18.41	30.84	19	1041	2.1	1.17	3.66
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	41	2652	27.0	18.38	37.83	10	742	7.6	3.84	14.34
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	369	20235	23.4	18.00	29.93	35	2233	2.6	1.74	3.84
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	95	5026	24.1	18.07	31.26	4	238	1.1	0.37	3.43
Obese (>+2sd)	87	4832	22.3	16.71	29.11	7	292	1.3	0.67	2.67
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	41	2151	23.6	17.17	31.42	6	344	3.8	1.44	9.51
Normal (≥-2sd)	552	30657	23.6	18.34	29.85	50	3161	2.4	1.77	3.35

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Table 3.4.26 : Type of snack food and/ or drinks usually bought out of school area among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Type of food/ drink									
	Snack food					Fish cracker				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	208	11342	8.2	6.63	10.00	193	10659	7.7	5.62	10.37
Locality of school										
Urban	184	10083	8.0	6.39	10.10	170	9611	7.7	5.52	10.57
Rural	24	1258	9.1	8.72	9.58	23	1048	7.6	2.95	18.28
Sex										
Boys	101	6047	8.7	6.54	11.38	99	5896	8.4	6.27	11.27
Girls	107	5295	7.7	5.81	10.02	94	4763	6.9	4.77	9.84
Ethnicity										
Malay	131	6977	8.4	6.84	10.25	155	8295	10.0	7.69	12.86
Chinese	57	3172	8.3	4.29	15.61	18	1213	3.2	1.73	5.82
Indian	17	1031	6.7	4.80	9.42	16	934	6.1	2.62	13.60
Bumiputera Sabah	2	102	12.2	2.41	43.86	2	106	12.6	2.75	42.49
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	59	5.4	0.87	26.90	1	46	4.2	0.61	23.82
Others						1	65	9.6	0.99	53.03
School level										
Primary school	56	3321	6.6	4.13	10.26	64	3986	7.9	4.20	14.27
Secondary school	152	8021	9.1	7.55	10.86	129	6674	7.5	5.43	10.40
Class										
Standard 4	19	1064	6.2	3.47	10.83	21	1183	6.9	3.44	13.34
Standard 5	19	1038	6.2	3.79	10.13	25	1521	9.2	4.34	18.29
Standard 6	18	1219	7.2	4.13	12.35	18	1282	7.6	3.08	17.56
Form 1	28	1944	10.4	7.02	15.01	27	1863	9.9	5.95	16.09
Form 2	30	1712	9.7	7.14	12.95	18	888	5.0	2.57	9.53
Form 3	29	1264	7.2	5.40	9.60	33	1443	8.2	5.09	13.09
Form 4	30	1750	10.4	6.69	15.77	25	1355	8.0	5.12	12.40
Form 5	35	1351	7.7	4.93	11.80	26	1125	6.4	3.89	10.38
School session										
Morning session	123	6921	8.1	5.98	10.99	101	5709	6.7	4.51	9.90
Evening session	5	289	8.1	3.63	17.21	3	175	4.9	2.23	10.61
Morning and evening session	80	4132	8.2	6.69	10.07	88	4717	9.4	6.60	13.19
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	14	772	7.9	4.65	13.00	6	395	4.0	1.58	9.84
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	144	7708	8.9	6.87	11.53	129	6748	7.8	5.61	10.80
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	25	1427	6.8	4.91	9.42	34	2111	10.1	6.50	15.39
Obese (>+2sd)	25	1434	6.6	3.93	10.93	22	1280	5.9	3.82	9.03
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	23	1116	12.2	7.77	18.73	22	1152	12.6	6.91	21.92
Normal (≥-2sd)	185	10225	7.9	6.26	9.87	171	9507	7.3	5.35	9.95

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Table 3.4.26: Type of snack food and/ or drinks usually bought out of school area among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Type of snack foods				
	Ice cream				
	Count	Estimated Population	Percentage (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	222	12105	8.7	6.37	11.79
Locality of school					
Urban	199	11002	8.8	6.30	12.11
Rural	23	1103	8.0	3.31	18.16
Sex					
Boys	77	4646	6.7	4.80	9.14
Girls	145	7459	10.8	7.54	15.18
Ethnicity					
Malay	158	8036	9.7	6.89	13.40
Chinese	45	2952	7.8	4.98	11.91
Indian	18	1057	6.9	4.03	11.62
Bumiputera Sabah					
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	60	5.4	0.72	31.31
Others					
School level					
Primary school	94	6005	11.9	8.51	16.29
Secondary school	128	6100	6.9	4.34	10.79
Class					
Standard 4	35	1999	11.7	7.39	17.91
Standard 5	30	1968	11.8	8.42	16.40
Standard 6	29	2038	12.1	7.36	19.21
Form 1	15	912	4.9	2.43	9.49
Form 2	28	1525	8.6	5.86	12.46
Form 3	37	1508	8.6	5.21	13.93
Form 4	22	1108	6.6	3.01	13.78
Form 5	26	1047	6.0	3.38	10.31
School session					
Morning session	130	7303	8.6	6.23	11.74
Evening session	5	280	7.9	2.87	19.90
Morning and evening session	87	4522	9.0	6.28	12.74
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	14	773	7.9	4.07	14.71
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	138	7471	8.7	5.93	12.47
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	25	1366	6.5	4.21	10.02
Obese (>+2sd)	43	2387	11.0	6.96	17.00
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	11	468	5.1	2.06	12.16
Normal (≥-2sd)	211	11638	9.0	6.54	12.18

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Table 3.4.27 : Media sources which affected dietary pattern among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont.)

Characteristics	Sources of media									
	Social media					Television				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
Negeri Sembilan	920	49365	35.5	30.34	41.01	726	40938	29.4	24.86	34.47
Locality of school										
Urban	839	45366	36.2	30.63	42.12	669	38129	30.4	25.83	35.41
Rural	81	3999	29.2	21.00	39.03	57	2808	20.5	10.19	36.98
Sex										
Boys	391	23944	34.2	29.41	39.41	358	22231	31.8	27.66	36.22
Girls	529	25421	36.8	29.39	44.83	368	18706	27.1	21.47	33.47
Ethnicity										
Malay	694	35438	42.6	37.76	47.66	543	29129	35.0	29.94	40.53
Chinese	152	9647	25.3	19.76	31.75	118	8116	21.3	17.70	25.35
Indian	59	3391	22.3	16.68	29.14	49	2868	18.9	14.01	24.91
Bumiputera Sabah	6	342	40.8	16.67	70.37	3	147	17.5	3.66	54.38
Bumiputera Sarawak	5	304	27.6	9.71	57.52	8	462	41.9	20.75	66.50
Others	4	242	36.0	13.65	66.78	5	215	32.0	8.57	70.25
School level										
Primary school	233	15484	30.5	22.16	40.30	263	17311	34.1	24.29	45.42
Secondary school	687	33881	38.4	32.73	44.37	463	23627	26.8	23.42	30.41
Class										
Standard 4	94	5887	34.1	25.22	44.22	92	5946	34.4	25.36	44.78
Standard 5	65	4160	25.0	17.62	34.27	97	5877	35.4	23.65	49.16
Standard 6	74	5436	32.1	21.18	45.45	74	5488	32.4	21.12	46.24
Form 1	92	6037	32.3	23.85	42.02	59	4128	22.1	17.11	27.97
Form 2	113	6153	34.7	27.49	42.74	91	4971	28.1	19.88	37.99
Form 3	165	7041	40.3	33.40	47.64	116	5188	29.7	22.08	38.66
Form 4	130	7022	41.8	31.48	52.86	78	4299	25.6	19.30	33.07
Form 5	187	7628	43.4	36.08	51.05	119	5041	28.7	25.15	32.52
School session										
Morning session	495	28062	33.0	27.02	39.50	399	23414	27.5	23.10	32.38
Evening session	25	1733	48.8	39.08	58.70	15	1087	30.6	18.26	46.63
Morning and evening session	399	19515	38.9	31.75	46.59	312	16436	32.8	26.12	40.20
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	50	2973	30.3	23.14	38.52	53	3279	33.4	24.54	43.63
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	571	30994	35.9	30.99	41.13	461	25499	29.5	24.43	35.22
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	157	7840	37.5	30.39	45.19	96	5310	25.4	19.73	32.05
Obese (>+2sd)	138	7374	34.0	26.08	43.00	113	6667	30.8	27.05	34.76
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	64	3193	35.0	27.11	43.74	48	2359	25.8	19.04	34.04
Normal (≥-2sd)	854	46108	35.5	30.25	41.15	678	38578	29.7	24.99	34.91

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Table 3.4.27 : Media sources which affected dietary pattern among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status (Cont..)

Characteristics	Sources of media									
	Radio					Printed media				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	84	5210	3.7	2.62	5.34	174	9826	7.1	5.70	8.73
Locality of school										
Urban	74	4445	3.5	2.53	4.94	154	8566	6.8	5.53	8.42
Rural	10	765	5.6	1.48	18.89	20	1260	9.2	4.45	18.05
Sex										
Boys	47	2841	4.1	2.61	6.26	81	4821	6.9	5.12	9.22
Girls	37	2370	3.4	2.27	5.14	93	5005	7.2	5.71	9.14
Ethnicity										
Malay	43	2433	2.9	2.02	4.22	106	5929	7.1	5.40	9.37
Chinese	18	1262	3.3	1.94	5.59	45	2540	6.7	4.15	10.51
Indian	20	1298	8.5	4.96	14.29	19	1099	7.2	4.56	11.28
Bumiputera Sabah	1	55	6.6	0.83	37.19	2	152	18.1	4.96	48.24
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	88	8.0	0.96	44.01	2	107	9.7	1.32	46.27
Others	1	74	11.0	1.86	44.55					
School level										
Primary school	37	2205	4.3	3.09	6.06	71	4419	8.7	6.29	11.90
Secondary school	47	3005	3.4	1.92	5.96	103	5407	6.1	4.74	7.88
Class										
Standard 4	17	953	5.5	2.75	10.75	22	1218	7.1	3.66	13.16
Standard 5	15	895	5.4	3.63	7.92	28	1723	10.4	7.39	14.36
Standard 6	5	357	2.1	0.71	6.09	21	1478	8.7	5.24	14.20
Form 1	20	1472	7.9	4.20	14.26	19	1294	6.9	4.36	10.81
Form 2	9	542	3.1	1.16	7.84	24	1266	7.1	4.88	10.35
Form 3	9	439	2.5	0.69	8.70	18	791	4.5	2.97	6.86
Form 4	7	466	2.8	1.37	5.52	22	1183	7.0	4.27	11.40
Form 5	2	85	0.5	0.06	3.82	20	873	5.0	3.09	7.88
School session										
Morning session	56	3520	4.1	2.84	5.97	92	5426	6.4	4.71	8.57
Evening session	1	57	1.6	0.16	13.75	5	271	7.6	3.39	16.37
Morning and evening session	27	1634	3.3	1.80	5.84	77	4129	8.2	6.37	10.57
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	3	157	1.6	0.45	5.50	12	687	7.0	3.15	14.84
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	48	2962	3.4	1.94	6.00	103	5812	6.7	4.79	9.39
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	10	617	2.9	1.60	5.39	24	1516	7.3	4.32	11.94
Obese (>+2sd)	23	1475	6.8	4.64	9.87	34	1754	8.1	5.64	11.49
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	6	368	4.0	1.63	9.65	14	747	8.2	4.61	14.10
Normal (≥-2sd)	77	4793	3.7	2.54	5.33	160	9079	7.0	5.56	8.75

Table 3.4.27 : Media sources which affected dietary pattern among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and nutritional status

Characteristics	Sources of media				
	Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	Not affected	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	797	48089	34.6	27.79	42.06
Locality of school					
Urban	700	42561	33.9	26.58	42.18
Rural	97	5527	40.4	33.49	47.64
Sex					
Boys	349	22853	32.7	26.57	39.43
Girls	448	25236	36.5	28.35	45.51
Ethnicity					
Malay	394	20486	24.6	19.86	30.15
Chinese	272	19879	52.1	44.58	59.56
Indian	122	7201	47.4	42.00	52.78
Bumiputera Sabah	3	192	22.9	7.54	51.86
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	190	17.3	6.61	38.06
Others	3	141	21.0	6.36	50.88
School level					
Primary school	211	17313	34.1	19.03	53.19
Secondary school	586	30776	34.9	30.12	39.94
Class					
Standard 4	63	4750	27.5	14.05	46.82
Standard 5	78	6191	37.3	21.63	56.11
Standard 6	70	6372	37.7	21.27	57.44
Form 1	101	6767	36.2	31.11	41.55
Form 2	110	6257	35.3	24.78	47.50
Form 3	143	6225	35.6	26.60	45.83
Form 4	92	5472	32.6	23.68	42.90
Form 5	140	6055	34.5	28.04	41.51
School session					
Morning session	507	32584	38.3	29.72	47.62
Evening session	14	989	27.9	19.65	37.95
Morning and evening session	273	14325	28.6	22.55	35.45
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	54	3437	35.0	26.17	45.03
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	511	30575	35.4	28.83	42.60
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	128	7576	36.2	28.41	44.87
Obese (>+2sd)	104	6500	30.0	21.36	40.34
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	67	3408	37.3	29.15	46.28
Normal (≥-2sd)	730	44681	34.4	27.47	42.10

3.5 Physical activity among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Negeri Sembilan

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3.5.1 Introduction

Physical activity is defined as any bodily movement produced by skeletal muscle that requires energy expenditure. According to World Health Organization (2010) and Malaysian Dietary Guidelines for Children and Adolescents (NCCFN, 2013), children and adolescents should accumulate at least 60 minutes or more of either moderate or vigorous intensity activity daily. Ideally, daily screen time should not more than two hours a day and children and adolescents should not be sedentary for more than 60 minutes at a time.

3.5.2 Objectives

The general objective of this study was to assess physical activity pattern among adolescents and the specific objectives as follows:

- To determine the physical activity level.
- To evaluate the most five preferred physical activities during spare time.
- To assess the level of participation in physical education (PE) classes.
- To evaluate the duration of watching television, using computer and playing video games during weekend and schooling days.

3.5.3 Variable definitions

Physical Activity Assessment - The physical activity Questionnaire for Older Children (PAQ-C) was adapted from Kowalski et al (2004) to assess the general level of physical activity of the adolescents.

Physical Activity Classifications - The total mean scores of PAQ-C was classified into three categories of either 'low physical activity' (Score: 1.00-2.33), 'moderate physical activity' (Score: 2.34-3.66) or 'high physical activity' (Score: 3.67-5.00).

Screen time - Screen time refers to the time spent on screen-based behaviours. For example: Watching television, playing video games and using the computer or surfing the internet.

3.5.4 Findings

The mean score for physical activity level for adolescents in Negeri Sembilan was 2.28 (95% CI: 2.18, 2.37) (**Table 3.5.1**). Overall prevalence of being physically active among adolescents was 43.0% (95% CI: 36.09, 50.19) and the prevalence of being physically inactive was 57.0% (95% CI: 49.81, 63.91). In terms of school locality, there was no significant difference of being physically active between students studying in urban area [(43.4% (95% CI: 35.88, 51.28))] and rural areas [(39.1% (95% CI: 29.18, 50.01))]. Boys showed higher prevalence of being physically active [51.4% (95% CI: 43.52, 59.27)] compared to girls, 34.6% (95% CI: 27.69, 42.32). The prevalence of being physically active was 51.3% (95% CI: 35.60, 66.68)] among primary students and 38.4% (95% CI: 33.41, 43.55) among secondary students. In term of BMI-for-age status, there was no significant difference of physical active among those who were categorized as thinness [36.6% (95% CI: 28.97, 44.89)], normal [44.6% (95% CI: 36.24, 53.33)], overweight [42.9% (95% CI: 36.84, 49.12)] and obese [39.7% (95% CI: 31.29, 48.68)] (**Table 3.5.2**).

The most popular spare-time physical activity according to adolescents in Negeri Sembilan was walking for exercise [83.3% (95% CI: 80.09, 86.06)] (**Table 3.5.3**). About 20.1% (95% CI: 15.68, 25.31)] of adolescents reported that they did not attend/very rarely participated in PE class (**Table 3.5.4**). A total of 45.5% (95% CI:40.81, 50.30) of the adolescents watched television, used computer and played video games more than 2 hours per day over the weekend and another 29.6% (95% CI:25.93, 33.51) engaged on these screen activities more than 2 hours during school days (**Table 3.5.5** and **Table 3.5.6**).

3.5.5 Discussion

The prevalence of being physically active among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan (43.0%) was slightly lower than national prevalence (44.6%). Boys and primary school students had higher prevalence of being physically active than girls and secondary school students. There were no significant difference in terms of school locality and BMI-for-age status of students. The prevalence of adolescents that engaged on screen activities more than 2 hours during was higher during weekends than school days.

3.5.6 Conclusion

Based on the National Health and Morbidity Survey (2017), 57.0% of children and adolescents in Negeri Sembilan were physically inactive. The prevalence of being physically inactive among Malaysian adolescents was slightly decreased as compared to the Malaysian School-Based Nutrition Survey (2012) but remains high. Therefore, more programmes and strategies to increase physical activity should be implemented among children and adolescents in Malaysia.

3.5.7 Recommendations

Adolescents should be encouraged to be more active in their daily life. Policy and campaign to promote physical activity among children and adolescents should be enhanced and health promotion activities to increase physical activity should be promoted. A comprehensive surveillance system for monitoring physical activity should be developed to ensure compliance with physical activity recommendation among children and adolescents.

Parents should be encouraged to be good role models; be active, limit the amount of sedentary and screen time behaviours, and monitor physical activity, sedentary behaviours as well as screen time of their children. Interviewing technique for physical activity assessment should be applied in future study. Adolescents should be encouraged to get physically active in their daily life. Formulating specific program and intensifying health campaign are essential to promote physical activity among children and adolescents. Developing surveillance systems for physical activity enables compliance based on the standard recommendations. Parents should instil active lifestyle, limit the amount of sedentary and screen time behaviours as for their children. Improving technique for physical activity assessment is necessary.

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Table 3.5.1: Mean total scores in PAQ-C among adolescents within last 7 days by socio-demographic characteristics and BMI - for - age status

Characteristic	Mean total scores in PAQ-C		
	Mean	95% CI	
		Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	2.28	2.18	2.37
Locality of school			
Urban	2.28	2.18	2.39
Rural	2.20	2.10	2.30
Sex			
Boys	2.40	2.29	2.51
Girls	2.15	2.05	2.26
Class			
Standard 4	2.41	2.27	2.55
Standard 5	2.41	2.15	2.66
Standard 6	2.45	2.29	2.60
Form 1	2.32	2.22	2.42
Form 2	2.27	2.17	2.38
Form 3	2.19	2.06	2.33
Form 4	2.14	2.04	2.23
Form 5	2.03	1.90	2.17
Ethnicity			
Malay	2.33	2.22	2.44
Chinese	2.13	1.97	2.29
Indian	2.32	2.18	2.46
Bumiputera Sabah	2.33	2.02	2.63
Bumiputera Sarawak	2.66	2.19	3.13
Others	2.58	2.11	3.04
School Category			
Primary	2.42	2.25	2.59
Secondary	2.19	2.11	2.27
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)			
Thinness (<-2sd)	2.18	2.07	2.28
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	2.30	2.19	2.40
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	2.29	2.20	2.38
Obese (>+2sd)	2.22	2.09	2.35
Height-for-age status (HAZ)			
Stunting (<-2sd)	2.30	2.14	2.46
Normal (≥-2sd)	2.27	2.18	2.37

Note:

Mean Score	Physical Activity Level (PAL)
1.00 - 2.33	Low
2.34 - 3.66	Moderate
3.67 - 5.00	High

(Kowalski et. al., 2004)

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Table 3.5.2: Distribution of adolescents according to physical activity level within last 7 days by socio-demographic characteristics and BMI - for - age status

Characteristic	Physical activity level									
	Active					Not active				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper	
NEGERI SEMBILAN	978	56547	43.0	36.09	50.19	1323	74959	57.0	49.81	63.91
Locality of School										
Urban	892	51501	43.4	35.88	51.28	1171	67100	56.6	48.72	64.12
Rural	86	5046	39.1	29.18	50.01	152	7859	60.9	49.99	70.82
Sex										
Boys	556	33661	51.4	43.52	59.27	482	31783	48.6	40.73	56.48
Girls	422	22885	34.6	27.69	42.32	841	43176	65.4	57.68	72.31
Class										
Standard 4	125	7606	49.7	35.47	64.04	107	7687	50.3	35.96	64.53
Standard 5	142	8043	51.2	29.34	72.63	89	7661	48.8	27.37	70.66
Standard 6	116	8616	52.7	39.38	65.71	89	7723	47.3	34.29	60.62
Form 1	111	7647	44.2	37.39	51.27	146	9648	55.8	48.73	62.61
Form 2	133	7294	42.7	34.85	50.99	174	9777	57.3	49.01	65.15
Form 3	149	6589	39.4	30.58	48.92	233	10145	60.6	51.08	69.42
Form 4	95	5754	35.8	29.08	43.02	189	10340	64.2	56.98	70.92
Form 5	107	4997	29.4	21.65	38.64	296	11978	70.6	61.36	78.35
Ethnicity										
Malay	686	37981	47.7	40.34	55.26	825	41561	52.3	44.74	59.66
Chinese	165	10822	30.0	20.12	42.26	354	25203	70.0	57.74	79.88
Indian	104	6313	46.5	37.67	55.58	127	7258	53.5	44.42	62.33
Bumiputera Sabah	7	443	56.1	26.14	82.20	6	347	43.9	17.80	73.86
Bumiputera Sarawak	9	577	58.5	31.65	81.16	7	409	41.5	18.84	68.35
Others	7	410	69.3	43.76	86.75	4	182	30.7	13.25	56.24
School Category										
Primary	383	24265	51.3	35.60	66.68	285	23071	48.7	33.32	64.40
Secondary	595	32282	38.4	33.41	43.55	1038	51888	61.6	56.45	66.59
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	51	3357	36.6	28.97	44.89	95	5824	63.4	55.11	71.03
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	633	36465	44.6	36.24	53.33	806	45250	55.4	46.67	63.76
Overweight (≥+1sd - ≤+2sd)	151	8571	42.9	36.84	49.12	209	11421	57.1	50.88	63.16
Obese (≥+2sd)	141	8034	39.7	31.29	48.68	208	12224	60.3	51.32	68.71
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	69	3842	45.1	33.16	57.67	98	4673	54.9	42.33	66.84
Normal (≥-2sd)	909	52705	42.9	36.09	49.98	1222	70173	57.1	50.02	63.91

Notes:

Low PAL is classified as not active

Table 3.5.3: The five most preferred physical activities during spare time within the last 7 days based on the proportion of adolescents participated in it

The five most preferred physical activities	Count	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
			Lower	Upper
Walking for exercise	2016	83.3	80.09	86.06
Jogging/Running	1793	74.6	70.36	78.49
Tagging	1647	68.4	61.65	74.50
Badminton	1527	66.1	58.31	73.07
Cycling	1323	57.5	49.64	65.00

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Table 3.5.4: Level of participation in physical education (PE) classes among adolescents within last 7 days by socio demographic characteristics and BMI - for-age status (Cont.)

Characteristic	I do not attend the PE class / Very Rare					Occasionally/ Quite Often				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	509	27898	20.1	15.68	25.31	1339	77356	55.6	52.20	59.03
Locality of school										
Urban	436	23769	19.0	14.66	24.21	1212	70641	56.4	53.02	59.73
Rural	73	4129	30.0	19.52	43.08	127	6715	48.8	39.56	58.10
Sex										
Boys	224	14354	20.6	15.32	27.00	578	36054	51.6	47.67	55.55
Girls	285	13544	19.6	14.59	25.77	761	41302	59.7	54.83	64.40
Class										
Standard 4	53	3639	21.1	14.43	29.69	151	9768	56.6	53.93	59.14
Standard 5	34	2413	14.6	11.93	17.65	147	9859	59.5	57.49	61.44
Standard 6	24	1705	10.1	5.76	17.04	131	10686	63.1	53.25	72.03
Form 1	52	3831	20.5	12.03	32.69	147	9722	52.0	45.48	58.47
Form 2	50	2723	15.4	9.76	23.36	184	10408	58.7	52.01	65.15
Form 3	81	3623	20.7	12.86	31.60	215	9326	53.3	46.43	60.03
Form 4	77	4412	26.3	17.80	37.08	155	8785	52.4	43.23	61.43
Form 5	138	5552	31.6	18.98	47.68	209	8802	50.1	39.90	60.29
Ethnicity										
Malay	310	15136	18.2	14.02	23.27	897	47801	57.5	53.67	61.16
Chinese	126	7932	20.8	14.43	29.06	306	21877	57.4	51.75	62.89
Indian	64	4258	28.1	16.98	42.77	113	6414	42.3	36.92	47.97
Bumiputera Sabah	3	225	28.5	6.07	71.14	7	379	47.9	22.03	74.97
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	204	18.5	3.78	56.85	9	523	47.4	26.53	69.24
Others	3	143	21.2	7.49	47.18	7	363	53.9	28.74	77.25
School level										
Primary	111	7757	15.3	12.63	18.37	429	30313	59.7	56.83	62.51
Secondary	398	20141	22.8	16.78	30.25	910	47043	53.3	48.86	57.71
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	40	2544	25.9	18.06	35.71	89	5661	57.7	50.98	64.08
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	312	16770	19.4	14.62	25.38	822	47124	54.6	50.45	58.75
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	83	4186	20.0	14.38	27.16	212	12130	58.0	51.48	64.28
Obese (>+2sd)	70	4227	19.5	14.70	25.43	213	12253	56.5	48.64	64.14
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	47	2359	25.8	17.02	37.16	102	5180	56.7	47.43	65.58
Normal (≥-2sd)	460	25475	19.6	15.46	24.60	1236	72127	55.6	52.33	58.78

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Table 3.5.4: Level of participation in physical education (PE) classes among adolescents within last 7 days by socio demographic characteristics and BMI - for-age status

Characteristic	Count	Estimated population	Always		
			Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	579	33760	24.3	21.19	27.67
Locality of school					
Urban	527	30839	24.6	21.26	28.33
Rural	52	2921	21.2	18.77	23.90
Sex					
Boys	307	19437	27.8	23.47	32.65
Girls	272	14324	20.7	15.70	26.81
Class					
Standard 4	61	3866	22.4	16.98	28.91
Standard 5	65	4303	26.0	24.13	27.88
Standard 6	58	4533	26.8	20.37	34.34
Form 1	77	5140	27.5	21.44	34.51
Form 2	85	4589	25.9	20.06	32.73
Form 3	103	4550	26.0	19.78	33.36
Form 4	64	3565	21.3	15.00	29.25
Form 5	66	3214	18.3	12.37	26.21
Ethnicity					
Malay	370	20260	24.4	20.63	28.50
Chinese	119	8296	21.8	18.15	25.89
Indian	78	4475	29.5	20.54	40.49
Bumiputera Sabah	3	186	23.6	6.98	55.87
Bumiputera Sarawak	6	375	34.1	14.87	60.41
Others	3	167	24.9	5.30	66.21
School level					
Primary	184	12702	25.0	21.22	29.25
Secondary	395	21058	23.9	19.63	28.68
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	28	1612	16.4	10.63	24.49
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	379	22367	25.9	22.74	29.40
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	82	4594	22.0	17.58	27.10
Obese (>+2sd)	90	5188	23.9	17.77	31.43
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	30	1592	17.4	10.43	27.71
Normal (≥-2sd)	549	32168	24.8	21.61	28.26

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Table 3.5.5: Length of time spent per day on watching television, using computer and playing video games at weekends among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and BMI-for-age status

Characteristic	Less than 2 hour					More than 2 hours				
	Unweighted count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	1288	75750	54.5	49.70	59.19	1139	63276	45.5	40.81	50.30
Locality of school										
Urban	1143	67594	54.0	48.78	59.06	145	57667	46.0	40.94	51.22
Rural	1032	8157	59.3	51.46	66.61	107	5609	40.7	33.39	48.54
Sex										
Boys	578	37183	53.2	47.57	58.80	531	32679	46.8	41.20	52.43
Girls	710	38568	55.8	50.49	60.91	608	30597	44.2	39.09	49.51
Class										
Standard 4	172	11194	65.0	58.09	71.33	92	6028	35.0	28.67	41.91
Standard 5	169	11253	68.0	61.74	73.59	77	5307	32.0	26.41	38.26
Standard 6	120	9276	54.8	44.80	64.45	93	7648	45.2	35.55	55.20
Form 1	178	11863	63.2	54.41	71.12	99	6920	36.8	28.88	45.59
Form 2	158	8825	49.8	43.26	56.36	161	8894	50.2	43.64	56.74
Form 3	162	7311	41.9	32.30	52.11	236	10149	58.1	47.89	67.70
Form 4	134	7705	45.9	38.25	53.71	163	9087	54.1	46.29	61.75
Form 5	195	8323	47.4	41.87	52.95	218	9246	52.6	47.05	58.13
Ethnicity										
Malay	830	45042	54.2	48.00	60.35	744	37998	45.8	39.65	52.00
Chinese	256	18793	49.3	40.80	57.90	295	19302	50.7	42.10	59.20
Indian	174	10291	67.4	57.05	76.22	83	4988	32.6	23.78	42.95
Bumiputera Sabah	8	484	57.7	31.79	80.01	6	354	42.3	19.99	68.21
Bumiputera Sarawak	12	728	66.0	42.19	83.82	6	374	34.0	16.18	57.81
Others	8	413	61.4	29.70	85.71	5	259	38.6	14.29	70.30
School level										
Primary	461	31723	62.6	56.53	68.23	262	18982	37.4	31.77	43.47
Secondary	827	44027	49.8	45.10	54.60	877	44294	50.2	45.40	54.90
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	99	6092	62.4	54.60	69.70	57	3663	37.6	30.30	45.40
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	788	46233	53.5	48.56	58.47	726	40109	46.5	41.53	51.44
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	196	11428	54.5	46.76	62.11	182	9526	45.5	37.89	53.24
Obese (>+2sd)	202	11846	54.8	47.90	61.52	170	9771	45.2	38.48	52.10
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	96	5102	56.3	46.40	65.64	82	3968	43.7	34.36	53.60
Normal (≥-2sd)	1190	70567	54.3	49.55	59.07	1056	59276	45.7	40.93	50.45

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Table 3.5.6: Length of time spent per day on watching television, using computer and playing video games on schooling days among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics and BMI-for-age status

Characteristic	Less than 2 hour					More than 2 hours				
	Unweighted count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	1698	97861	70.4	66.49	74.07	729	41104	29.6	25.93	33.51
Locality of school										
Urban	1524	88464	70.7	66.30	74.67	651	36736	29.3	25.33	33.70
Rural	174	9398	68.3	68.08	68.46	78	4368	31.7	31.54	31.92
Sex										
Boys	719	45880	65.7	60.83	70.25	390	23957	34.3	29.75	39.17
Girls	979	51981	75.2	71.00	78.96	339	17147	24.8	21.04	29.00
Class										
Standard 4	184	12175	70.5	64.19	76.09	81	5098	29.5	23.91	35.81
Standard 5	181	12609	75.9	69.82	81.07	66	4006	24.1	18.93	30.18
Standard 6	159	12983	77.0	70.56	82.42	53	3873	23.0	17.58	29.44
Form 1	201	13157	70.3	54.40	82.45	75	5558	29.7	17.55	45.60
Form 2	215	11974	67.8	63.18	72.15	103	5679	32.2	27.85	36.82
Form 3	264	11401	65.2	58.53	71.24	135	6098	34.8	28.76	41.47
Form 4	191	10870	64.5	57.21	71.17	107	5983	35.5	28.83	42.79
Form 5	303	12691	72.5	67.42	77.10	109	4809	27.5	22.90	32.58
Ethnicity										
Malay	1114	58668	70.7	67.18	73.97	460	24327	29.3	26.03	32.82
Chinese	356	26083	68.5	57.66	77.64	195	11996	31.5	22.36	42.34
Indian	197	11351	74.3	68.31	79.49	60	3928	25.7	20.51	31.69
Bumiputera Sabah	11	619	73.8	30.75	94.71	3	220	26.2	5.29	69.25
Bumiputera Sarawak	13	761	69.0	45.10	85.78	5	342	31.0	14.22	54.90
Others	7	380	56.5	26.56	82.31	6	293	43.5	17.69	73.44
School level										
Primary	524	37767	74.4	69.09	79.12	200	12977	25.6	20.88	30.91
Secondary	1174	60094	68.1	63.51	72.40	529	28127	31.9	27.60	36.49
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	112	6919	70.5	63.09	76.94	45	2897	29.5	23.06	36.91
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	1059	60646	70.3	66.28	74.08	454	25588	29.7	25.92	33.72
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	259	14510	69.2	62.78	75.04	119	6444	30.8	24.96	37.22
Obese (>+2sd)	262	15458	71.6	64.80	77.47	110	6144	28.4	22.53	35.20
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	129	6646	72.8	66.19	78.50	50	2485	27.2	21.50	33.81
Normal (≥-2sd)	1567	91134	70.3	66.13	74.07	678	38587	29.7	25.93	33.87

3.6. Supplements intake among adolescents (Primary 4 to Secondary 5) in Negeri Sembilan

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3.6.1 Introduction

Dietary supplements are defined as “a product (other than tobacco) intended to supplement the diet that bears or contains one or more of the following dietary ingredients: a vitamin, a mineral, an herb or other botanical, an amino acid, or a dietary substance for use by man to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake, or a concentrate, metabolite, constituent, extract, or combination of the above ingredients” (DV Porter, 2001). The use of supplements becomes common behavior among people due to general health concerns. In 2014 approximately 54.1% and 40.2% of Malaysian adolescents consumed vitamin/mineral and food supplements respectively (Sien, Shahril, Mutalip, 2014). This prevalence was found to be higher than that found in other countries (Picciano, Dwyer, Radimer, 2007; Yoon, Park, Kang, 2009; Sichert-Hellert and Kersting, 2004).

High dietary supplement intake suggests a wide use of dietary supplements among adolescents despite the unclear guideline or recommendation on dietary supplements. The long-term potentially dangerous effects related to unrestrained consumption of dietary supplements are still unknown and are becoming a matter of public health concern. Reports on dietary supplements intake pattern among Malaysian adolescents are limited. Therefore, the aims of the current study were to assess the frequency, reasons and type of vitamin/mineral and food supplement use among Malaysian adolescents.

3.6.2 Objectives

General objective

To determine the pattern of use of vitamin/mineral and food supplements among Malaysian adolescents.

Specific objective

- To determine the most commonly taken vitamin/mineral supplements.
- To determine the most commonly taken food supplements.
- To identify the reason(s) of taking vitamin/mineral supplements.
- To identify the reason(s) of taking food supplements.
- To determine the frequency of vitamin/mineral supplements intake.
- To determine the frequency of food supplements intake.

3.6.3 Findings

The prevalence of vitamin/minerals and food supplements intake among adolescence in Negeri Sembilan was 40.1% (95% CI: 33.21, 47.50) (**Table 3.6.1**) and 28.3% (95% CI: 22.93, 34.42) (**Table 3.6.5**). There was no significant difference of vitamin/mineral and food supplement intakes between boys and girls, ethnicity, classes and school localities (**Table 3.6.1**). In average, the vitamin/mineral and food supplements were consumed everyday by 14.5% (95% CI 11.24, 18.42) and 10.6% (95% CI 8.27, 13.48) of adolescents (**Table 3.6.1** and **Table 3.6.8**). The most commonly consumed vitamin/minerals and food supplements were Vitamin C, 34.2% (95% CI: 29.06, 39.74 (**Table 3.6.2**) and bee product 13.4% (95% CI: 9.95, 17.92) (**Table 3.6.6**). The main reason for taking vitamin/minerals and food supplements was due to parent's advice 39.1% (95% CI: 34.0, 44.4) (**Table 3.6.3**) and 29.0% (95% CI: 27.8, 30.3) (**Table 3.6.7**).

3.6.4 Discussions

The prevalence of taking vitamin/minerals and food supplements among adolescence in Negeri Sembilan was slightly lower than national prevalence, which was 44.7% (95% CI: 42.49, 46.91) and 30.6% (95% CI: 28.90, 32.43). The consumption of Vitamin C and Bee Product were significantly higher compared with the other types of vitamin/mineral and food supplement and this result were consistent with the national finding. Finding from the survey showed that parent's advice was the main and significant reason for taking vitamin/mineral and food supplements among adolescents. It suggested the parent's roles as a strong influencer for food supplement and vitamin intake of the children.

3.6.5 Conclusions

Overall findings from this survey showed that every four and one of ten adolescents in Negeri Sembilan consumed vitamin/mineral and food supplements. Every four and three of ten parents influenced the children's vitamin/ mineral and food supplements intake. Vitamin C and Bee product remain as the top choices of vitamin and food supplement consumed by Negeri Sembilan adolescents.

3.6.6 Recommendation

Advocating adolescents to eat balanced and healthy meals is the main priority in designing health policy. However, the Ministry of Health should also establish guidelines, regulations, and policy of food supplements and vitamin/mineral intake as its consumption has become common among Malaysian adolescents. There is a need for further scientific research involving adolescents with the purpose of assessing the beneficial effects and safety of its long-term use. The guidelines and regulations should be made clear to parents and guardians for appropriate use of food supplements.

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Table 3.6.1: Prevalence of adolescents taking vitamin/ mineral supplements by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Taking vitamin / mineral supplement					Not taking vitamin / mineral supplement				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	958	55834	40.1	33.21	47.50	1470	83242	59.9	52.50	66.79
Locality of School										
Urban	881	51605	41.2	33.68	49.12	1295	73705	58.8	50.88	66.32
Rural	77	4229	30.7	28.60	32.92	175	9537	69.3	67.08	71.40
Sex										
Boys	486	30217	43.3	36.04	50.82	622	39598	56.7	49.18	63.96
Girls	472	25617	37.0	29.90	44.68	848	43644	63.0	55.32	70.10
Class										
Standard 4	159	9762	56.9	41.71	70.86	104	7400	43.1	29.14	58.29
Standard 5	131	7891	47.6	32.40	63.31	115	8676	52.4	36.69	67.60
Standard 6	113	8411	49.7	33.72	65.73	100	8513	50.3	34.27	66.28
Remove class										
Form 1	116	7906	42.1	32.30	52.56	161	10876	57.9	47.44	67.70
Form 2	115	6412	36.2	29.30	43.69	204	11307	63.8	56.31	70.70
Form 3	123	5531	31.6	25.77	38.08	276	11969	68.4	61.92	74.23
Form 4	83	4826	28.6	22.70	35.41	215	12027	71.4	64.59	77.30
Form 5	118	5096	29.0	21.98	37.21	295	12473	71.0	62.79	78.02
Ethnicity										
Malay	622	34738	41.8	32.04	52.26	953	48351	58.2	47.74	67.96
Chinese	207	13282	34.9	27.29	43.29	344	24812	65.1	56.71	72.71
Indian	106	6414	42.0	36.45	47.71	151	8865	58.0	52.29	63.55
Bumiputera Sabah	7	454	54.2	28.78	77.62	7	384	45.8	22.38	71.22
Bumiputera Sarawak	11	680	61.7	33.15	83.95	7	422	38.3	16.05	66.85
Others	5	265	39.4	17.22	67.09	8	407	60.6	32.91	82.78
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	70	4281	43.6	34.37	53.32	87	5535	56.4	46.68	65.63
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	585	34117	39.5	31.95	47.57	930	52270	60.5	52.43	68.05
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	153	8618	41.3	34.31	48.75	223	12228	58.7	51.25	65.69
Obese (>+2sd)	147	8636	39.9	30.79	49.68	226	13032	60.1	50.32	69.21
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	68	3548	38.9	28.00	50.93	111	5583	61.1	49.07	72.00
Normal (≥-2sd)	889	52237	40.2	33.44	47.42	1357	77594	59.8	52.58	66.56

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Table 3.6.2: Types of vitamin/ mineral usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Multivitamin					Vitamin C				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	141	7816	5.6	4.68	6.80	790	47321	34.2	29.06	39.74
Locality of School										
Urban	132	7247	5.8	4.85	6.96	723	43644	40.9	29.52	40.93
Rural	67	569	26.8	22.38	31.75	67	3676	26.8	22.38	31.75
Sex										
Boys	79	4778	6.9	5.54	8.52	392	24602	35.4	30.17	41.09
Girls	62	3039	4.4	3.24	5.97	398	22719	33.0	27.10	39.39
Class										
Standard 4	26	1500	8.8	5.39	13.98	124	8087	47.3	39.03	55.75
Standard 5	22	1314	7.9	4.62	13.22	101	6272	37.7	28.40	48.11
Standard 6	7	473	2.8	1.08	7.06	97	7277	43.2	29.29	58.19
Remove class										
Form 1	17	1210	6.5	4.13	10.05	107	7293	39.1	32.80	45.82
Form 2	19	998	5.7	3.28	9.64	110	6253	35.5	29.21	42.40
Form 3	24	1100	6.3	4.17	9.43	91	3917	22.4	17.33	28.53
Form 4	10	565	3.4	1.95	5.79	75	4320	25.8	19.53	33.26
Form 5	16	656	3.8	1.88	7.45	85	3901	22.5	15.38	31.62
Ethnicity										
Malay	79	4147	5.0	3.87	6.48	518	29524	35.7	28.52	43.63
Chinese	37	2281	6.0	3.94	9.07	170	11466	30.2	23.80	37.49
Indian	21	1158	7.6	5.02	11.38	84	5281	34.7	27.38	42.89
Bumiputera Sabah	2	122	14.6	4.16	40.21	7	454	54.2	25.99	79.90
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	49	4.5	0.65	25.14	8	445	40.4	24.29	58.87
Others	1	59	9.6	1.74	39.12	3	150	24.7	12.29	43.36
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	10	587	6.0	3.55	10.00	58	3849	39.5	31.22	48.33
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	81	4513	5.3	4.24	6.50	494	29520	34.4	28.42	40.91
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	21	1121	5.4	3.67	7.84	119	6945	33.3	26.56	40.89
Obese (> + 2sd)	28	1527	7.1	5.13	9.67	118	6950	32.2	23.87	41.77
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	8	384	4.2	2.34	7.44	56	3033	33.2	25.15	42.41
Normal (≥-2sd)	133	7433	5.8	4.79	6.91	733	44238	34.3	28.99	39.95

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Table 3.6.2: Types of vitamin/ mineral usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Iron					Others				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	136	8210	5.9	4.29	8.16	120	6945	5.0	3.84	6.53
Locality of School										
Urban	122	7387	5.9	4.17	8.36	108	6195	5.0	3.78	6.51
Rural	14	823	6.0	2.85	12.21	12	750	5.5	2.04	13.87
Sex										
Boys	87	5503	7.9	5.85	10.65	65	4071	5.9	4.34	7.89
Girls	49	2706	3.9	2.51	6.09	55	2874	4.2	2.94	5.88
Class										
Standard 4	28	1914	11.2	8.71	14.29	23	1291	7.6	4.48	12.45
Standard 5	31	1770	10.7	5.74	18.93	18	1199	7.2	6.61	7.87
Standard 6	11	789	4.7	2.09	10.15	13	914	5.4	2.04	13.61
Remove class										
Form 1	18	1331	7.1	4.20	11.89	10	772	4.1	2.16	7.80
Form 2	13	685	3.9	2.10	7.10	10	596	3.4	1.70	6.64
Form 3	17	835	4.8	1.93	11.36	15	746	4.3	2.27	7.90
Form 4	5	315	1.9	0.77	4.56	11	677	4.0	2.14	7.52
Form 5	13	571	3.3	1.66	6.41	20	751	4.3	3.11	5.99
Ethnicity										
Malay	94	5084	6.2	4.05	9.24	65	3551	4.3	2.82	6.49
Chinese	23	1751	4.6	3.32	6.38	35	2136	5.6	4.36	7.23
Indian	16	1174	7.7	4.30	13.48	15	970	6.4	4.10	9.79
Bumiputera Sabah						1	57	6.8	0.84	38.29
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	202	18.3	4.60	50.94	1	70	6.3	1.01	30.90
Others						3	162	26.6	11.46	50.40
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	380	3.9	1.86	7.99	11	630	6.5	3.73	10.96
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	84	5272	6.1	4.45	8.43	69	4025	4.7	3.48	6.29
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	24	1248	6.0	3.68	9.62	24	1320	6.3	4.18	9.50
Obese ($> +2sd$)	21	1309	6.1	3.40	10.57	15	914	4.2	1.94	8.97
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	12	617	6.8	3.34	13.22	14	716	7.8	4.56	13.16
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	124	7592	5.9	4.33	7.94	106	6229	4.8	3.70	6.27

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Table 3.6.3: Reasons for taking vitamin/ mineral among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Doctor's Instruction					Parents' advice				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	172	9705	17.5	14.24	21.24	376	21712	39.1	34.02	44.38
Locality of School										
Urban	153	8529	16.6	13.81	19.80	351	20385	39.6	34.26	45.31
Rural	19	1176	28.3	12.34	52.53	25	1327	31.9	25.05	39.72
Sex										
Boys	92	5565	18.5	14.01	24.06	163	9959	33.1	28.20	38.46
Girls	80	4139	16.2	12.79	20.37	213	11754	46.1	37.50	54.90
Class										
Standard 4	34	1983	20.3	13.53	29.35	57	3741	38.3	28.68	48.98
Standard 5	23	1298	16.5	9.58	26.81	45	2716	34.4	29.49	39.70
Standard 6	14	975	11.6	7.04	18.52	48	3619	43.0	32.48	54.24
Remove class										
Form 1	20	1404	18.1	10.79	28.81	43	2682	34.6	25.29	45.26
Form 2	18	955	14.9	8.88	23.90	58	3330	51.9	38.75	64.86
Form 3	24	1172	21.3	11.90	35.27	51	2152	39.2	26.59	53.37
Form 4	20	1142	24.0	15.26	35.70	34	1941	40.8	30.35	52.24
Form 5	19	775	15.2	9.82	22.83	40	1532	30.1	19.08	43.93
Ethnicity										
Malay	114	6363	18.4	15.57	21.53	248	13571	39.2	33.39	45.24
Chinese	20	1160	8.7	4.71	15.65	82	5395	40.6	34.08	47.51
Indian	33	1862	29.9	20.60	41.19	41	2483	39.9	31.32	49.05
Bumiputera Sabah	2	152	33.3	8.50	72.92	1	54	11.9	1.25	59.14
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	109	16.0	3.46	50.48	2	108	15.9	3.00	53.52
Others	1	59	22.1	2.28	77.54	2	102	38.4	10.21	77.35
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	237	19945	17.1	14.33	20.26	574	50164	43.0	39.53	46.51
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	1963	174456	17.7	16.50	18.90	4822	429345	43.5	41.94	45.04
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	429	36163	16.1	14.42	18.02	1118	95652	42.7	40.21	45.20
Obese (> + 2sd)	477	40459	18.9	16.33	21.67	967	87031	40.6	38.31	42.87
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	314	26496	20.3	17.70	23.09	639	56149	42.9	39.34	46.62
Normal (≥-2sd)	2797	244971	17.3	16.28	18.42	6848	606851	42.9	41.62	44.24

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Table 3.6.3: Reasons for taking vitamin/ mineral among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Self awareness					Influences by friends				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	290	16745	30.1	26.16	34.43	21	1438	2.6	1.58	4.22
Locality of School										
Urban	264	15423	30.0	25.75	34.61	21	1438	2.8	1.74	4.47
Rural	26	1322	31.8	24.57	40.05			0.0	0.00	0.00
Sex										
Boys	158	9809	32.6	28.93	36.56	17	1190	4.0	2.47	6.28
Girls	132	6936	27.2	21.61	33.60	4	248	1.0	0.28	3.29
Class										
Standard 4	42	2400	24.6	16.99	34.18	5	455	4.7	1.49	13.64
Standard 5	40	2158	27.3	18.97	37.71	7	338	4.3	1.95	9.17
Standard 6	40	3056	36.3	27.39	46.35	4	263	3.1	1.17	8.10
Remove class										
Form 1	34	2406	31.0	25.46	37.24	6	463	6.0	1.60	19.86
Form 2	29	1641	25.6	16.42	37.56	8	381	5.9	2.17	15.26
Form 3	36	1622	29.5	22.18	38.12	2	99	1.8	0.47	6.66
Form 4	21	1240	26.1	15.78	39.96			0.0	0.00	0.00
Form 5	48	2220	43.6	30.19	57.97	1	83	1.6	0.21	11.77
Ethnicity										
Malay	192	10928	31.5	28.06	35.23	15	928	2.7	1.70	4.20
Chinese	70	4138	31.2	22.53	41.31	4	219	1.6	0.60	4.45
Indian	19	1118	17.9	11.61	26.69	2	291	4.7	0.82	22.58
Bumiputera Sabah	4	249	54.7	20.78	84.79					
Bumiputera Sarawak	4	258	37.9	10.05	77.00					
Others	1	54	20.4	3.22	66.47					
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	363	32467	27.8	24.63	31.25	33	2722	2.3	1.54	3.53
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	3157	278618	28.2	26.85	29.63	238	22409	2.3	1.92	2.68
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	733	64223	28.7	26.67	30.74	71	6093	2.7	2.05	3.59
Obese (> + 2sd)	687	61972	28.9	26.43	31.48	57	5684	2.6	1.87	3.75
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	378	33507	25.6	22.16	29.43	33	3404	2.6	1.69	3.99
Normal (≥-2sd)	4564	404115	28.6	27.50	29.69	367	33517	2.4	2.09	2.69

Table 3.6.3: Reasons for taking vitamin/ mineral among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Others				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	58	3513	6.3	4.76	8.36
Locality of School					
Urban	53	3241	6.3	4.70	8.40
Rural	5	272	6.5	2.02	19.26
Sex					
Boys	34	2083	6.9	4.64	10.24
Girls	24	1430	5.6	3.80	8.20
Class					
Standard 4	12	692	7.1	4.50	11.00
Standard 5	11	866	11.0	5.51	20.69
Standard 6	7	497	5.9	2.00	16.17
Remove class					
Form 1	5	350	4.5	2.07	9.57
Form 2	2	105	1.6	0.40	6.42
Form 3	5	250	4.6	1.76	11.25
Form 4	5	307	6.5	2.20	17.56
Form 5	8	403	7.9	3.45	17.10
Ethnicity					
Malay	39	2173	6.3	4.43	8.81
Chinese	12	970	7.3	4.10	12.69
Indian	5	262	4.2	2.03	8.53
Bumiputera Sabah			0.0	0.00	0.00
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	57	8.4	1.09	43.60
Others	1	51	19.1	1.91	74.01
BMI-for age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (< -2sd)	75	7553	6.5	5.00	8.34
Normal (\geq - 2sd - \leq + 1sd)	690	58783	6.0	5.30	6.68
Overweight (> +1sd - \leq + 2sd)	169	15019	6.7	5.56	8.05
Obese (> + 2sd)	157	13539	6.3	5.15	7.72
Height-for - age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (< -2sd)	90	7814	6.0	4.60	7.72
Normal (\geq -2sd)	1003	87279	6.2	5.60	6.80

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Table 3.6.4: Frequency of taking vitamin/ mineral among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Everyday					5 to 6 times per week				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	353	20037	14.5	11.24	18.42	182	10450	7.5	5.79	9.77
Locality of School										
Urban	324	18430	14.8	11.24	19.15	170	9771	7.8	5.96	10.23
Rural	29	1607	11.7	11.10	12.36	12	678	4.9	2.50	9.57
Sex										
Boys	165	10283	14.8	11.46	18.93	113	6812	9.8	7.66	12.48
Girls	188	9754	14.1	10.46	18.77	69	3638	5.3	3.66	7.51
Class										
Standard 4	57	3470	20.2	13.21	29.52	40	2240	13.0	7.77	20.98
Standard 5	44	2473	14.9	8.24	25.51	30	1701	10.3	6.89	15.01
Standard 6	40	2885	17.0	8.49	31.29	15	995	5.9	2.83	11.82
Remove class										
Form 1	44	3071	16.5	11.63	22.81	26	1856	10.0	4.96	18.98
Form 2	55	3067	17.4	11.64	25.24	30	1666	9.5	5.89	14.86
Form 3	43	1971	11.3	7.36	16.93	17	795	4.6	2.78	7.39
Form 4	26	1445	8.7	5.90	12.56	7	411	2.5	1.06	5.61
Form 5	44	1654	9.5	6.58	13.48	17	786	4.5	2.02	9.74
Ethnicity										
Malay	231	12697	15.3	11.32	20.42	109	6207	7.5	5.65	9.86
Chinese	64	4042	10.7	7.67	14.63	51	2984	7.9	4.22	14.20
Indian	51	2859	18.9	15.02	23.49	14	851	5.6	3.40	9.18
Bumiputera Sabah	1	54	6.5	0.70	40.44	3	54	19.1	6.05	46.48
Bumiputera Sarawak	4	266	24.1	10.81	45.51	1	266	5.0	0.52	34.89
Others	2	119	17.7	3.97	52.65	4	119	28.5	10.34	57.94
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	24	1324	13.5	8.60	20.52	15	960	9.8	4.87	18.65
Normal (≥ -2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	217	12286	14.3	11.21	18.07	105	5964	6.9	5.07	9.44
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	57	3119	14.9	9.39	22.92	28	1618	7.7	4.93	11.97
Obese (> + 2sd)	55	3308	15.3	10.44	21.98	33	1852	8.6	5.44	13.30
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	21	1035	11.3	6.50	19.03	17	890	9.7	6.16	15.09
Normal (≥-2sd)	332	19002	14.7	11.45	18.66	164	9511	7.4	5.64	9.55

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Table 3.6.4: Frequency of taking vitamin/ mineral among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	3 to 4 times per week					1 to 2 times per week				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	236	14878	10.7	8.43	13.58	366	21633	15.6	13.33	18.21
Locality of School										
Urban	218	13749	11.0	8.56	14.06	328	19545	15.7	13.15	18.54
Rural	18	1129	8.2	4.09	15.88	38	2087	15.2	13.85	16.70
Sex										
Boys	147	9377	13.5	10.55	17.13	172	10823	15.6	12.99	18.58
Girls	89	5502	8.0	5.77	10.89	194	10810	15.6	12.83	18.94
Class										
Standard 4	32	2296	13.3	8.99	19.34	61	3997	23.2	16.69	31.35
Standard 5	41	2554	15.4	11.34	20.60	53	3338	20.1	13.42	29.08
Standard 6	37	2797	16.5	11.63	22.96	35	2667	15.8	12.02	20.38
Remove class										
Form 1	28	2080	11.2	8.19	15.03	43	2891	15.5	11.73	20.21
Form 2	23	1347	7.6	4.90	11.76	42	2291	13.0	10.91	15.45
Form 3	28	1282	7.3	4.27	12.33	48	2032	11.6	8.18	16.30
Form 4	22	1260	7.6	4.69	11.96	42	2492	15.0	9.74	22.26
Form 5	25	1262	7.2	4.42	11.62	42	1926	11.0	7.43	16.09
Ethnicity										
Malay	154	8867	10.7	7.77	14.56	235	13013	15.7	12.65	19.33
Chinese	52	3706	9.8	6.32	14.80	84	5667	14.9	12.66	17.56
Indian	26	2038	13.5	7.62	22.70	38	2428	16.0	11.40	22.12
Bumiputera Sabah	2	136	16.3	3.15	53.78	1	57	6.8	0.84	38.29
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	57	5.2	0.75	28.57	7	416	37.8	24.78	52.81
Others	1	74	11.0	1.86	44.55	1	51	7.5	0.76	46.25
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	19	1439	14.7	8.62	23.83	25	1577	16.1	11.28	22.36
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	141	8997	10.5	8.32	13.10	230	13768	16.0	13.09	19.48
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	43	2445	11.7	7.64	17.50	54	2943	14.1	10.03	19.43
Obese (> + 2sd)	31	1873	8.7	5.13	14.34	57	3345	15.5	11.03	21.38
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	17	958	10.5	5.94	17.85	26	1438	15.7	10.73	22.53
Normal (≥-2sd)	219	13921	10.8	8.50	13.55	340	20195	15.6	13.19	18.41

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Table 3.6.5: Prevalence of adolescents taking food supplements by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Taking food supplement					Not taking food supplement				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	665	39260	28.3	22.93	34.42	1755	99354	71.7	65.58	77.07
Locality of School										
Urban	615	36369	29.1	23.29	35.72	1554	88528	70.9	64.28	76.71
Rural	50	2891	21.1	20.37	21.80	201	10826	78.9	78.20	79.63
Sex										
Boys	378	23236	33.4	27.64	39.72	726	46319	66.6	60.28	72.36
Girls	287	16025	23.2	17.77	29.70	1029	53035	76.8	70.30	82.23
Class										
Standard 4	126	7589	44.3	30.90	58.68	136	9523	55.7	41.32	69.10
Standard 5	97	5953	36.0	27.38	45.66	148	10575	64.0	54.34	72.62
Standard 6	83	6095	36.0	24.74	49.08	130	10829	64.0	50.92	75.26
Remove class										
Form 1	73	5197	28.1	21.01	36.49	200	13295	71.9	63.51	78.99
Form 2	76	4243	24.0	19.58	29.08	242	13427	76.0	70.92	80.42
Form 3	86	3895	22.3	17.74	27.54	313	13604	77.7	72.46	82.26
Form 4	48	2759	16.4	11.71	22.42	250	14094	83.6	77.58	88.29
Form 5	76	3529	20.1	13.26	29.34	336	14007	79.9	70.66	86.74
Ethnicity										
Malay	406	23043	27.9	20.45	36.74	1162	59638	72.1	63.26	79.55
Chinese	176	11208	29.4	23.13	36.62	375	26887	70.6	63.38	76.87
Indian	69	4164	27.3	21.56	34.02	187	11061	72.7	65.98	78.44
Bumiputera Sabah	6	368	43.8	16.52	75.50	8	471	56.2	24.50	83.48
Bumiputera Sarawak	6	362	32.9	19.61	49.54	12	740	67.1	50.46	80.39
Others	2	115	17.1	3.111	57.0528	11	557	82.9	42.95	96.89
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	46	2631	26.8	18.19	37.61	111	7186	73.2	62.39	81.81
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	397	23379	27.2	21.74	33.42	1112	62619	72.8	66.58	78.26
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	117	6984	33.6	27.23	40.53	258	13830	66.4	59.47	72.77
Obese ($> +2sd$)	103	6143	28.4	21.28	36.79	269	15485	71.6	63.21	78.72
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	51	2781	30.6	21.27	41.83	127	6310	69.4	58.17	78.73
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	613	36430	28.2	22.88	34.10	1626	92980	71.8	65.90	77.12

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Table 3.6.6: Types of food supplement usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Spirulina					Fish oil				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	122	7351	5.3	3.94	7.16	186	11087	8.0	6.25	10.28
Locality of School										
Urban	110	6633	5.3	3.88	7.31	170	10085	8.1	6.19	10.57
Rural	12	718	5.2	2.16	12.12	16	1002	7.3	4.17	12.48
Sex										
Boys	78	4761	6.9	5.18	9.08	105	6525	9.4	7.01	12.56
Girls	44	2590	3.8	2.35	5.98	81	4562	6.6	4.71	9.27
Class										
Standard 4	23	1610	9.4	5.99	14.50	39	2537	14.8	11.19	19.41
Standard 5	19	1068	6.4	2.73	14.40	28	1368	8.2	3.44	18.44
Standard 6	10	736	4.4	2.27	8.18	16	1122	6.6	4.42	9.83
Remove class										
Form 1	15	1141	6.1	3.50	10.52	24	1814	9.8	4.84	18.67
Form 2	17	914	5.2	2.15	12.04	29	1587	9.0	5.75	13.89
Form 3	20	942	5.4	2.49	11.38	21	1053	6.1	3.31	10.82
Form 4	6	374	2.3	0.89	5.71	15	957	5.8	3.21	10.32
Form 5	12	567	3.3	1.46	7.22	14	648	3.7	1.88	7.33
Ethnicity										
Malay	75	4156	5.0	3.53	7.16	91	5274	6.4	4.57	8.90
Chinese	24	1744	4.6	2.79	7.59	51	3162	8.4	5.61	12.37
Indian	22	1396	9.1	5.31	15.28	34	2069	13.5	8.96	19.95
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	5	312	37.3	14.80	66.98
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	55	5.0	0.67	29.44	3	178	16.2	4.49	44.16
Others	-	-	-	-	-	2	92	13.7	4.09	37.07
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	394	4.0	1.66	9.38	15	937	9.6	5.88	15.14
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	74	4453	5.2	3.63	7.40	108	6606	7.7	5.71	10.34
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	19	1186	5.7	3.54	9.12	32	1761	8.5	5.61	12.66
Obese ($> +2sd$)	22	1318	6.2	3.83	9.76	30	1714	8.0	5.28	11.97
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	10	503	5.5	1.59	17.38	11	649	7.1	4.03	12.24
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	112	6848	5.3	3.97	7.09	174	10389	8.1	6.28	10.32

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Table 3.6.6: Types of food supplement usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Bee Product					Chicken essence				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	317	18544	13.4	9.95	17.92	109	7053	5.1	3.73	6.97
Locality of School										
Urban	293	17231	13.9	10.09	18.76	94	6029	4.9	3.43	6.82
Rural	24	1314	9.6	6.89	13.15	15	1025	7.5	4.33	12.57
Sex										
Boys	160	9598	13.9	10.18	18.61	71	4823	7.0	5.01	9.61
Girls	157	8947	13.0	9.30	17.91	38	2230	3.2	2.06	5.07
Class										
Standard 4	57	3324	19.4	9.25	36.35	19	1590	9.3	4.76	17.39
Standard 5	52	3025	18.2	11.21	28.17	21	1180	7.1	4.05	12.16
Standard 6	40	3119	18.4	10.61	30.08	13	862	5.1	2.65	9.57
Remove class										
Form 1	38	2593	13.9	9.62	19.77	17	1331	7.2	3.27	14.95
Form 2	39	2216	12.6	8.40	18.47	12	692	3.9	1.80	8.36
Form 3	33	1371	7.9	5.17	11.87	9	432	2.5	1.26	4.86
Form 4	22	1175	7.1	4.01	12.41	6	365	2.2	1.02	4.77
Form 5	36	1721	10.0	5.70	16.83	12	600	3.5	1.33	8.73
Ethnicity										
Malay	243	13672	16.6	11.68	23.03	50	3072	3.7	2.48	5.56
Chinese	51	3467	9.2	7.66	11.02	42	2484	6.6	3.73	11.39
Indian	18	1101	7.2	5.40	9.56	14	1277	8.4	3.76	17.56
Bumiputera Sabah	2	129	15.4	4.49	41.40	1	96	11.5	1.64	50.17
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	113	10.2	2.42	34.36	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1	62	9.3	1.60	39.13	2	125	18.5	5.15	48.71
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	22	1268	12.9	6.87	22.98	8	631	6.4	3.06	13.04
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	205	12251	14.3	10.44	19.30	64	4110	4.8	3.41	6.72
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	46	2486	12.0	7.81	17.95	20	1291	6.2	4.10	9.33
Obese (> + 2sd)	44	2540	11.9	8.25	16.79	15	908	4.2	1.95	8.96
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	28	1464	16.0	10.56	23.59	14	806	8.8	4.98	15.17
Normal (≥-2sd)	289	17080	13.3	9.79	17.74	95	6247	4.9	3.54	6.62

Table 3.6.6: Types of food supplement usually consumed among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Others				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	205	12530	9.1	7.24	11.34
Locality of School					
Urban	190	11700	9.4	7.46	11.83
Rural	15	829	6.0	4.23	8.57
Sex					
Boys	117	7660	11.1	8.24	14.71
Girls	88	4870	7.1	5.71	8.75
Class					
Standard 4	38	2328	13.6	10.21	17.93
Standard 5	31	2562	15.4	9.32	24.42
Standard 6	23	1598	9.4	5.17	16.63
Remove class					
Form 1	24	1657	8.9	5.84	13.35
Form 2	20	1061	6.0	4.34	8.31
Form 3	33	1526	8.8	5.58	13.56
Form 4	16	962	5.9	4.38	7.78
Form 5	20	836	4.8	3.23	7.19
Ethnicity					
Malay	119	6507	7.9	5.64	10.96
Chinese	59	4424	11.7	8.83	15.46
Indian	16	915	6.0	3.98	8.92
Bumiputera Sabah	1	57	6.8	0.84	38.29
Bumiputera Sarawak	8	508	46.1	25.18	68.46
Others	2	119	17.7	3.97	52.65
BMI-for age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	17	1061	10.8	6.18	18.22
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	111	6555	7.7	6.01	9.71
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	33	1945	9.4	6.51	13.33
Obese ($> +2sd$)	44	2968	13.9	9.72	19.41
Height-for - age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	13	729	8.0	3.86	15.81
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	192	11800	9.2	7.45	11.23

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Table 3.6.7: Reasons for taking food supplements among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Doctor's Instruction					Parents' advice				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	2018	176793	11.5	10.55	12.46	4839	447478	29.0	27.76	30.31
Locality of School										
Urban	1164	95593	10.9	9.53	12.39	2960	261650	29.8	28.22	31.36
Rural	854	81199	12.3	11.06	13.55	1879	185828	28.0	25.98	30.19
Sex										
Boys	1194	107457	13.0	11.66	14.47	2439	223511	27.0	25.75	28.38
Girls	824	69335	9.7	8.75	10.73	2400	223967	31.3	29.59	33.07
Class										
Standard 4	607	52619	18.4	16.07	20.97	1000	96201	33.6	31.27	36.06
Standard 5	397	38449	14.7	12.87	16.65	846	84218	32.1	30.08	34.21
Standard 6	171	18842	7.8	5.73	10.57	686	83748	34.7	32.21	37.35
Remove class										
Form 1	287	24107	12.2	10.21	14.47	665	51233	25.9	23.15	28.83
Form 2	187	13797	8.8	6.72	11.41	526	41322	26.3	23.85	28.92
Form 3	155	10954	7.6	6.18	9.36	450	33394	23.2	20.58	26.10
Form 4	149	11617	9.3	7.47	11.62	366	30198	24.3	21.70	27.06
Form 5	65	6407	5.0	3.61	6.76	300	27164	21.0	18.21	24.12
Ethnicity										
Malay	1499	124976	12.2	11.14	13.45	3383	294312	28.8	27.28	30.45
Chinese	143	13621	5.7	4.45	7.25	705	75207	31.4	29.22	33.66
Indian	122	13861	17.3	13.98	21.25	201	21934	27.4	23.50	31.68
Bumiputera Sabah	97	8801	9.9	6.91	13.97	268	23497	26.4	22.69	30.48
Bumiputera Sarawak	78	10288	13.7	10.98	17.03	149	20739	27.7	22.80	33.15
Others	79	5246	13.9	10.11	18.73	133	11789	31.2	25.03	38.03
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	175	15014	12.9	10.65	15.64	360	33686	29.0	26.19	32.08
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	1245	109703	11.1	10.09	12.27	3093	285822	29.0	27.53	30.53
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	269	23526	10.5	8.87	12.41	701	63271	28.3	25.58	31.11
Obese (> + 2sd)	326	28280	13.2	10.92	15.88	675	63334	29.6	27.37	31.87
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	219	17735	13.6	11.27	16.30	398	37131	28.5	24.94	32.25
Normal (≥-2sd)	1799	159058	11.27	10.35	12.28	4440	410154	29.1	27.84	30.34

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Table 3.6.7: Reasons for taking food supplements among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Self awareness					Influences by friends				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	3350	300212	19.5	18.60	20.38	444	40080	2.6	2.22	3.04
Locality of School										
Urban	1941	165687	18.8	17.62	20.14	250	22324	2.5	1.99	3.24
Rural	1409	134525	20.3	19.05	21.60	194	17756	2.7	2.22	3.23
Sex										
Boys	1985	180541	21.8	20.62	23.12	321	27659	3.3	2.87	3.91
Girls	1365	119671	16.7	15.73	17.77	123	12422	1.7	1.32	2.28
Class										
Standard 4	571	51803	18.1	16.54	19.78	109	11231	3.9	3.01	5.11
Standard 5	512	52525	20.0	18.08	22.12	71	6945	2.6	1.98	3.53
Standard 6	445	51911	21.5	19.01	24.28	49	5934	2.5	1.38	4.36
Remove class										
Form 1	462	37109	18.8	16.78	20.90	64	4808	2.4	1.77	3.32
Form 2	381	29310	18.7	16.61	20.91	50	3836	2.4	1.69	3.52
Form 3	397	29279	20.4	17.82	23.17	48	3074	2.1	1.37	3.32
Form 4	295	21797	17.5	15.25	20.06	32	2035	1.6	1.09	2.46
Form 5	287	26477	20.5	17.71	23.56	21	2217	1.7	0.95	3.06
Ethnicity										
Malay	2441	207742	20.4	19.27	21.49	304	25651	2.5	2.06	3.06
Chinese	419	44195	18.5	16.83	20.20	51	5105	2.1	1.49	3.04
Indian	125	13880	17.3	14.46	20.65	26	2565	3.2	2.07	4.94
Bumiputera Sabah	157	14016	15.8	12.75	19.30	26	2578	2.9	1.95	4.28
Bumiputera Sarawak	106	12522	16.7	13.31	20.78	26	3778	5.0	3.81	6.64
Others	102	7856	20.8	16.81	25.37	11	404	1.1	0.35	3.22
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (< -2sd)	244	22310	19.2	16.34	22.50	28	2407	2.1	1.29	3.34
Normal (≥ - 2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	2117	189535	19.2	18.28	20.23	283	24854	2.5	2.14	2.96
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	505	45524	20.3	18.38	22.44	65	6181	2.8	2.04	3.73
Obese (> + 2sd)	482	42807	20.0	17.99	22.14	66	6567	3.1	2.34	4.00
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (< -2sd)	279	22879	17.5	15.17	20.17	47	4264	3.3	2.43	4.39
Normal (≥ -2sd)	3067	277176	19.6	18.71	20.61	397	35816	2.5	2.15	2.99

Table 3.6.7: Reasons for taking food supplements among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	Others				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	979	90758	5.9	5.42	6.39
Locality of School					
Urban	532	47869	5.4	4.79	6.18
Rural	447	42889	6.5	5.86	7.14
Sex					
Boys	574	51717	6.3	5.63	6.95
Girls	405	39041	5.5	4.75	6.27
Class					
Standard 4	156	18535	6.5	5.42	7.73
Standard 5	148	14938	5.7	4.64	6.97
Standard 6	137	14736	6.1	4.50	8.25
Remove class					
Form 1	131	10606	5.4	4.24	6.75
Form 2	117	8242	5.2	4.20	6.54
Form 3	111	8890	6.2	4.77	7.97
Form 4	83	6362	5.1	3.94	6.62
Form 5	96	8449	6.5	4.96	8.57
Ethnicity					
Malay	666	55978	5.5	4.97	6.05
Chinese	137	16896	7.1	5.63	8.81
Indian	38	3676	4.6	3.21	6.53
Bumiputera Sabah	58	5728	6.4	4.93	8.37
Bumiputera Sarawak	38	4742	6.3	4.84	8.24
Others	42	3737	9.9	6.64	14.45
BMI-for age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	77	6901	6.0	4.49	7.85
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	597	56247	5.7	5.11	6.37
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	156	14995	6.7	5.71	7.85
Obese ($> +2sd$)	147	12491	5.8	4.60	7.37
Height-for - age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	88	8937	6.8	5.36	8.71
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	890	81803	5.8	5.31	6.33

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Table 3.6.8: Frequency of taking food supplements among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics (Cont.)

Characteristics	Everyday					5 to 6 times per week				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	244	14643	10.6	8.27	13.48	156	9318	6.7	5.07	8.91
Locality of School										
Urban	226	13471	10.8	8.34	13.92	139	8198	6.6	4.87	8.85
Rural	18	1172	8.5	4.05	17.13	17	1120	8.2	3.74	16.88
Sex										
Boys	123	7867	11.4	8.87	14.42	96	5912	8.5	6.53	11.08
Girls	121	6776	9.8	7.26	13.18	60	3406	4.9	3.40	7.14
Class										
Standard 4	59	3891	22.7	19.85	25.79	23	1288	7.5	3.34	16.01
Standard 5	34	1987	12.0	7.34	18.89	31	1791	10.8	7.08	16.08
Standard 6	28	2010	11.9	6.35	21.28	17	1183	7.0	3.70	12.92
Remove class										
Form 1	27	1982	10.7	7.36	15.21	25	1865	10.0	6.55	15.08
Form 2	30	1721	9.7	6.77	13.84	31	1735	9.8	5.17	17.88
Form 3	26	1160	6.7	4.21	10.45	15	744	4.3	2.08	8.61
Form 4	14	815	4.9	2.40	9.77	6	374	2.2	1.17	4.27
Form 5	26	1076	6.2	4.41	8.67	8	338	1.9	1.00	3.76
Ethnicity										
Malay	143	7892	9.6	6.40	14.04	90	5346	6.5	4.39	9.46
Chinese	59	4249	11.2	8.73	14.35	36	2104	5.6	2.98	10.15
Indian	35	2025	13.3	9.03	19.21	23	1511	9.9	5.45	17.45
Bumiputera Sabah	3	234	27.9	5.72	71.13	3	159	19.0	3.91	57.40
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	125	11.4	3.64	30.30	3	165	15.0	3.97	42.87
Others	2	119	17.7	3.97	52.65	1	33	5.0	0.55	32.92
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	14	748	7.7	4.48	12.99	12	733	7.6	3.74	14.71
Normal ($\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd$)	144	8436	9.8	7.24	13.23	95	5636	6.6	4.71	9.09
Overweight ($> +1sd - \leq +2sd$)	48	2951	14.2	9.87	19.93	22	1297	6.2	3.60	10.56
Obese ($> +2sd$)	37	2451	11.4	7.52	16.87	27	1651	7.7	4.08	13.95
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	14	771	8.5	3.84	17.75	11	623	6.9	2.80	15.85
Normal ($\geq -2sd$)	230	13872	10.8	8.53	13.46	144	8646	6.7	5.10	8.76

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Table 3.6.8: Frequency of taking food supplements among adolescents by socio-demographic characteristics

Characteristics	3 to 4 times per week					1 to 2 times per week				
	Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Count	Estimated population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
Negeri Sembilan	171	10252	7.4	6.05	9.06	316	19230	13.9	11.12	17.27
Locality of School										
Urban	156	9330	7.5	6.04	9.27	291	17924	14.4	11.48	17.91
Rural	15	922	6.7	3.88	11.38	25	1305	9.5	5.34	16.39
Sex										
Boys	106	6633	9.6	7.57	12.04	171	10799	15.6	12.92	18.69
Girls	65	3618	5.2	4.01	6.85	145	8431	12.2	8.92	16.55
Class										
Standard 4	22	1400	8.2	6.16	10.75	63	4273	24.9	19.35	31.45
Standard 5	29	1680	10.1	6.70	14.98	48	2971	17.9	13.44	23.39
Standard 6	21	1428	8.5	5.30	13.27	37	2912	17.3	10.94	26.21
Remove class										
Form 1	29	2093	11.3	7.29	16.99	29	1990	10.7	7.03	15.99
Form 2	11	613	3.5	2.11	5.66	33	1803	10.2	7.66	13.49
Form 3	24	1074	6.2	3.79	9.94	40	1794	10.3	7.63	13.84
Form 4	14	775	4.7	1.97	10.65	30	1793	10.8	6.58	17.21
Form 5	21	1190	6.9	4.00	11.50	36	1692	9.8	6.06	15.33
Ethnicity										
Malay	107	6081	7.4	5.54	9.73	208	11892	14.4	10.56	19.34
Chinese	43	2632	7.0	4.68	10.23	77	5323	14.1	11.79	16.72
Indian	16	1209	7.9	5.51	11.34	24	1629	10.7	6.51	17.14
Bumiputera Sabah	1	88	10.6	1.18	53.77	3	161	19.2	5.44	49.64
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	117	10.6	3.66	26.88	4	225	20.4	9.68	38.08
Others	2	125	18.5	5.15	48.71	-	-	-	-	-
BMI-for age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	10	551	5.7	2.93	10.76	28	1834	18.9	15.28	23.19
Normal (≥ -2sd - ≤+ 1sd)	104	6432	7.5	6.04	9.27	185	11377	13.3	9.85	17.63
Overweight (> +1sd - ≤+ 2sd)	21	1151	5.5	3.25	9.23	50	2988	14.3	10.21	19.80
Obese (> + 2sd)	35	2050	9.5	6.36	14.00	52	2975	13.8	9.42	19.80
Height-for - age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	14	780	8.6	4.46	15.93	30	1605	17.7	11.06	27.11
Normal (≥-2sd)	157	9472	7.3	5.93	9.05	286	17624	13.7	10.85	17.06

3.7 Food and nutrition labeling among adolescents (Secondary 1 to Secondary 5) in Negeri Sembilan

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3.7.1 Introduction

Recognizing the need for more effective regulation of the nutrition labels and claims on food packages, the Ministry of Health Malaysia (MOH) gazetted amendments to Food Regulations 1985 in 2003 (MOH, 1985). MOH has also gazetted and enforced Regulations on Nutrition Labelling and Claims. Regulations were introduced requiring manufacturers to describe the nutritional qualities of a food product factually and informatively.

Nutrition information on food labels to assist food choices and implementation of Front-of-Pack (FOP) labelling are listed as current nutrition programs and activities in the National Plan of Action for Nutrition of Malaysia III, 2016-2025. Food and nutrition labelling are designed to provide consumers on various information when choosing food. Food and nutrition labelling in this survey include food labelling, FOP labelling, nutrition information panel (NIP) and nutrition labelling. Food labelling includes any written, printed or graphic matter that is presented on the label, accompanies the food, or is displayed near the food, including that for the purpose of promoting its sale or disposal. NIP declares the nutrients as a table in one section of a food label. In addition, nutrition labelling describes the nutrient content of a food product and this may assist the consumers in making better food choices when planning their daily meals. Thus, food and nutrition labelling has been recognized as one of the strategies to encourage people to adopt healthy eating practices. There is no national data in Malaysia on prevalence of food label reading among Malaysian children and teenagers. Therefore, this survey was conducted to determine the prevalence of reading and their understanding of food and nutritional labelling among adolescents in Malaysia.

3.7.2 Objective

General objective

To determine the prevalence of reading food and nutrition labeling among adolescents (Secondary 1 to Secondary 5).

Specific objective:

1. To determine the prevalence of reading food label when buying or receiving food/drink.

2. To determine the reason(s) for not reading food labels.
3. To determine the types of nutrition fact information (energy, carbohydrate/ sugar, fat, protein, sodium, vitamin, mineral and fiber content) that is read from the food label.
4. To determine the types of information (expiry date, nutritional claim, nutrition facts, halal logo, food ingredients, storage instruction) read from the food label.
5. To determine the understanding of nutrition labelling (nutrition facts and front of pack).
6. To determine the knowledge of the most and least amount of ingredients contained based on the food ingredients list.

3.7.3 Variable definitions

There were three classifications used in this study.

- a. Always: reads food labels every time when buying or receiving food/drinks
- b. Sometimes: occasionally or once in a while reads food labels when buying or receiving food/drink
- c. Never: does not read food labels at all.

Food label

- A food label includes any tag, brand, mark, pictorial or other descriptive matter, written, printed, stenciled, marked, painted, embossed or impressed on, or attached to or included in, belonging to, or accompanying any food. (Malaysia Food Regulations 1985).

Front of Pack (FOP) labels

- Simplified nutrition information on the front of the package, in varied forms.

Nutrition information panel/ Nutrition facts

- The nutrition information panel or NIP is a table found in one section of a food label declaring the amount of nutrients contained in the food.

Nutrition labelling

- A nutrition label is a listing of the level of nutrient(s) as displayed on the food label. It is meant to provide factual information about the nutritional content of the product.

3.7.4 Findings

3.7.4.1 Prevalence of practise reading food labels when buying or receiving food/drink among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan

The results in **Table 3.7.1** showed that 33.2% (95%CI: 30.61, 35.94) of adolescents in Negeri Sembilan always read food labels and only 12.1% (95%CI: 9.43,15.32) never read-food labels when buying or receiving food. The prevalence of never reading food labels was higher among boys [[13.2% (95%CI: 9.90, 17.43)] than girls [10.9% (95%CI: 8.06, 14.68)]. According to height-for-age status (HAZ), adolescents that were stunted [33.9% (95%CI: 23.53, 46.04)] showed higher prevalence of always reading food labels compared to normal adolescents [33.1% (95%CI: 30.43, 35.92)] and prevalence never reading food labels were higher among stunted adolescents [13.8% (95%CI: 8.69, 21.18)].

3.7.4.2 Reasons for not reading food and nutrition labelling among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan

Among those who did not read food labels, the findings showed that the main reasons for not reading food labels were the food labels were not interesting [34.4% (95%CI: 21.52 , 50.08)], followed by do not understand food labels [22.6% (95%CI: 17.86 , 28.24)] and the size of the printing on food labels was too small [16.1% (95%CI: 10.36 , 24.11)]. The results also revealed that 14.3% (95%CI: 9.65, 20.71) of adolescents did not know the importance of food labels; 14.3% (95%CI: 9.22, 21.42) of adolescents were already aware of the food label information; 10.9% (95%CI: 6.64, 17.30) of adolescents had time constraint on reading food label. By locality of school, both rural [36.6% (95%CI: 21.08, 55.49)] and urban [33.9% (95%CI: 18.90, 52.97)] adolescents reported that not interesting food labels was the main reason for not reading food labels. Similarly, by sex, both girls [39.9% (95%CI: 25.76, 55.94)] and boys [29.8% (95%CI: 16.84, 47.08)] reported that the food labels were not interesting was the highest percentage for not reading food labels (**Table 3.7.2**).

3.7.4.3 Types of nutrition fact information (energy, carbohydrate/ sugar, fat, protein, sodium, vitamin, mineral and fiber content) that read from the food labels.

Among those who read the nutrition fact information, the three most common types of nutritional information being read were fat content [40.2% (95%CI: 35.05, 45.58)], total energy content [37.7% (95%CI: 34.61, 40.95)] and carbohydrate content (including sugar) [35.2% (95%CI: 31.03, 39.59)]. It was followed by protein content [20.2% (95%CI: 17.47 , 23.16)], vitamin content [18.6% (95%CI: 15.67 , 21.92)], fiber [9.6% (95%CI: 7.97 , 11.42)], sodium content [8.9% (95%CI: 7.21, 10.85)] and mineral content [7.2% (95%CI: 5.99 , 8.66)] (**Table 3.7.3a** and **Table 3.7.3b**)

3.7.4.4 Types of information (expiry date, nutrition claim, nutrition facts, halal logo, food ingredients and storage instruction read from the food labels.

Based on types of information (expiry date, dietary declaration (nutrition claim), nutrition facts, halal logo, food ingredients, storage instruction) on the food label, most of the adolescents read the expiry date [78.1% (95%CI: 72.52, 82.80)], followed by halal logo [41.7% (95%CI: 31.57, 52.67)], food ingredients [25.3% (95%CI: 20.97, 30.19)], nutrition fact [21.2% (95%CI: 17.88, 24.86)], storage instruction [17.3% (95%CI: 12.93, 22.68)] and dietary declaration (nutrition claim) [14.2% (95%CI: 11.82, 17.02)] (**Table 3.7.4**).

3.7.4.5 Understanding of nutrition facts among adolescents in Johor

Overall, more than half of the adolescents [56.8% (95%CI: 48.38, 64.83)] and [52.7% (95%CI: 46.85, 58.39)] had given a correct response to the question assessing interpretation of the energy content and sugar content based on the nutrition facts given. While only 42.3% (95%CI: 34.52, 50.49)] correct responses for both energy and sugar based on the nutrition facts. (**Table 3.7.5**).

3.7.4.6 Understanding of front of pack labelling among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan

Overall, less than half of the adolescents [38.3% (95%CI: 33.61, 43.15)] had given the correct response to question assessing interpretation of the energy content based on the front of pack labelling given and [43.1% (95%CI: 38.49, 47.77)] had given correct response to question assessing interpretation of the percentage of energy content based on the front of pack labelling given. However, the results showed a low level of correct responses [23.7% (95%CI: 20.10, 27.78)] to questions assessing interpretations of both the energy content and the percentage of energy content based on the front of pack labelling given (**Table 3.7.6**).

3.7.4.7 Understanding of the mostly and the least used ingredients based on the food ingredient list among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan

Overall, slightly more than half of the adolescents [52.6% (95%CI: 46.82, 58.28)] had given a correct response to the question assessing interpretation of the mostly used ingredient in the food based on the list of ingredients given. Girls [57.6% (95%CI: 52.00, 62.92)] reported a higher prevalence of interpreting correctly as compared to the boys 47.4% (95%CI: 41.50, 53.40)]. While, 14.7% (95%CI: 11.38, 18.82) of adolescents had given correct response to the question assessing interpretation of the least used ingredient in the food based on the list of ingredients given. The results showed a correct response [6.6% (95%CI: 5.04, 8.53)] to questions assessing interpretations of both the mostly and the least used ingredients based on the ingredient list given (**Table 3.7.7**).

3.7.5 Discussion/Conclusion

This study provides useful information about the prevalence of reading food and nutrition labelling among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan. Adolescents reported a lower prevalence of not reading food label. Continuous education regarding understanding the food and nutrition labelling, not limited to the expiry date, but also the nutritional content and the benefits of front of pack labelling and nutrition information fact is necessary. Boys had a higher prevalence of not reading food and nutrition labelling. Thus, we need to be creative in education and promotion to ensure that adolescents know how to interpret the overall information that is stated at the food and nutrition labelling before choosing packaged food and drinks. In this survey, low prevalence of the adolescents knows how to determine the highest and lowest ingredients content based on the food ingredient list given.

References

1. Institute for Public Health. National health and Morbidity Survey 2014. Malaysian Adult Nutrition Survey. Vol II.
2. Malaysia Food Regulations (1985). Ministry of Health Malaysia.
3. National Coordinating Committee on Food and Nutrition. 2010. Malaysian Dietary Guidelines. Ministry of Health.

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Table 3.7.1: Prevalence of reading food and nutritional labelling when buying or receiving food/drink among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Yes, always					Yes, sometimes				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	555	29346	33.2	30.61	35.94	953	48327	54.7	50.26	59.09
Locality of School										
Urban	463	24305	32.6	29.94	35.37	829	41668	55.9	51.44	60.23
Rural	92	5041	36.6	30.94	42.70	124	6659	48.4	38.56	58.32
Sex										
Boys	262	15802	36.0	30.42	42.06	366	22256	50.8	44.77	56.71
Girls	293	13543	30.4	26.44	34.78	587	26071	58.6	53.98	63.10
Class										
Form 1	92	6064	32.4	22.54	44.20	151	10168	54.4	42.28	66.00
Form 2	119	6684	37.7	31.40	44.49	157	8681	49.0	43.25	54.76
Form 3	120	5323	30.4	23.57	38.26	229	9873	56.4	47.42	65.01
Form 4	98	5766	34.2	27.15	42.07	165	8962	53.2	45.09	61.11
Form 5	126	5508	31.4	23.57	40.35	251	10644	60.6	51.34	69.13
Ethnicity										
Malay	374	19036	32.8	29.62	36.24	678	33312	57.5	53.63	61.23
Chinese	65	3521	23.8	17.81	31.01	150	8061	54.5	49.22	59.61
Indian	108	6309	45.8	42.15	49.52	107	5940	43.1	36.91	49.57
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	10	621	91.8	55.01	99.04
Bumiputera Sarawak	5	284	46.2	24.70	69.27	3	170	27.6	7.71	63.42
Others	3	195	38.2	12.22	73.37	5	223	43.8	26.42	62.87
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	44	2487	40.9	34.63	47.54	58	3176	52.3	46.27	58.19
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	346	18323	32.3	29.19	35.47	622	31464	55.4	50.57	60.09
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	89	4367	34.2	29.02	39.74	139	6719	52.6	47.07	58.04
Obese (>+2sd)	74	4073	32.5	25.49	40.36	133	6936	55.3	46.53	63.79
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	39	2102	33.9	23.53	46.04	71	3247	52.3	43.70	60.83
Normal (≥-2sd)	514	27162	33.1	30.43	35.92	881	45048	54.9	50.36	59.41

Table 3.7.1: Prevalence of reading food and nutritional labelling when buying or receiving food/drink among adolescents

Characteristic	Never				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	197	10661	12.1	9.43	15.32
Locality of School					
Urban	161	8596	11.5	8.66	15.18
Rural	36	2065	15.0	11.34	19.60
Sex					
Boys	93	5796	13.2	9.90	17.43
Girls	104	4865	10.9	8.06	14.68
Class					
Form 1	33	2462	13.2	5.96	26.65
Form 2	43	2355	13.3	9.89	17.62
Form 3	50	2304	13.2	9.07	18.73
Form 4	35	2124	12.6	9.04	17.32
Form 5	36	1417	8.1	6.27	10.31
Ethnicity					
Malay	112	5610	9.7	8.02	11.64
Chinese	55	3220	21.8	15.14	30.22
Indian	25	1523	11.1	7.14	16.74
Bumiputera Sabah	1	55	8.2	0.96	44.99
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	161	26.2	5.47	68.54
Others	2	91	17.9	2.00	70.04
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	7	414	6.8	3.37	13.29
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	132	7028	12.4	9.37	16.16
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	31	1691	13.2	8.50	20.03
Obese (>+2sd)	27	1529	12.2	7.93	18.29
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	18	855	13.8	8.69	21.18
Normal (≥-2sd)	179	9806	12.0	8.96	15.78

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Table 3.7.2: Reasons for not reading food label among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Size of the print too small					Do not understand				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	30	1715	16.1	10.36	24.11	45	2413	23	17.9	28.24
Locality of School										
Urban	27	1530	17.8	11.46	26.61	37	1939	23	17.1	29.20
Rural	3	185	8.9	2.94	24.09	8	474	23	15.4	32.78
Sex										
Boys	18	1114	19.2	11.22	30.93	21	1204	21	15.6	27.14
Girls	12	601	12.4	5.82	24.31	24	1209	25	16.0	36.50
Class										
Form 1	4	303	12.3	3.15	37.74	9	657	27	15.2	42.42
Form 2	8	479	20.3	7.98	42.89	11	561	24	10.6	45.21
Form 3	9	453	19.7	8.69	38.70	14	658	29	16.4	44.89
Form 4	4	269	12.7	3.54	36.38	5	313	15	7.4	27.12
Form 5	5	211	14.9	4.76	37.87	6	224	16	6.1	35.33
Ethnicity										
Malay	15	804	14.3	6.47	28.80	31	1531	27	19.7	36.45
Chinese	9	539	16.7	8.07	31.53	10	603	19	12.9	26.41
Indian	4	228	15.0	9.11	23.58	4	279	18	6.6	41.75
Bumiputera Sabah	1	55	100.0	100.00	100.00	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	88	54.9	4.86	96.67	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	1	32	7.6	0.97	41.11	2	124	30	6.3	73.44
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	22	1267	18.0	11.06	28.01	26	1314	19	12.4	27.28
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	5	296	17.5	8.75	31.90	8	362	21	9.6	41.22
Obese (>+2sd)	2	120	7.9	1.89	27.38	9	612	40	26.7	55.10
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	1	62	7.2	0.85	41.24	6	303	35	12.4	68.04
Normal (≥-2sd)	29	1653	16.9	10.95	25.05	39	2110	22	17.1	26.70

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Table 3.7.2: Reasons for not reading food label among adolescents in Negeri Sembilan (Cont.)

Characteristic	Not interesting					Do not know the importance of food label				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	69	3668	34.4	21.52	50.08	28.000	1526	14.3	9.65	20.71
Locality of School										
Urban	55	2912	33.9	18.90	52.97	23	1262	14.7	9.64	21.74
Rural	14	756	36.6	21.08	55.49	5	263	12.7	4.73	30.06
Sex										
Boys	27	1727	29.8	16.84	47.08	15	945	16.3	9.87	25.75
Girls	42	1941	39.9	25.76	55.94	13	580	11.9	5.99	22.34
Class										
Form 1	7	513	20.8	6.13	51.43	5	416	16.9	7.82	32.76
Form 2	13	763	32.4	9.68	68.16	6	303	12.9	6.05	25.26
Form 3	20	900	39.1	18.97	63.72	10	465	20.2	12.35	31.19
Form 4	19	1111	52.3	32.30	71.55	3	161	7.6	1.99	24.84
Form 5	10	382	27.0	13.08	47.53	4	181	12.8	5.59	26.65
Ethnicity										
Malay	34	1627	29.0	17.98	43.19	17	887	15.8	8.87	26.58
Chinese	28	1690	52.5	32.13	72.06	9	496	15.4	8.77	25.67
Indian	6	314	20.6	8.06	43.45	2	143	9.4	2.05	33.78
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1	37	40.8	40.77	40.77	-	-	-	-	-
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	4	262	63.4	17.69	93.30	-	-	-	-	-
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	45	2365	33.7	20.42	50.07	21	1209	17.2	10.56	26.78
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	11	592	35.0	14.94	62.30	6	285	16.8	7.67	33.02
Obese (>+2sd)	9	448	29.3	16.46	46.62	1	32	2.1	0.21	18.20
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	7	349	40.8	17.00	69.83	3	128	15.0	4.43	40.17
Normal (≥-2sd)	62	3319	33.8	20.81	49.91	25	1397	14.2	9.58	20.68

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Table 3.7.2: Reasons for not reading food label among adolescents

Characteristic	Time constraint					Already aware of the food label information				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	24.000	1159	10.9	6.64	17.30	28	1521	14.3	9.22	21.42
Locality of School										
Urban	20	971	11.3	6.47	19.00	20	1033	12.0	8.28	17.13
Rural	4	188	9.1	3.68	20.75	8	488	23.6	12.32	40.50
Sex										
Boys	9	524	9.0	4.79	16.45	14	912	15.7	8.99	26.10
Girls	15	635	13.0	6.52	24.41	14	608	12.5	7.77	19.53
Class										
Form 1	3	223	9.0	6.42	12.59	4	326	13.3	7.03	23.61
Form 2	3	122	5.2	1.16	20.26	7	394	16.7	7.19	34.23
Form 3	4	165	7.2	2.32	20.10	7	334	14.5	4.23	39.46
Form 4	7	413	19.4	9.02	36.98	2	101	4.7	1.05	18.96
Form 5	7	237	16.7	6.68	35.99	8	366	25.8	11.90	47.33
Ethnicity										
Malay	16	751	13.4	7.05	23.95	15	709	12.6	9.11	17.26
Chinese	4	183	5.7	2.32	13.21	6	336	10.4	3.36	28.16
Indian	3	153	10.0	2.53	32.45	7	476	31.2	22.72	41.24
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	73	45.1	3.33	95.14	-	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	1	62	14.9	1.40	68.40	-	-	-	-	-
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	18	840	12.0	6.63	20.60	15	769	10.9	6.86	16.99
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	3	136	8.0	2.29	24.45	6	408	24.1	8.45	52.24
Obese (>+2sd)	2	122	8.0	1.88	28.06	7	344	22.5	8.23	48.53
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	1	37	4.3	0.49	28.75	4	175	20.5	6.25	49.93
Normal (≥-2sd)	23	1123	11.4	6.75	18.77	24	1346	13.7	8.41	21.59

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Table 3.7.3a: Prevalence of reading nutrition information (macronutrient) among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes) (Cont.)

Characteristic	Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes									
	Total energy					Carbohydrate				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	572	29304	37.7	34.61	40.95	558	27334	35.2	31.03	39.59
Locality of School										
Urban	494	25235	38.3	34.89	41.73	477	23107	35.0	30.38	39.97
Rural	78	4069	34.8	28.97	41.09	81	4228	36.1	28.05	45.08
Sex										
Boys	258	15271	40.1	33.96	46.62	197	11600	30.5	26.26	35.05
Girls	314	14034	35.4	31.61	39.44	361	15735	39.7	34.61	45.06
Class										
Form 1	75	4953	30.5	23.29	38.84	82	5404	33.3	27.68	39.41
Form 2	123	6777	44.1	37.49	50.95	84	4607	30.0	23.51	37.38
Form 3	122	5246	34.5	29.67	39.73	143	6051	39.8	31.10	49.24
Form 4	98	5567	37.8	31.41	44.63	96	5202	35.3	29.71	41.36
Form 5	154	6762	41.9	35.77	48.21	153	6070	37.6	30.03	45.79
Ethnicity										
Malay	408	20486	39.1	36.09	42.26	418	19750	37.7	32.98	42.72
Chinese	82	4360	37.6	29.48	46.58	67	3513	30.3	24.63	36.72
Indian	74	4056	33.1	29.10	37.39	64	3598	29.4	26.10	32.87
Bumiputera Sabah	4	200	32.3	8.43	71.15	1	43	6.9	0.65	45.84
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	163	35.9	13.04	67.69	3	187	41.2	14.46	74.43
Others	1	39	9.3	1.14	48.01	5	243	58.1	25.07	85.15
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	37	1959	34.6	27.43	42.52	33	1757	31.0	22.12	41.60
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	374	19324	38.8	34.73	43.05	358	17671	35.5	31.40	39.81
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	77	3701	33.4	27.69	39.61	80	3667	33.1	26.37	40.56
Obese (>+2sd)	84	4321	39.3	32.35	46.61	84	4112	37.3	28.99	46.54
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	45	2174	40.6	30.04	52.18	46	2125	39.7	30.97	49.20
Normal (≥-2sd)	527	27131	37.6	34.64	40.60	510	25145	34.8	30.79	39.08

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Table 3.7.3a: Prevalence of reading nutrition information (macronutrient) among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes)

Characteristic	Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes									
	Fat					Protein				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	650	31227	40.2	35.05	45.58	304	15663	20.2	17.47	23.16
Locality of School										
Urban	557	26441	40.1	34.40	46.03	256	13086	19.8	16.98	23.04
Rural	93	4786	40.9	29.52	53.36	48	2577	22.0	15.27	30.69
Sex										
Boys	204	12087	31.8	26.23	37.85	145	8651	22.7	18.24	27.94
Girls	446	19140	48.3	43.92	52.74	159	7012	17.7	13.75	22.50
Class										
Form 1	67	4349	26.8	18.70	36.81	42	2969	18.3	14.07	23.44
Form 2	98	5482	35.7	26.11	46.55	54	2959	19.3	13.72	26.35
Form 3	166	6951	45.7	35.89	55.95	76	3282	21.6	15.87	28.69
Form 4	129	6924	47.0	40.39	53.73	48	2769	18.8	15.11	23.15
Form 5	190	7520	46.6	37.94	55.38	84	3684	22.8	19.14	26.94
Ethnicity										
Malay	452	21041	40.2	34.37	46.31	213	10543	20.1	17.05	23.63
Chinese	100	5097	44.0	35.05	53.38	45	2473	21.4	16.51	27.17
Indian	92	4776	39.0	27.46	51.89	39	2183	17.8	13.51	23.14
Bumiputera Sabah	4	204	32.8	9.68	69.01	4	277	44.6	20.82	71.12
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	46	10.2	2.49	33.56	2	113	25.0	7.31	58.37
Others	1	62	14.9	3.24	47.86	1	74	17.7	1.88	70.60
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	25	1258	22.2	17.38	27.94	22	1202	21.2	13.90	31.00
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	413	19975	40.1	35.24	45.21	209	10912	21.9	19.08	25.04
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	119	5380	48.5	44.05	53.04	42	2001	18.0	13.38	23.89
Obese (>+2sd)	92	4550	41.3	28.99	54.86	31	1549	14.1	8.44	22.53
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	44	1884	35.2	23.44	49.12	29	1327	24.8	16.36	35.74
Normal (≥-2sd)	605	29294	40.6	35.43	45.92	275	14336	19.9	17.11	22.91

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Table 3.7.3b: Prevalence of reading nutrition information (micronutrient/fiber) among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes) (Cont.)

Characteristic	Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes									
	Sodium					Vitamin				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI Lower Upper		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI Lower Upper	
NEGERI SEMBILAN	141	6884	8.9	7.21	10.85	291	14439	18.6	15.67	21.92
Locality of School										
Urban	124	5977	9.1	7.17	11.39	246	12264	18.6	15.76	21.79
Rural	17	907	7.7	7.43	8.09	45	2175	18.6	9.43	33.38
Sex										
Boys	48	2848	7.5	5.59	9.94	109	6435	16.9	13.57	20.86
Girls	93	4036	10.2	7.76	13.27	182	8004	20.2	17.27	23.49
Class										
Form 1	18	1278	7.9	3.54	16.60	50	3188	19.6	13.70	27.34
Form 2	20	1116	7.3	3.46	14.63	44	2351	15.3	9.06	24.66
Form 3	44	1873	12.3	7.80	18.96	72	3179	20.9	16.47	26.20
Form 4	21	1113	7.6	4.51	12.40	40	2219	15.1	10.20	21.70
Form 5	38	1502	9.3	7.45	11.56	85	3502	21.7	17.55	26.46
Ethnicity										
Malay	101	4772	9.1	6.95	11.87	194	9393	17.9	14.51	21.98
Chinese	16	835	7.2	3.77	13.33	62	3259	28.1	24.26	32.38
Indian	21	1086	8.9	6.38	12.19	31	1589	13.0	7.35	21.88
Bumiputera Sabah	2	117	18.8	4.92	50.96	2	91	14.7	2.55	52.92
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	2	107	23.5	7.11	55.23
Others	1	74	17.7	3.73	54.27	-	-	-	-	-
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	8	446	7.9	3.38	17.26	22	1170	20.7	13.35	30.55
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	91	4441	8.9	7.18	11.03	193	9453	19.0	15.80	22.64
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	28	1245	11.2	7.83	15.86	46	2265	20.4	14.92	27.32
Obese (>+2sd)	14	752	6.8	3.91	11.65	30	1551	14.1	8.33	22.84
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	14	616	11.5	7.07	18.19	30	1302	24.3	14.59	37.74
Normal (≥-2sd)	127	6268	8.7	6.82	10.99	261	13137	18.2	15.61	21.10

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Table 3.7.3b: Prevalence of reading nutrition information (micronutrient/fiber) among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes)

Characteristic	Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes									
	Mineral					Fiber				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	117	5602	7.2	5.99	8.66	153	7423	9.6	7.97	11.42
Locality of School										
Urban	100	4735	7.2	6.00	8.56	137	6505	9.9	8.08	11.99
Rural	17	867	7.4	3.63	14.54	16	918	7.8	6.57	9.34
Sex										
Boys	37	2170	5.7	3.79	8.48	50	3071	8.1	5.97	10.82
Girls	80	3432	8.7	6.84	10.92	103	4351	11.0	8.94	13.43
Class										
Form 1	11	745	4.6	1.59	12.49	22	1558	9.6	6.43	14.09
Form 2	20	1074	7.0	3.98	12.00	27	1529	9.9	5.70	16.79
Form 3	27	1140	7.5	4.66	11.86	33	1394	9.2	5.78	14.26
Form 4	22	1221	8.3	4.68	14.29	25	1408	9.6	6.16	14.54
Form 5	37	1422	8.8	6.15	12.44	46	1534	9.5	5.65	15.54
Ethnicity										
Malay	76	3522	6.7	4.96	9.06	106	4798	9.2	6.90	12.08
Chinese	18	950	8.2	4.74	13.82	21	1233	10.6	6.55	16.86
Indian	20	988	8.1	4.29	14.65	24	1299	10.6	7.09	15.57
Bumiputera Sabah	3	142	22.8	3.87	68.44	1	43	6.9	0.65	45.84
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	1	49	10.9	2.64	35.40
Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	8	456	8.0	5.16	12.35	11	569	10.1	5.84	16.76
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	72	3406	6.8	5.22	8.93	91	4414	8.9	7.70	10.19
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	19	826	7.5	4.51	12.07	28	1285	11.6	7.44	17.62
Obese (>+2sd)	18	914	8.3	3.99	16.48	23	1154	10.5	6.61	16.22
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	12	478	8.9	5.46	14.31	14	696	13.0	6.32	24.89
Normal (≥-2sd)	105	5124	7.1	5.83	8.61	139	6727	9.3	7.86	11.00

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Table 3.7.4: Prevalence of reading food label among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes) (Cont.)

Characteristic	Expiry date					Nutritional claim				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	1203	60654	78.1	72.52	82.80	226	11047	14	11.8	17.02
Locality of School										
Urban	1044	52303	79.3	73.38	84.16	198	9529	14	11.7	17.66
Rural	159	8351	71.4	61.12	79.82	28	1518	13	9.7	17.10
Sex										
Boys	473	28154	74.0	65.45	81.01	87	5054	13	10.2	17.17
Girls	730	32500	82.0	78.11	85.40	139	5993	15	12.4	18.36
Class										
Form 1	173	11248	69.3	58.50	78.32	26	1696	10	7.9	13.77
Form 2	204	11344	73.8	63.60	82.01	42	2369	15	10.1	22.92
Form 3	296	12725	83.7	73.01	90.75	54	2236	15	9.7	21.76
Form 4	220	12259	83.2	74.29	89.51	34	1761	12	7.8	17.98
Form 5	310	13077	81.0	72.92	87.04	70	2986	18	14.8	22.84
Ethnicity										
Malay	848	41574	79.4	74.83	83.35	138	6513	12	10.1	15.24
Chinese	186	9871	85.2	75.60	91.49	49	2449	21	15.8	27.70
Indian	151	8240	67.3	56.72	76.32	33	1788	15	10.3	20.35
Bumiputera Sabah	7	404	65.0	32.25	87.84	3	146	24	5.3	62.73
Bumiputera Sarawak	5	283	62.3	30.02	86.43	2	113	25	3.6	74.73
Others	6	282	67.4	20.40	94.35	1	39	9	1.1	48.01
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	73	3933	69.5	57.95	78.95	17	834	15	10.1	21.02
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	789	39773	79.9	74.17	84.60	136	6607	13	10.6	16.51
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	177	8521	76.9	67.86	83.95	43	2023	18	13.5	24.24
Obese (>+2sd)	161	8298	75.4	67.55	81.82	30	1584	14	10.1	20.08
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	90	4111	76.9	69.55	82.85	17	804	15	9.9	22.09
Normal (≥-2sd)	1111	56478	78.2	72.50	83.02	209	10243	14	11.7	17.11

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Table 3.7.4: Prevalence of reading food label among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes) (Cont.)

Characteristic	Nutrition fact					Halal logo				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	334	16435	21.2	17.88	24.86	671	32421	41.7	31.57	52.67
Locality of School										
Urban	286	13876	21.0	17.25	25.40	584	28254	42.8	32.22	54.14
Rural	48	2559	21.9	19.05	24.98	87	4167	35.6	12.78	67.63
Sex										
Boys	114	6638	17.4	13.95	21.59	246	14325	37.6	27.71	48.73
Girls	220	9797	24.7	21.09	28.77	425	18096	45.7	33.92	57.94
Class										
Form 1	43	2781	17.1	12.45	23.11	94	6097	37.6	24.12	53.24
Form 2	58	3224	21.0	14.51	29.34	102	5510	35.9	23.79	50.04
Form 3	77	3285	21.6	17.16	26.86	177	7305	48.1	32.97	63.54
Form 4	55	2871	19.5	14.86	25.15	118	6332	43.0	31.54	55.24
Form 5	101	4274	26.5	20.56	33.34	180	7177	44.4	29.06	60.95
Ethnicity										
Malay	216	10224	19.5	15.99	23.64	619	29574	56.5	50.28	62.51
Chinese	66	3390	29.3	23.18	36.20	16	858	7.4	4.23	12.67
Indian	47	2564	20.9	15.90	27.04	30	1648	13.5	11.11	16.20
Bumiputera Sabah	4	219	35.3	13.53	65.49	2	91	14.7	2.55	52.92
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	1	39	9.3	1.14	48.01	4	249	59.6	24.15	87.25
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	17	864	15.3	9.36	23.88	31	1562	27.6	16.45	42.42
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	209	10278	20.6	17.31	24.43	452	22079	44.3	33.57	55.69
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	66	3098	27.9	22.41	34.24	99	4445	40.1	29.18	52.10
Obese (>+2sd)	42	2196	19.9	13.48	28.48	87	4239	38.5	25.75	53.06
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	18	750	14.0	6.71	26.99	59	2536	47.4	28.26	67.37
Normal (≥-2sd)	316	15685	21.7	18.33	25.54	610	29803	41.3	31.35	51.96

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Table 3.7.4: Prevalence of reading food label among those who read food label (Yes, always/ Yes, sometimes)

Characteristic	Food ingredients					Storage instruction				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	415	19654	25.3	20.97	30.19	283	13413	17.3	12.93	22.68
Locality of School										
Urban	359	16910	25.6	20.96	30.94	239	11190	17.0	12.27	22.98
Rural	56	2744	23.4	14.04	36.48	44	2223	19.0	9.97	33.19
Sex										
Boys	134	7831	20.6	16.61	25.21	95	5510	14.5	9.01	22.44
Girls	281	11823	29.8	25.39	34.72	188	7903	20.0	16.81	23.52
Class										
Form 1	55	3603	22.2	17.16	28.21	34	2164	13.3	7.72	22.04
Form 2	56	3056	19.9	12.56	30.02	40	2243	14.6	10.10	20.64
Form 3	112	4603	30.3	21.70	40.53	76	3232	21.3	14.94	29.36
Form 4	65	3432	23.3	18.18	29.35	35	1779	12.1	7.80	18.24
Form 5	127	4960	30.7	24.80	37.33	98	3995	24.7	17.33	34.01
Ethnicity										
Malay	305	13943	26.6	21.37	32.66	177	8072	15.4	11.82	19.87
Chinese	49	2552	22.0	17.46	27.41	70	3519	30.4	20.43	42.60
Indian	55	2872	23.4	16.20	32.66	31	1605	13.1	9.24	18.24
Bumiputera Sabah	3	181	29.1	7.38	67.89	2	92	14.9	3.04	49.31
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	1	58	12.9	3.08	40.72
Others	3	106	25.3	4.24	72.12	2	67	15.9	1.29	73.38
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	22	1155	20.4	14.26	28.27	13	746	13.2	7.16	22.99
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	271	12912	25.9	21.39	31.06	188	8923	17.9	13.67	23.15
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	72	3277	29.6	22.02	38.40	51	2347	21.2	14.46	29.90
Obese (>+2sd)	48	2215	20.1	13.10	29.61	31	1397	12.7	6.39	23.63
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	30	1344	25.1	17.88	34.11	25	1135	21.2	13.44	31.86
Normal (≥-2sd)	384	18277	25.3	20.98	30.19	258	12278	17.0	12.65	22.47

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Table 3.7.5: Prevalence of understanding on the interpretation calorie and sugar content on the nutrition labelling among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Both Correct					Interpretation calorie correct				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	763	37404	42.3	34.52	50.49	1008	50215	56.8	48.38	64.83
Locality of School										
Urban	664	32329	43.3	34.65	52.38	882	43702	58.5	49.67	66.88
Rural	99	5075	36.9	23.85	52.12	126	6512	47.3	30.93	64.29
Sex										
Boys	284	16826	38.3	29.88	47.46	393	23477	53.4	43.69	62.91
Girls	479	20578	46.3	37.71	55.05	615	26737	60.1	51.62	68.04
Class										
Form 1	89	5623	29.9	18.87	43.97	125	8107	43.2	30.13	57.21
Form 2	137	7450	42.0	29.28	55.97	182	9909	55.9	41.77	69.17
Form 3	182	7670	43.8	32.10	56.30	248	10569	60.4	48.32	71.33
Form 4	134	7359	43.7	36.05	51.60	182	10152	60.2	51.66	68.23
Form 5	221	9302	52.9	40.10	65.42	271	11478	65.3	51.78	76.79
Ethnicity										
Malay	536	25638	44.2	37.41	51.15	718	35106	60.5	54.35	66.29
Chinese	131	6878	46.5	33.15	60.31	164	8649	58.4	42.70	72.62
Indian	86	4359	31.7	19.28	47.32	114	5827	42.3	28.62	57.30
Bumiputera Sabah	1	64	9.4	0.90	54.08	2	118	17.4	3.11	58.03
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	121	19.7	4.15	58.23	3	171	27.7	11.61	52.89
Others	7	344	67.5	25.27	92.72	7	344	67.5	25.27	92.72
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	45	2376	38.5	23.37	56.31	56	2925	47.4	29.24	66.33
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	507	24890	43.8	34.91	53.13	655	32520	57.2	47.67	66.30
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	114	5232	40.9	33.09	49.30	153	7189	56.3	47.78	64.40
Obese (>+2sd)	96	4874	38.9	29.30	49.41	142	7486	59.7	50.66	68.14
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	54	2480	40.0	29.66	51.25	70	3284	52.9	42.54	63.07
Normal (≥-2sd)	708	34892	42.5	34.60	50.80	937	46899	57.1	48.60	65.24

Table 3.7.5: Prevalence of understanding on the interpretation calorie and sugar content on the nutrition labelling among adolescents

Characteristic	Interpretation of sugar correct				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	926	46557	52.7	46.85	58.39
Locality of School					
Urban	795	39545	53.0	46.36	59.48
Rural	131	7012	50.9	41.41	60.40
Sex					
Boys	374	22511	51.2	45.18	57.24
Girls	552	24046	54.1	46.33	61.60
Class					
Form 1	122	8056	42.9	32.69	53.73
Form 2	172	9376	52.9	42.08	63.49
Form 3	209	8935	51.1	39.68	62.33
Form 4	163	9178	54.5	48.48	60.31
Form 5	260	11012	62.7	52.97	71.46
Ethnicity					
Malay	641	31132	53.6	48.79	58.41
Chinese	142	7474	50.5	37.45	63.48
Indian	129	7105	51.6	40.07	62.94
Bumiputera Sabah	3	234	34.5	6.69	79.51
Bumiputera Sarawak	3	210	34.1	5.65	81.73
Others	8	403	79.0	47.87	93.89
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	60	3344	54.2	39.87	67.92
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	606	30320	53.4	46.60	60.01
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	134	6298	49.3	42.07	56.54
Obese (>+2sd)	125	6563	52.3	44.67	59.92
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	63	2981	48.0	38.53	57.70
Normal (≥-2sd)	861	43495	53.0	46.96	58.91

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Table 3.7.6: Prevalence of understanding on correct interpretation of front of pack labelling for energy among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Both correct					Know only the energy content				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	422	20980	23.7	20.10	27.78	661	33837	38.3	33.6	43.15
Locality of School										
Urban	362	17509	23.5	19.25	28.25	563	28215	37.8	32.4	43.49
Rural	60	3471	25.2	23.45	27.07	98	5622	40.8	37.8	43.91
Sex										
Boys	173	10385	23.6	19.03	28.95	271	16509	37.6	33.2	42.12
Girls	249	10595	23.8	19.24	29.09	390	17327	39.0	32.0	46.34
Class										
Form 1	48	3272	17.4	10.97	26.53	89	6203	33.0	24.7	42.60
Form 2	64	3508	19.8	13.37	28.31	122	6823	38.5	27.2	51.23
Form 3	99	4056	23.2	14.31	35.28	156	6631	37.9	28.5	48.26
Form 4	72	4036	23.9	18.27	30.72	107	5919	35.1	26.5	44.82
Form 5	139	6108	34.8	26.30	44.32	187	8261	47.0	36.0	58.32
Ethnicity										
Malay	289	13636	23.5	19.39	28.16	425	20652	35.6	31.5	39.82
Chinese	76	4059	27.4	20.38	35.81	127	6748	45.6	33.5	58.24
Indian	56	3245	23.6	16.63	32.26	98	5787	42.0	35.5	48.86
Bumiputera Sabah	-	-	-	-	-	4	235	34.7	12.7	65.99
Bumiputera Sarawak	-	-	-	-	-	2	161	26.2	5.5	68.54
Others	1	39	7.7	0.89	43.45	5	253	49.6	20.1	79.31
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	20	1160	18.8	14.19	24.49	40	2245	36.4	23.4	51.82
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	283	14244	25.1	20.64	30.09	433	22376	39.4	34.9	44.05
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	66	3032	23.7	17.75	30.97	103	4825	37.8	29.7	46.56
Obese (>+2sd)	53	2543	20.3	15.13	26.65	85	4391	35.0	29.0	41.56
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	35	1576	25.4	18.56	33.70	48	2289	36.9	31.1	43.05
Normal (≥-2sd)	386	19355	23.6	19.80	27.81	612	31499	38.4	33.6	43.42

Table 3.7.6: Prevalence of understanding on correct interpretation of front of pack labelling for energy among adolescents

Characteristic	Know only the percentage of contribution by serving of foods				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	754	38081	43.1	38	47.8
Locality of School					
Urban	651	32468	43.5	38	49.0
Rural	103	5613	40.8	39	42.3
Sex					
Boys	320	19495	44.4	38	50.4
Girls	434	18586	41.8	36	47.4
Class					
Form 1	104	7056	37.6	31	44.7
Form 2	126	6794	38.3	32	45.6
Form 3	169	7210	41.2	33	50.1
Form 4	142	8088	48.0	40	56.6
Form 5	213	8933	50.8	42	59.6
Ethnicity					
Malay	549	26783	46.1	41	51.1
Chinese	102	5519	37.3	33	41.9
Indian	97	5395	39.2	31	47.6
Bumiputera Sabah	3	233	34.4	11	68.6
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	113	18.3	4	55.4
Others	1	39	7.7	1	43.4
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	45	2547	41.3	29	54.3
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	502	25266	44.5	38	51.2
Overweight ($>$ +1sd - \leq +2sd)	109	5254	41.1	35	47.3
Obese ($>$ +2sd)	97	4982	39.7	33	47.4
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	62	2969	47.8	37	59.4
Normal (\geq -2sd)	690	35031	42.7	38	47.6

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Table 3.7.7: Prevalence on the understanding of food ingredients among adolescents (Cont.)

Characteristic	Both Correct					Know only the highest ingredient				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI		Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	98	5107	6.6	5.04	8.53	806	40844	52.6	46.82	58.28
Locality of School										
Urban	81	4235	6.4	4.71	8.68	706	35626	54.0	48.26	59.64
Rural	17	872	7.5	5.36	10.28	100	5219	44.6	31.46	58.55
Sex										
Boys	39	2595	6.8	4.34	10.56	293	18044	47.4	41.50	53.40
Girls	59	2511	6.3	4.34	9.17	513	22800	57.6	52.00	62.92
Class										
Form 1	21	1500	9.2	6.13	13.70	120	7958	49.0	41.86	56.23
Form 2	8	435	2.8	1.37	5.78	141	7797	50.7	41.93	59.52
Form 3	21	871	5.7	3.54	9.15	185	7886	51.9	39.00	64.55
Form 4	18	1119	7.6	3.31	16.48	143	7976	54.2	46.20	61.90
Form 5	30	1182	7.3	4.86	10.88	217	9227	57.1	50.61	63.40
Ethnicity										
Malay	53	2671	5.1	3.26	7.90	561	27569	52.7	46.43	58.81
Chinese	22	1162	10.0	5.89	16.60	125	6564	56.7	48.71	64.31
Indian	20	1086	8.9	7.08	11.06	106	5965	48.7	39.88	57.60
Bumiputera Sabah	1	64	10.2	0.99	56.59	6	307	49.5	14.27	85.22
Bumiputera Sarawak	1	49	10.9	2.64	35.40	5	292	64.3	18.29	93.53
Others	1	74	17.7	1.88	70.60	3	146	35.0	4.65	85.59
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)										
Thinness (<-2sd)	9	495	8.7	3.43	20.54	57	3100	54.7	43.03	65.94
Normal (≥-2sd - ≤+1sd)	64	3224	6.5	4.61	9.03	507	25609	51.4	45.91	56.93
Overweight (>+1sd - ≤+2sd)	15	844	7.6	4.35	12.98	133	6452	58.2	49.27	66.62
Obese (>+2sd)	10	543	4.9	1.73	13.28	107	5588	50.8	40.79	60.67
Height-for-age status (HAZ)										
Stunting (<-2sd)	9	468	8.7	4.60	15.99	58	2779	52.0	42.53	61.24
Normal (≥-2sd)	89	4639	6.4	4.95	8.30	747	38033	52.7	46.63	58.64

Table 3.7.7: Prevalence on the understanding of food ingredients among adolescents

Characteristic	Know only the lowest ingredient				
	Unweighted Count	Estimated Population	Prevalence (%)	95% CI	
				Lower	Upper
NEGERI SEMBILAN	218	11431	14.7	11.38	18.82
Locality of School					
Urban	173	9010	13.7	10.44	17.67
Rural	45	2420	20.7	13.61	30.16
Sex					
Boys	99	6078	16.0	12.20	20.64
Girls	119	5352	13.5	9.33	19.17
Class					
Form 1	46	3199	19.7	14.11	26.83
Form 2	31	1677	10.9	7.43	15.74
Form 3	53	2397	15.8	8.99	26.21
Form 4	30	1769	12.0	7.56	18.55
Form 5	58	2388	14.8	10.24	20.88
Ethnicity					
Malay	126	6301	12.0	9.24	15.53
Chinese	41	2230	19.3	10.00	33.84
Indian	47	2655	21.7	17.06	27.12
Bumiputera Sabah	1	64	10.2	0.99	56.59
Bumiputera Sarawak	2	108	23.7	5.10	64.32
Others	1	74	17.7	1.88	70.60
BMI-for-age status (BAZ)					
Thinness (<-2sd)	18	906	16.0	9.56	25.55
Normal (\geq -2sd - \leq +1sd)	141	7396	14.9	10.87	19.97
Overweight ($>$ +1sd - \leq +2sd)	33	1686	15.2	11.33	20.11
Obese ($>$ +2sd)	26	1443	13.1	8.63	19.41
Height-for-age status (HAZ)					
Stunting (<-2sd)	20	979	18.3	9.06	33.52
Normal (\geq -2sd)	198	10451	14.5	11.49	18.08

Appendices

Appendix 1: Members of Steering Committee NHMS 2015-2018

1. Director General of Health
2. Deputy Director General of Health (Public Health)
3. Deputy Director General of Health (Medical)
4. Deputy Director General of Health (Research & Tech Support)
5. Director, Oral Health Division
6. Director, Pharmaceutical Services Division
7. Director, Food Safety and Quality Programmed Division
8. Director, Medical Development Division
9. Director, Planning Division
10. Director, Health Education Division
11. Director, Disease Control Division
12. Director, Family Health Development Division
13. Director, Nutrition Division
14. Representative of State Directors
15. Director, Institute for Public Health
16. Dean Faculty of Medicine, University of Malaya
17. Dean Faculty of Medicine, National University of Malaysia
18. Principle Investigator, NHMS

Appendix 2: Term of Reference for NHMS 2015-2018 Steering Committee

1. To approve the objectives and scopes of NHMS 2015-2018.
2. To facilitate inter and intra sectorial collaboration.
3. To monitor the implementation of the NHMS 2015-2018.
4. To facilitate the utilisation of the NHMS 2015-2018 findings.

Appendix 3: List of members of Central Coordinating Committee, NHMS 2017

1. Dr Hj Tahir bin Aris, Director of Institute for Public Health
2. Dr Muhammad Fadhli bin Mohd Yusoff, Coordinator of NHMS 2015-2018
3. Dr. S Maria binti Awaluddin, Principal Investigator of Adolescent Health Survey
4. Pn. Ruhaya binti Salleh, Principal Investigator of Adolescent Nutrition Survey
5. En. Mohamad Aznuddin bin Abd Razak, Principal Investigator of Healthy Mind Screening using DASS
6. Dr Mohd Azahadi bin Omar, Head Data Processing and Data Management
7. Dr Noor Ani binti Ahmad, Central Field Supervisor of Perlis & Kedah
8. Dr. Nor Asiah binti Mohamad, Central Field Supervisor of Johor, Melaka & Negeri Sembilan
9. Dr. Rajini a/p Sooryanarayana, Data Processing & Quality
- 10.Pn. Tee Guat Hiong, Central Field Supervisor of Sarawak
- 11.Dr. Nur Liana binti Ab. Majid, Central Field Supervisor of WP Kuala Lumpur, WP Putrajaya & Selangor
- 12.Cik Hasimah binti Ismail, Central Field Supervisor of Pahang, Kelantan & Terengganu
- 13.Pn. Norzawati binti Yeop, Central Field Supervisor of Perak & Kedah
- 14.Pn. Norazizah binti Ibrahim Wong, Data Processing & Quality
- 15.En. Mohd Hazrin bin Hasim @ Hashim, Central Field Supervisor of WP Labuan & Sabah
- 16.Pn. Lalitha a/p Palaniveloo, Person in charge for Dietary Intake
- 17.Pn. Siti Nor'Ain binti Hashim, Head of ICT Support
- 18.En. Lim Kuang Kuay, Logistic Support
- 19.Pn. Hamizatul Akmal binti Abd. Hamid, Project Manager
- 20.Pn Wan Shakira binti Rodzlan Hasani, Project Manager
- 21.Pn. Cheong Siew Man, Person in-charge for Habitual Food Intake
- 22.Pn. Nazirah Bt Alias, Data Processing & Quality
- 23.Dr. Fazila Haryati Ahmad, Data Processing & Quality

Appendix 4: Terms of Reference for NHMS 2017 Central Coordinating Team

No	Team	Duties	Officers
1	Project Management and Finance	<p>Work closely with recruitment group for employment of RA</p> <p>Prepare Questionnaires manual, Data collection manual</p> <p>Meeting with Liason Officers</p> <p>Planning for data collection training</p> <p>Prepare security cards/name tags for research team</p> <p>Arrangement for advanced payment for team managers, nurses and drivers</p> <p>Process claims of MOH staff</p> <p>Prepare tickets for travelling</p> <p>Monitor the expenditure/budget</p>	<p>Dr. Muhammad Fadhli bin Mohd Yusoff</p> <p>Dr. S. Maria Binti Awaluddin Pn. Ruhaya binti Salleh</p> <p>Pn. Hamizatul Akmal binti Abd Hamid Pn. Wan Shakira binti Rodzlan Hasani</p> <p>Cik Nur Hazwani binti Mohd Hasri</p>
2	Survey Research Centre	<p>Calculate the sample size</p> <p>Determine the sample distribution by state</p>	<p>Dr. Muhammad Fadhli bin Mohd Yusoff</p> <p>Pn. Norazizah binti Ibrahim Wong</p> <p>Pn. Wan Shakira binti Rodzlan Hasani</p>
3	ICT Unit	<p>Maintenance of the scanning machine</p> <p>Daily back up for databases</p>	<p>Pn. Siti Nor'ain Binti Hashim</p> <p>En. Sulaiman Bin Harun</p> <p>En. Yusmirol Bin Yusop</p> <p>En. Andy Bin Mustaming</p>
4	Central Field Supervisors	<p><u>Before Data Collection</u></p> <p>Central Field Supervisors are expected to prepare for the initiation of data collection. The preparation tasks include:</p>	<p>Dr Nor Asiah Binti Muhamad</p> <p>Dr Nur Liana Binti Ab Majid</p> <p>Pn. Norzawati Binti Yeop</p> <p>Dr. Noor Ani Binti Ahmad</p>

		<p>Conduct meeting with State Education Office, School Principals, Teacher in-charged for the selected schools.</p> <p>To ensure adequate logistic support for the data collection and liaise with the District Education Office, District Health Office and other relevant departments to ensure that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Human resources are available: Field Supervisors, Team leaders, Research Assistants and drivers. • Manage transport: Vehicles • Manage survey instruments and relevant form • Manage lodging for data collectors <p><u>During Data Collection</u></p> <p>Gather feedback from the field on the data collection status and problems related to logistics.</p> <p>Visit the field to help data collectors solve the problem if necessary.</p> <p>To ensure all data collection monitoring forms have been received on time.</p> <p>To ensure bundle from field received by the Operation Centre by hand and bypost(Sabah, Sarawak, WP Labuan)</p> <p>Updating the monitoring board for state achievement and attending CCT meeting.</p>	<p>Pn. Hasimah Binti Ismail</p> <p>Pn. Helen Tee Guat Hiong</p> <p>En. Mohd Hazrin Bin Hasim @ Hashim</p>
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5	Data Processing and management	<p>Setting up data processing facility Development of directory of variables database</p> <p>Development of QC manual for data processing Specify data structure for data processing and data output requirement</p> <p>Responsible for data entry and data Cleaning</p> <p>Monitoring and evaluation of QC performance for data processing</p>	<p>Dr. Mohd Azahadi bin Omar</p> <p>Dr. Rajini a/p sooryanarayana</p> <p>Dr. Fazila Haryati Binti Ahmad</p> <p>Pn. Nazirah Binti Alias</p>
6	Operation Centre	<p>Arrange date and place of meeting</p> <p>Prepare and circulate briefing materials</p> <p>Prepare and circulate minutes of CCT meeting</p> <p>Prepare letters of appointment to state liaison officers, nurses, scouts and data collectors</p> <p>Prepare advertisement material for recruitment of data collectors, team leaders, and interviewers,</p> <p>Prepare letters of notifications for data collections</p> <p>Prepare manuals for scouts, field supervisors, data collectors and nurses</p> <p>Develop a system/format and monitor the distribution of materials/equipment for field work</p> <p>Arrange transport/drivers for distribution and collection of materials/equipment/SAQ</p>	<p>Pn. Hamizatul Akmal binti Abd Hamid</p> <p>En. Azli bin Baharudin</p> <p>Cik Nur Hazwani binti Mohd Hasri</p> <p>Pn. Siti Noafika Binti Anwar</p> <p>En. Muhammad Suhaimi Bin Mohamad Idrus</p> <p>Cik Shahibul Bariah binti Mat Ghani</p> <p>Pn. Nur Fadzilla binti Mohd Radzi</p> <p>En. Muhammad Zuhdi Bin Khiruddin</p> <p>Cik Nurbaiti Binti Asmawi</p>

Appendix 5: List of Research Team Members, NHMS 2017

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1. Ms. Ainan Nasrina Ismail | 20. Ms. Norlida Zulkafly |
| 2. Mr. Azli Baharudin | 21. Ms. Nur Ili Mohamad Tarmizi |
| 3. Ms. Chin Kim Ling | 22. Ms. Nur Shahida Abdul Aziz |
| 4. Ms. Chong Siew Man | 23. Prof. Dr. Poh Bee Koon |
| 5. Ms. Fatimah Othman | 24. Ms. Rashidah Ambak |
| 6. Assc. Prof. Dr. Hazizi Abu Saad | 25. Ms. Rohana Ya'akob |
| 7. Ms. Jamilah Ahmad | 26. Ms. Ruby Zainureen Zahedi |
| 8. Ms. Junaidah Raib | 27. Ms. Ruhaya Salleh |
| 9. Mr. Lai Wai Kent | 28. Ms. Rusidah Selamat |
| 10. Ms. Lalitha a/p Palanivello | 29. Prof. Dr. Ruzita Abd Talib |
| 11. Ms. Ling Swee Nian | 30. Prof. Madya Datin Dr. Safiah Md
Yusof |
| 12. Dr. Mahenderan a/l Appukutty | 31. Ms. Sam Azura Ahmad |
| 13. Mr. Mohamad Hasnan Ahmad | 32. Mr. Shahrulnaz Norhazli Nazri |
| 14. Mr. Mohamad Ihsan Tahir | 33. Dr. Subash Shander a/l Ganapathy |
| 15. Dr. Mohd Azahadi Omar | 34. Mr. Suhaidi Sudin |
| 16. Ms. Noor Hasnani Ismail | 35. Ms. Syafinaz Sallehuddin |
| 17. Ms. Noor Ul-Aziha Muhammad | 36. Mr. Tan Beng Chin |
| 18. Ms. Nor Azian Mohd Zaki | |
| 19. Ms. Nor Azizah Ibrahim Wong | |

Appendix 6: List of Data Collection Teams

NEGERI SEMBILAN

Liaison Officer

Ms. Norliza binti Zainal Abidin

Field Supervisor

Dr. Chandrika a/pJeevanathan

Ms. Nor Azian Mohd Zaki

Nutritionist

1. Mr. Suhaidi bin Sudin
2. Mr. Mohamad Ihsan bin Tahir
3. Ms. Suriyani binti Mohd Yusop
4. Ms. Siti Nor Aisah binti Muhamad Fandi
5. Ms. Farah Wahida binti Za'abar

Drivers

1. Mr. Mohd Baharuddin Bin Abu Bakar
2. Mr. Hashim Bin Mat Zin

Research Assistants

1. Suhainiza binti Samsudin
2. Nur Anas Iylia binti Ishak
3. Sharmilla d/o Bala Subramaniam
4. Sa'dun bin Mohd Yusoff
5. Syarifah Nurul Azirah binti Syed Hassan
6. Nor Aliza binti Hassan @ Hassanudin
7. Mohamad Aimi Iqwan bin Mohd Roslan
8. Kalaiwani a/p Gunasekaran
9. Muhammad Syahir bin Samad
10. Muhamad Mustaqim bin Md lazim

Appendix 7: Nutrition Questionnaires



TINJAUAN PEMAKANAN REMAJA 2017
மலேசிய பள்ளி மாணவர் உணவு முறை ஆய்வரிக்கை 2017

BORANG SOAL SELIDIK
அளவரிக்கை

Pengenalan

Tinjauan ini dijalankan untuk mengetahui status pemakanan, amalan pemakanan, pengambilan makanan, tahap aktiviti Fizikal, dan penggunaan label makanan dan pemakanan anda. Pelajar lain yang terpilih seperti anda di seluruh negara juga menjawab borang soal selidik ini.

Maklumat yang anda berikan akan digunakan untuk membangunkan program-program kesihatan yang lebih baik untuk generasi muda seperti anda.

அறிமுகம்

பந்த ஆய்வு உங்கள் உணவு பழக்கமுறைமற்றும் சுகாதாரத்தின் அளவை கணக்கீட பயன்படும். நம் நாட்டில் உள்ள அனைத்து மாணவர்களும் பந்த ஆய்வரிக்கையில் பங்குபெறுகின்றனர்.

நீங்கள் கொடுக்கும் தகவல்கள் நம் நாட்டில் உள்ளவர்களுக்கின் உடல் நிலையைப் பேச மிகவும் உதவும்.

Panduan mengisi borang soal-selidik

ஆய்வரிக்கையை நிரப்ப வழிகாட்டிகள்

1. Jawapan yang anda berikan akan **DIRAHSIAKAN**. Jawab soalan-soalan berdasarkan apa yang tahu dan apa yang anda lakukan. Tidak ada jawapan yang betul atau salah.
நீங்கள் கொடுக்கும் தகவல்கள் சம்மந்தப்பட்டோர் மட்டுமே பயன்படுத்துவர். உங்களுக்கு தெரிந்த விடையடி அளிக்கவும். சரி அல்லது பிழை என்ற மட்டுமே விடையளிக்கக் கூடாது.
2. Baca soalan dengan teliti. Hitamkan jawapan anda pada kertas jawapan yang disediakan dengan pensil 2B yang dibekalkan.
கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள கேள்விகளை தெளிவாக படித்தப்பின் 2B எழுதுக்கோலால் விடைத்தாளில் பதிலளிக்கவும்.
3. Cara menghitamkan jawapan:
பதிலளிக்கும் முறை:
Hitamkan jawapan anda seperti ini  bukan seperti ini  atau 
பவ்வாறு கருமயாக்கவும் பவ்வாறல்ல அல்லது
4. Hanya satu jawapan bagi setiap soalan **KECUALI** ada arahan lain yang dinyatakan.
கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள கேள்விகளுக்கு குறிப்பிடப்பட்ட அளவு விடையளிக்க வேண்டும்.
5. Sekiranya anda tidak faham, sila angkat tangan untuk bertanyakan soalan semasa sesi menjawab soalan.
புரியாவிடில் உங்கள் கரத்தை உயர்த்தி அங்கிருக்கும் ஆசிரியரிடம் கேள்வி கேட்கலாம்.
6. Apabila anda selesai menjawab, tunggu arahan daripada Fasilitator yang menjaga kelas anda.
விடையளித்து முடித்தப்பின் ஆசிரியர் உங்கள் தால்களை வாங்கும் வரை பொருத்திருங்கள்.

Terima kasih di atas kesudian anda menjawab soal selidik ini.
பவ்வாய்வரிக்கையை விடையளித்தமைக்கு நன்றி

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

MODUL A : MAKLUMAT PERIBADI							
தொகுதி A : மாணவர் தகவல்							
Arahan : Isikan ID pelajar, tarikh lahir dan hitamkan jawapan pada kertas jawapan yang disediakan.							
கட்டளை: மாணவர் பெயர், பிறந்த திகதி, மற்றும் சரியான விடையை கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள விடைத்தாளில் எழுதவும்.							
A1	ID Pelajar மாணவர் ஐடி	<input type="text"/> Negeri மாநில	<input type="text"/> Strata நிலை	<input type="text"/> Kategori Sekolah பள்ளி பிரிவு	<input type="text"/> Kod Sekolah பள்ளி குறியீடு	<input type="text"/> Kelas வகுப்பு	<input type="text"/> Pelajar மாணவர்
A2	Tarikh lahir பிறந்த திகதி	<input type="text"/> Hari நாள்	<input type="text"/> Bulan மாதம்	<input type="text"/> Tahun ஆண்டு			
A3	Jantina பால்	A. Lelaki -ன் B. Perempuan பெண்					
A4	Bangsa மனம்	A. Melayu மலாய்		D. Bumiputra Sabah சபா பூர்வீகம்			
		B. Cina சீனர்		E. Bumiputra Sarawak சரவாக்பூர்வீகம்			
		C. India மத்தியர்		F. Lain-Lain மற்றது			
		Sekolah Rendah ஆரம்பப்பள்ளி			Sekolah Menengah மடைநிலைப்பள்ளி		
A5	Kelas Àìòò	A. Tahun 4 ஆண்டு 4 B. Tahun 5 ஆண்டு 5 C. Tahun 6 ஆண்டு 6			D. Kelas Peralihan குறைநீக்கல்வகுப்பு		G. Tingkatan 3 படிவம் 3
					E. Tingkatan 1 படிவம் 1		H. Tingkatan 4 படிவம் 4
					F. Tingkatan 2 படிவம் 2		I. Tingkatan 5 படிவம் 5
A6	Umur ÀÁÀ	A. 10 tahun 10 வயது B. 11 tahun 11 வயது C. 12 tahun 12 வயது			D. 13 tahun 13 வயது E. 14 tahun 14 வயது F. 15 tahun 15 வயது		G. 16 tahun 16 வயது H. 17 tahun 17 வயது I. 18 tahun 18 வயது

MODUL B : CORAK PEMAKANAN
தொகுதி B : உணவு பழக்கம்

Arahan : Pilih jawapan dan hitamkan pada kertas jawapan yang disediakan.

கட்டளை : சரியான விடையைத் தெர்வு செய்து கொடுக்கப்படுள்ள விடைத்தாளில் கருமையாக்குக .

- B1** Apakah sesi persekolahan anda?
 உங்கள்பள்ளி எச்சமயத்தில் நடைபெறும் ?
- A Sesi pagi sahaja / காஸலயில் மட்டும்
 B Sesi petang sahaja / மதியத்தில் மட்டும்
 C Sesi pagi sampai petang / காஸல முதல் மாஸல வஸர
- B2** Kebiasaannya, dalam seminggu berapa hari anda mengambil sarapan (dari pukul 6.00 pagi hingga 8.00 pagi)?
 ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை காஸல சிற்றுண்டி உட்கொள்வீர்கள்? (காஸல மணி 6.00-
 விருந்துகாஸல மணி 8.00 வஸர)?
- A 1 hari / 1 நாள்
 B 2 hari / 2 நாள்
 C 3 hari / 3 நாள்
 D 4 hari / 4 நாள்
 E 5 hari / 5 நாள்
 F 6 hari / 6 நாள்
 G 7 hari / 7 நாள்
 H Tidak berkaitan / Tidak ambil sarapan
 தொடர்பு டல்லை /காஸல உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B3** Kebiasaannya, dari mana anda dapat makanan itu?
 வழக்கமாக எங்கு காஸல உணவை உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?
- A Disediakan di rumah / வீடு
 B Beli di kantin sekolah / பள்ளி சிற்றுண்டிச்சாஸல
 C Beli di restoran atau warung / கஸல
 D Disediakan di asrama / பள்ளி விடுதி
 E Lain-lain / மற்றது
 F Tidak ambil sarapan / காஸல உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B4** Sekiranya anda tidak mengambil sarapan, apakah sebabnya?
 ஏன் காஸல உணவை உட்கொள்வதில்லை?
- A Tiada makanan / உணவு டல்லை
 B Tiada selera / உண்ண விருப்பமில்லை
 C Tiada masa / நேரம்டல்லை
 D Berdiet/kawal berat badan / உணவு கட்டுப்பாட்டிலிருத்தல்
 E Tiada duit / பணம் பற்றாகுறை
 F Lain-lain / மற்றது
 G Tidak berkaitan/kerana saya mengambil sarapan setiap hari
 தொடர்பு டல்லை/ தினமும் காஸல சிற்றுண்டி உட்கொள்வேன்.

Tamil and Peranakan Malay

- B5** Kebiasaannya, dalam seminggu berapa hari anda makan dan/atau minum pada waktu rehat sekolah?
வழக்கமாக ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை பள்ளி ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் உணவு உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?
- A 0 hari / 0 நாள்
B 1 hari / 1 நாள்
C 2 hari / 2 நாள்
D 3 hari / 3 நாள்
E 4 hari / 4 நாள்
F 5 hari / 5 நாள்
- B6** Kebiasaannya, dari mana anda dapat makanan itu?
வழக்கமாக அவ்வுணவை எங்கிருந்து பெருவீர்கள்?
- A Bekal dari rumah / வீடு
B Beli di kantin sekolah / பள்ளி சிற்றுண்டிச்சாலை
C Beli di restoran atau warung / கடை
D Disediakan di asrama / பள்ளி விடுதி
E Lain-lain / மற்றது
F Tidak berkaitan/tidak mengambil makan dan/atau minum pada waktu rehat
தொடர்பு இல்லை/ ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B7** Kebiasaannya, dalam seminggu berapa hari anda makan tengah hari (11.00 pagi hingga 3.00 petang)?
வழக்கமாக ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை மதிய உணவு உண்பீர்கள் (காலை மணி 11.00-
லிருந்துமாலை மணி 3.00 வரை)?
- A 1 hari / 1 நாள்
B 2 hari / 2 நாள்
C 3 hari / 3 நாள்
D 4 hari / 4 நாள்
E 5 hari / 5 நாள்
F 6 hari / 6 நாள்
G 7 hari / 7 நாள்
H Tidak mengambil makanan tengah hari / மதிய உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B8** Kebiasaannya, dari mana anda dapat makanan itu?
வழக்கமாக அவ்வுணவை எங்கிருந்து பெருவீர்கள்?
- A Disediakan di rumah / வீடு
B Beli di kantin sekolah / பள்ளி சிற்றுண்டிச்சாலை
C Beli di restoran atau warung / கடை
D Disediakan di asrama / பள்ளி விடுதி
E Lain-lain / மற்றது
F Tidak berkaitan/tidak ambil makanan tengahari /
தொடர்பு இல்லை/ ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை

- B9** Sekiranya anda tidak mengambil makan tengahari, apakah sebabnya?
ஏன் மதிய உணவை உட்கொள்வதில்லை?
- A Tiada makanan / உணவு இல்லை
 - B Tiada selera / உண்ண விருப்பமில்லை
 - C Tiada masa / நேரம் இல்லை
 - D Berdiet /kawal berat badan / உணவு கட்டுப்பாட்டிலிருத்தல்
 - E Tiada duit / பணம் பற்றாக்குறை
 - F Lain-lain / மற்றது
 - G Tidak berkaitan/ambil makan tengahari / தொடர்பு இல்லை/ மதிய உணவை உட்கொள்வேன்
- B10** Kebiasaannya, dalam seminggu berapa hari anda mengambil minum petang (3.00 petang hingga 6.00 petang)?
வழக்கமாக ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை மாலை சிற்றுண்டி உட்கொள்வீர்கள் (மாலை மணி 3.00-லிருந்துமாலை மணி 6.00 வரை)?
- A 1 hari / 1 நாள்
 - B 2 hari / 2 நாள்
 - C 3 hari / 3 நாள்
 - D 4 hari / 4 நாள்
 - E 5 hari / 5 நாள்
 - F 6 hari / 6 நாள்
 - G 7 hari / 7 நாள்
 - H Tidak minum petang / மாலை சிற்றுண்டி உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B11** Kebiasaannya, dari mana anda dapat makanan itu?
வழக்கமாக அவ்வணவை எங்கிருந்து பெருவீர்கள்?
- A Disediakan di rumah / வீடு
 - B Beli di kantin sekolah / பள்ளி சிற்றுண்டிச்சாலை
 - C Beli di restoran atau warung / கடை
 - D Disediakan di asrama / பள்ளி விடுதி
 - E Lain-lain / மற்றது
 - F Tidak ambil minum petang / மாலை சிற்றுண்டி உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B12** Kebiasaannya, dalam seminggu berapa hari anda makan malam(6.00 petang hingga 10.00 malam)?
வழக்கமாக ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை யரவு உணவு உட்கொள்வீர்கள் (மதிய மணி 6.00-லிருந்துயரவு மணி 10.00 வரை)?
- A 1 hari / 1 நாள்
 - B 2 hari / 2 நாள்
 - C 3 hari / 3 நாள்
 - D 4 hari / 4 நாள்
 - E 5 hari / 5 நாள்
 - F 6 hari / 6 நாள்
 - G 7 hari / 7 நாள்
 - H Tidak makan malam / யரவு உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

- B13** Kebiasaannya, dari mana anda dapat makanan itu?
எங்கிருந்து அவ்வண்ணை பெருவீர்கள்?
- A Disediakan di rumah / வீடு
B Beli di restoran atau warung / கடை
C Disediakan di asrama / பள்ளி விடுதி
D Lain-lain / மற்றது
E Tidak berkaitan/tidak ambil makan malam / தொடர்பு யல்லை/பரவு உணவு உண்பதில்லை
- B14** Sekiranya anda tidak mengambil makan malam, apakah sebabnya?
ஏதனால் பரவு உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை?
- A Tiada makanan / உணவு யல்லை
B Tiada selera / உண்ண விருப்பமில்லை
C Tiada masa / நேரம்யல்லை
D Berdiet / உணவு கட்டுப்பாடு
E Tiada duit / பணம் பற்றாக்குறை
F Lain-lain / மற்றது
G Tidak berkaitan/ambil makan malam / தொடர்பு யல்லை/பரவு உணவு உட்கொள்வேன்.
- B15** Dalam seminggu yang lepas, berapa kerap anda ambil makanan berat selepas makan malam? (Contoh: nasi lemak, roti canal, mee goreng, burger, ayam goreng, mee segera dan sebagainya. Ini tidak termasuk snek ringan contohnya 2 keping biskut dan/atau satu gelas susu)
கடந்த வாரத்தில், பரவில் ஏத்தனை முறை அதிகமான அளவில் உணவு உட்கொண்டீர்கள்?
(உதாரணமாக: நாசி லெமாக், ரொத்தி சாளாய், மீ பிரத்தல், பர்கர், பொரித்தக் கோழி, துரித மீமற்றும் சில. யதில் பால்மற்றும் பிஸ்கிட் போன்ற உணவு அடங்காது. (உதாரணத்திற்கு 2 துண்டு பிஸ்கிட் மற்றும்/ அல்லது ஒரு குவளைப்பால்)
- A 1 hari / 1 நாள்
B 2 hari / 2 நாள்
C 3 hari / 3 நாள்
D 4 hari / 4 நாள்
E 5 hari / 5 நாள்
F 6 hari / 6 நாள்
G 7 hari / 7 நாள்
H Tidak ambil makanan berat selepas makan malam /
பரவில் நாள் அதிகமான அளவில் உணவு உண்பதில்லை
- B16** Di manakah anda mengambil makanan berat tersebut?
எங்கு யல்வண்ணை உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?
- A Rumah / வீடு
B Restoran atau warung / கடை
C Asrama / பள்ளி விடுதி
D Lain-lain / மற்றது
E Tidak berkaitan/tidak ambil makanan berat /
தொடர்பு யல்லை/பரவில் நாள் அதிகமான அளவில் உணவு உண்பதில்லை

- B17** Kebiasaannya, dalam seminggu berapa hari anda makan makanan segera yang dibeli dari restoran makanan segera seperti burger, pizza, ayam goreng, kentang goreng, nugget dan sebagainya?
வழக்கமாக ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை துரித உணவு உட்கொள்வீர்கள். உதாரணத்திற்கு பர்கர், பீசா, பொரித்தச் கோழி, பிராக் பிராஸ், நகெட் மற்றும் சில.
- A. 1 hari / 1 நாள்
B. 2 hari / 2 நாள்
C. 3 hari / 3 நாள்
D. 4 hari / 4 நாள்
E. 5 hari / 5 நாள்
F. 6 hari / 6 நாள்
G. 7 hari / 7 நாள்
H. Tidak ambil makanan segera / நான் துரித உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை.
- B18** Berapa kerap anda membawa bekal makanan ke sekolah?
பொதுவாக எத்தனை முறை பள்ளிக்கு வீட்டிலிருந்து உணவு எடுத்துச்செல்வீர்கள்?
- A. Setiap hari / தினமும்
B. Kadang-kadang / சில நேரத்தில்
C. Tidak / பள்ளிக்கு நீர் எடுத்துச் செல்லமாட்டேன்
- B19** Apakah bekal makanan yang biasa dibawa ke sekolah? (Boleh pilih SATU atau DUA jawapan sahaja)
எந்த உணவை வழக்கமாக பள்ளிக்கு எடுத்துச்செல்வீர்கள்? (ஒன்று அல்லதுபரண்டு உணவை தேர்வு செய்யலாம்)
- A. Nasi lemak/nasi goreng /nasi berlauk / நாசி லெமாக்/நாசி கோரேங்/நாசி பெர்லாவுக்
B. Mee / Bihun / Kueh Teow / மீ / மீவுன் / குவே தியாவ்
C. Roti / Ban / Sandwic / ரொத்தி / பன் / சான்விச்
D. Nugget / Sosej / Burger / நகெட் / சொசேஜ் / பர்கர்
E. Biskut / பிஸ்கிட்
F. Buah-buahan / பழம்
G. Lain-lain / மற்றது
H. Tidak bawa bekal / பள்ளிக்கு உணவு எடுத்துச் செல்லமாட்டேன்
- B20** Berapa kerap anda membawa bekal minuman ke sekolah?
பொதுவாக எத்தனை முறை பள்ளிக்கு நீர் எடுத்துச்செல்வீர்கள்?
- A. Setiap hari / தினமும்
B. Kadang-kadang / சில நேரத்தில்
C. Tidak / பள்ளிக்கு நீர் எடுத்துச் செல்லமாட்டேன்

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

- B21** Apakah bekalan minuman yang biasa dibawa ke sekolah? (Boleh pilih **SATU** atau **DUA** jawapan sahaja)
வழக்கமாக எவ்வகை நீரை பள்ளிக்கு எடுத்துச் செல்வீர்கள்? (ஒன்று அல்லது மரண்டு விடையை மட்டும் தெர்வு செய்ய்க)
- A Air kosong / தண்ணீர்
B Air berperisa (air kotak/air sirap/ teh / kopi/ milo)
சுவைபானம்(சீராப், தேநீர், மீலோ)
C Air berkarbonat / கார்போனெட் பானம்
D Susu / minuman berkultur (air yogurt) / பால்/ மோர்
E Lain-lain / மற்றது
F Tidak bawa bekal / பள்ளிக்கு நீர் எடுத்துச் செல்லமாட்டேன்
- B22** Kebiasaannya, bagaimana wang saku/duit poket anda banyak dibelanjakan?
வழக்கமாக பணத்தை எதற்காக செழவு செய்வீர்கள்?
- A Membeli makanan dan/atau minuman / உணவு
B Membeli alat tulis / எழுத பயன்படுத்தும் பொருட்கள்
C Simpanan / சேமிப்பு
D Lain-lain / மற்றது
E Tidak bawa wang saku/duit poket / பள்ளிக்கு பணம் எடுத்துச் செல்லமாட்டேன்
- B23** Dalam seminggu berapa kali anda makan di luar? Tidak termasuk makan di sekolah dan di asrama.
வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை வெளியே உணவு உட்கொள்வீர்கள்? பள்ளி மற்றும் பள்ளி விடுதியில் உண்பது மதில் உட்படவில்லை.
- A 1 kali / 1 முறை
B 2 kali / 2 முறை
C 3 kali / 3 முறை
D 4 kali / 4 முறை
E 5 kali / 5 முறை
F 6 kali / 6 முறை
G 7 kali atau lebih / 7 முறைக்கு மேல்
H Tidak pernah / வெளியே உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B24** Apakah jenis makanan ringan yang selalu anda makan? (Boleh pilih **SATU** atau **DUA** jawapan sahaja)
எவ்வித துரித உணவை உட்கொள்வீர்கள் (ஒன்று அல்லது மரண்டு விடையை மட்டும் தெர்வு செய்ய்க)
- A Roti / Bun / Sandwic / ரொட்டி / பன் / சான்விச்
B Kentang goreng / பிரஞ் பிரைஸ்
C Biskut / பிஸ்கிட்
D Buah-buahan / பழம்
E Kekacang / தானியம்
F Keropok / கிழங்கு சிப்ஸ்
G Aiskrim / பனிக்கூல்
H Tidak ambil makanan ringan / துரித உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை

- B25** Berapa kerap anda mengambil makanan ringan tersebut dalam seminggu?
ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை துரித உணவு உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?
- A 1 kali / 1 முறை
B 2 kali / 2 முறை
C 3 kali / 3 முறை
D 4 kali / 4 முறை
E 5 kali / 5 முறை
F 6 kali / 6 முறை
G 7 kali atau lebih / 7 முறைக்கு மேல்
H Tidak pernah makanan ringan atau snek / துரித உணவு உட்கொள்வதில்லை
- B26** Apakah jenis makanan dan/atau minuman yang selalu anda beli dari luar pagar sekolah?(Boleh pilih **SATU** atau **DUA** jawapan sahaja)
எத்தகைய உணவை பள்ளி வலாகத்தின் வெளியே பெறுவீர்கள்? (ஒன்று அல்லது யரண்டு விடையை மட்டும் தெர்வு செய்க)
- A Gula-gula/coklat / சாக்டெட்
B Kentang goreng / nuget / sosej / பிரஞ் பிரைஸ்/ நாகெட்/ சொசெஜ்
C Air berperisa/air berkarbonat / குளிர்்பானம்/ காற்போனெட்பானம்
D Makanan jeruk / ஊருகாய்
E Makanan ringan/rapu / துரித உணவு
F Keropok / சிப்ஸ்
G Aiskrim / பனிக்கூல்
H Tidak ambil makanan ringan di luar pagar sekolah / பள்ளி வலாகத்தின் வெளியே உணவு வாங்கமாட்டேன்
- B27** Dalam seminggu, adakah andamembeli makanan dan/atau minuman di luar pagar sekolah?
ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை பள்ளி வலாகத்தின் வெளியே உணவு வாங்குவீர்கள்?
- A 1 kali / 1 முறை
B 2 kali / 2 முறை
C 3 kali / 3 முறை
D 4 kali / 4 முறை
E 5 kali / 5 முறை
F 6 kali / 6 முறை
G 7 kali atau lebih / 7 முறைக்கு மேல்
H Tidak pernah / பள்ளி வலாகத்தின் வெளியே உணவு வாங்கமாட்டேன்

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

B28 Sumber media manakah yang paling mempengaruhi pengambilan makanan anda?(Boleh pilih **SATU** atau **DUA** jawapan sahaja)

உங்கள் உணவு பழக்கமுறையை தூண்டிய தொடர்புத்துறை ஊடகம் எது? (ஒன்று அல்லது பரண்டு விடையை மட்டும் தெர்வு செய்க)

- A Media sosial (contoh : Internet, YouTube, Facebook, Instagram, Twitter) / சமூக வளைத்தலம்.(உதாரணம் : யூதுப், முகப்புத்தகம், துவித்தர்)
- B Televisyen / தொலைக்காட்சி
- C Radio / வானொலி
- D Media cetak (contoh: majalah, surat khabar, papan iklan, risalah, katalog) / அச்ச ஊடகங்கள் (உதாரணம்: பத்திரிகை, செய்தித்தாள், விளம்பரம், ஆய்வுகட்டுரைகள், அட்டவணை)
- E Tidak terpengaruh / பாதிக்கப்படவில்லை

MODUL C : AKTIVITI FIZIKAL

தொகுதி C : உடல் செயல்பாடு நடவடிக்கை

C1 Aktiviti Fizikal di waktu lapang: Adakah anda melakukan aktiviti-aktiviti yang disenaraikan di bawah sepanjang 7 hari yang lepas (minggu lepas). Jika **YA**, berapa kali?

ஒவ்வொரு நேரத்தில் உடல் செயல்பாடு நடவடிக்கைகள்: கடந்த 7 நாட்களில் கீழ்க் குறிப்பிடப்பட்டுள்ள நடவடிக்கையை மேற்கொண்டீர்களா? (கடந்த வாரம்). ஆம் என்றால் எத்துனை முறை?

	Aktiviti நடவடிக்கை	Tiada	1-2 kali முறை	3-4 kali முறை	5-6 kali முறை	7 kali atau lebih முறை
a	Lompat tali சிதிர்ப்பிங்	A	B	C	D	E
b	Mendayung / Berkenu படகு ஓட்டல்	A	B	C	D	E
c	Silat / Karate / Taekwondo சிலாட் / கராட்டே / தைக்கொண்டோ	A	B	C	D	E
d	Bermain kejar-kejar ஓடி பிடித்து விளையாடல்	A	B	C	D	E
e	Bersenam dengan berjalan நடத்தல்	A	B	C	D	E
f	Berbasikal மிதிவண்டி ஓட்டல்	A	B	C	D	E
g	Joging / Berlari மெதுவோட்டம்	A	B	C	D	E
h	Senamrobik ஏரோபிக்ஸ்	A	B	C	D	E
i	Berenang நீச்சல் அடித்தல்	A	B	C	D	E
j	Bola lisut / Besbol பேல்பாஷ்	A	B	C	D	E
k	Menari நடனம்	A	B	C	D	E
l	Ragbi ரக்பி	A	B	C	D	E
m	Badminton பூப்பந்து	A	B	C	D	E
n	Hoki ஹோகி	A	B	C	D	E
o	Bola tampar கைப்பந்து	A	B	C	D	E
p	Bola keranjang / Bola jarring நெட்பால்	A	B	C	D	E
q	Sepak takraw செபாக் டாக்ரா	A	B	C	D	E
r	Bola sepak / Futsal காற்பந்து	A	B	C	D	E
s	Pingpong பிங்பொங்	A	B	C	D	E

Tinjauan Persekitaran (English)

- C2** Dalam 7 hari yang lepas semasa aktiviti kelas pendidikan jasmani, berapa kerap anda berada dalam keadaan sangat aktif (bermain, berlari, melontar, melompat).
கடந்த 7 நாட்களில் உடற்கல்வி பாடத்தின் பொழுது, எத்துனை முறை நீங்கள் முழுமையாகச் செயல்பட்டீர்கள்? (விளையாடுதல், ஓடுதல், குதித்தல்).
- A Saya tidak mengikuti kelas pendidikan jasmani
நான் உடற்கல்வி வகுப்பில் பங்குப்பெறவில்லை
- B Sangat jarang / மிகவும் குறைவு
- C Kadang-kadang / சில சமயத்தில்
- D Agak kerap / சற்று அதிகமாக
- E Selalu / எப்பொழுதும்
- C3** Dalam 7 hari yang lepas, apakah perkara yang anda biasa lakukan semasa waktu rehat di sekolah?
கடந்த 7 நாட்களில், ஓய்வு நேரத்தின் பொழுது நீங்கள் என்ன செய்தீர்கள்?
- A Duduk (berbual, membaca, membuat kerja sekolah)
உட்கார்ந்திருந்தேன் (பேசிக்கொண்டு, படித்துக்கொண்டு, பாடம் செய்துக்கொண்டு)
- B Berdiri atau berjalan-jalan
தின்றுகொண்டு அல்லது நடந்துக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- C Berlari atau bermain sedikit
ஓடிக்கொண்டு அல்லது விளையாடிக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- D Berlari dan bermain sedikit
ஓடிக்கொண்டுமற்றும் விளையாடிக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- E Berlari dan bermain hampir sepanjang masa
ஓய்வு நேரம் முழுவதும் விளையாடிக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- C4** Dalam 7 hari yang lepas, apakah perkara yang biasa anda lakukan semasa waktu makan tengahari (selain daripada makan)?
கடந்த 7 நாட்களில், ஓய்வு நேரத்தின் பொழுது நீங்கள் என்ன செய்தீர்கள்?
- A Duduk (berbual, membaca, membuat kerja sekolah)
உட்கார்ந்திருந்தேன் (பேசிக்கொண்டு, படித்துக்கொண்டு, பாடம் செய்துக்கொண்டு)
- B Berdiri atau berjalan-jalan
தின்றுகொண்டு அல்லது நடந்துக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- C Berlari atau bermain sedikit
ஓடிக்கொண்டு அல்லது விளையாடிக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- D Berlari dan bermain sedikit
ஓடிக்கொண்டுமற்றும் விளையாடிக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்
- E Berlari dan bermain hampir sepanjang masa
ஓய்வு நேரம் முழுவதும் விளையாடிக்கொண்டிருந்தேன்

- C5** Dalam 7 hari yang lepas, berapa harikah anda bersukan, menari atau bermain dengan **aktif sebaik sahaja tamat waktu persekolahan?**
கடந்த 7 நாட்களில், எத்துனை நாள் பள்ளி நேரத்திற்கு அப்பால் நீங்கள் உடல் செயல்பாடு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவீர்கள்?
- A Tiada / ஈடுபடிவதில்லை
B 1 hari / 1 நாள்
C 2 atau 3 hari / 2 அல்லது 3 நாள்
D 4 hari / 4 நாள்
E 5 hari / 5 நாள்
- C6** Dalam 7 hari yang lepas, berapa harikah anda bersukan, menari atau bermain dengan **aktif pada waktu petang?**
A Tiada / ஈடுபடவில்லை
B 1 hari / 1 நாள்
C 2 atau 3 hari / 2 அல்லது 3 நாள்
D 4 atau 5 hari / 4 அல்லது 5 நாள்
E 6 atau 7 hari / 6 அல்லது 7 நாள்
- C7** Pada hujung minggu yang lepas, berapa kali anda terlibat dengan aktiviti bersukan, menari atau melibatkan diri dengan permainan yang aktif?
கடந்த வாரத்தில் எத்துனை முறை நீங்கள் உடல் செயல்பாடு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபட்டீர்கள்?
- A Tiada / ஈடுப்படமாட்டேன்.
B 1 kali / 1 முறை
C 2 atau 3 kali / 2 அல்லது 3 முறை
D 4 atau 5 kali / 4 அல்லது 5 முறை
E 6 atau lebih kali / 6 முறைக்கு மேல்

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

C8 Yang manakah antara pernyataan berikut menggambarkan diri anda dalam tempoh 7 hari yang lepas?
கீழ்வருவனவற்றில் எது உண்மை?

A Saya menggunakan semua atau kebanyakan masa lapang saya dengan melakukan aktiviti ringan
என் ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் சாதாரண உடற்பயிற்சியில் ஈடுபட்டேன்

B Saya kadang-kadang (1-2 kali seminggu) melakukan aktiviti fizikal semasa waktu lapang saya (contoh: bersukan, berlari, berenang, berbasikal, aktiviti aerobik)
என் ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் சில சமயம் (1-2 முறை ஒரு வாரத்தில்) உடல் செயல்பாட்டு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவேன். (உதாரணம்: ஓடுதல், நீச்சலடித்தல், மிடிவண்டி ஓட்டுதல், ஓரோபிக்ஸ்)

C Saya selalu (3-4 kali seminggu) melakukan aktiviti fizikal semasa waktu lapang saya (contoh: bersukan, berlari, berenang, berbasikal, aktiviti aerobik)
என் ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் (3-4 முறை ஒரு வாரத்தில்) உடல் செயல்பாட்டு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவேன். (உதாரணம்: ஓடுதல், நீச்சலடித்தல், மிடிவண்டி ஓட்டுதல், ஓரோபிக்ஸ்)

D Saya kerap (5-6 kali seminggu) melakukan aktiviti fizikal semasa waktu lapang saya (contoh: bersukan, berlari, berenang, berbasikal, aktiviti aerobik)
நான் ஓய்வு நேரத்தில் (5-6 முறை ஒரு வாரத்தில்) உடல் செயல்பாட்டு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவேன். (உதாரணம்: ஓடுதல், நீச்சலடித்தல், மிடிவண்டி ஓட்டுதல், ஓரோபிக்ஸ்)

E Saya sangat kerap (7 kali atau lebih seminggu) melakukan aktiviti fizikal semasa waktu lapang saya (contoh: bersukan, berlari, berenang, berbasikal, aktiviti aerobik)
நான் எப்பொழுதும் (7 முறைக்கு மேல் ஒரு வாரத்தில்) உடல் செயல்பாட்டு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவேன். (உதாரணம்: ஓடுதல், நீச்சலடித்தல், மிடிவண்டி ஓட்டுதல், ஓரோபிக்ஸ்)

C9 Tandakan kekerapan anda melakukan aktiviti fizikal (seperti bersukan, bermain, menari atau apa-apa aktiviti fizikal) untuk setiap hari pada minggu lepas.
எத்துனை முறை ஒரு வாரத்தில் உடல் செயல்பாட்டு நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவீர்கள்?
(உதாரணம்: ஓடுதல், நீச்சலடித்தல், மிடிவண்டி ஓட்டுதல், ஓரோபிக்ஸ்) ஒரு நாளில் எத்துனை முறை?

Hari நாள்	Tiada Aktiviti நடவடிக்கையில் ஈடுபடுவதில்லை	(1-2 kali) (1-2 முறை)	(3-4 kali) (3-4 முறை)	(5-6 kali) (5-6 முறை)	(7 kali atau lebih) (7 முறைக்கு மேல்)
a Isnin திங்கள்	A	B	C	D	E
b Selasa செவ்வாய்	A	B	C	D	E
c Rabu புதன்	A	B	C	D	E
d Khamis வியாழன்	A	B	C	D	E
e Jumaat வெள்ளி	A	B	C	D	E
f Sabtu சனி	A	B	C	D	E
g Ahad ஞாயிறு	A	B	C	D	E

- C10** Adakah anda sakit pada minggu lepas, atau adakah terdapat sebarang perkara yang menghalang anda daripada melakukan aktiviti fizikal yang biasa dilakukan pada minggu lepas?
கடந்த வாரம் உங்களின் உடல் நிலை பாதிக்கப்பட்டிருந்ததா, அல்லது ஏதாவது எதிர்பாராத சம்பவம் உடற்பயிற்சி நேரத்தை குறிக்கிட்டதா?
- A Ya / ஆம்
B Tidak / இல்லை
- C11** Pada **hujung minggu** adakah anda menonton televisyen dan/atau menggunakan komputer dan/atau bermain permainan video (contoh: *PSP, Playstation, Gameboy dan lain-lain*)?
கடந்த வார பறுதியில் தொலைக்காட்சி, கணினி, அல்லது கணினி விளையாட்டில் ஈடுபட்டீர்களா? (உதாரணம்: *பிஎஸ்பி, பிலே சிதேசன், கேம்போய் மற்றும் சில*)?
- A Ya / ஆம்
B Tidak / இல்லை
- C12** Berapa lamakah anda menonton televisyen dan/atau menggunakan komputer dan/atau bermain permainan video pada **hujung minggu**?
எவ்வளவு நேரம் கடந்த வார பறுதியில் தொலைக்காட்சி, கணினி, அல்லது கணினி விளையாட்டில் ஈடுபட்டீர்களா?
- A kurang dari 1 jam sehari
1 மணி நேரத்திற்கு குறைவாக
- B 1 jam hingga kurang dari 2 jam sehari
ஒரு நாளில் 1 மணியிலிருந்து 2 மணி நேரம்
- C 2 jam hingga kurang dari 3 jam sehari
ஒரு நாளில் 2 மணியிலிருந்து 3 மணி நேரம்
- D 3 jam hingga kurang dari 4 jam sehari
ஒரு நாளில் 3 மணியிலிருந்து 4 மணி நேரம்
- E Lebih dari 4 jam sehari
4 மணி நேரத்திற்கு மேல்
- C13** Pada **hari persekolahan** adakah anda menonton televisyen dan/atau menggunakan komputer dan/atau bermain permainan video (contoh: *PSP, Playstation, Gameboy dan lain-lain*)?
பள்ளி நாட்களில் தொலைக்காட்சி, கணினி, அல்லது கணினி விளையாட்டில் ஈடுபட்டீர்களா?
- A Ya / ஆம்
B Tidak / இல்லை

Tinjauan Persekolahan (G0101)

- C14** Berapa lamakah anda menonton televisyen dan/atau menggunakan komputer dan/atau bermain permainan video pada hari persekolahan?
எவ்வளவு நேரம் டிவில் செலவழிப்பீர்கள்?
- A kurang dari 1 jam sehari
1 மணி நேரத்திற்கு குறைவாக
- B 1 jam hingga kurang dari 2 jam sehari
ஒரு நாளில் 1 மணியிலிருந்து 2 மணி நேரம்
- C 2 jam hingga kurang dari 3 jam sehari
ஒரு நாளில் 2 மணியிலிருந்து 3 மணி நேரம்
- D 3 jam hingga kurang dari 4 jam sehari
ஒரு நாளில் 3 மணியிலிருந்து 4 மணி நேரம்
- E Lebih dari 4 jam sehari
4 மணி நேரத்திற்கு மேல்

<p>MODUL D : PERSEPSI PENGURUSAN BERAT BADAN தொகுதி D : உடல் எடை கட்டுப்பாடு</p>	
<p>Arahan : <i>Pilih jawapan dan hitamkan pada kertas jawapan yang disediakan.</i> கட்டளை : <i>சரியான விடையைத் தெர்வு செய்து கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள விடைத்தாளில்</i></p>	
<p>D1</p>	<p>Pada masa sekarang, anda rasa anda : தற்சமயத்தில், என் உடல் எடை:</p> <p>A Kurang berat badan yang ketara மிகவும் குறைவாக உள்ளது</p> <p>B Kurang berat badan குறைவாக உள்ளது</p> <p>C Mempunyai berat badan yang sesuai சரியாக உள்ளது</p> <p>D Berlebihan berat badan சற்று அதிகமாக உள்ளது</p> <p>E Sangat berlebihan berat badan மிகவும் அதிகமாக உள்ளது</p>
<p>D2</p>	<p>Apakah yang anda sedang lakukan terhadap berat badan anda? உங்கள் உடல் எடையை சரிசெய்ய நீங்கள் ஏதாவது முயற்சியில் ஈடுபட்டுள்ளீர்களா?</p> <p>A Saya sedang berusaha untuk menurunkan berat badan saya உடல் எடையை குறைக்க முயற்சிக்கிறேன்</p> <p>B Saya sedang berusaha untuk menambahkan berat badan saya உடல் எடையை அதிகரிக்க முயற்சிக்கிறேன்</p> <p>C Saya tidak membuat apa-apa terhadap berat badan saya ஒரு முயற்சியிலும் ஈடுபடவில்லை</p> <p>D Saya sedang mengekalkan berat badan saya உடல் எடையை கட்டுப்படுத்த முயற்சிக்கிறேன்</p>
<p>D3</p>	<p>Sekiranya anda berhasrat untuk mengurangkan berat badan, apakah faktor utama yang mendorong anda berbuat demikian? எனனால் நீங்கள் உடல் எடையை குறைக்க முயற்சி செய்கிறீர்கள்?</p> <p>A Kesihatan உடல் நிலையைப் பேச</p> <p>B Kecantikan அழகைப் பேச</p> <p>C Meningkatkan keyakinan diri தன்னிக்கையை உயர்த்த</p> <p>D Mendapat ramai kawan நிறைய நண்பர்கள் கிடைக்க</p> <p>E Tidak berhasrat mengurangkan berat badan உடல் எடையைக் குறைக்க விருப்பமில்லை</p>

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

D4 Sekiranya anda berhasrat untuk **mengurangkan berat badan**, apakah kaedah yang menjadi pilihan utama anda?
 எவ்வாறு உடல் எடையை குறைக்க விருப்பம்?

A Bersenam
 உடற்பயிற்சி

B Kurangkan pengambilan makanan tinggi lemak (contoh: makanan bergoreng)
 கொழுப்பு நிறைந்த உணவை குறைத்தல்

C Kurangkan pengambilan makanan manis
 டீஸிப்பு நிறைந்த உணவை குறைத்தல்

D Meningkatkan pengambilan sayur-sayuran dan buah-buahan
 நிறைய பழம் மற்றும் காய்கறிகள் உட்கொள்ளுதல்

E Tidak mengambil hidangan utama (sarapan/ tengah hari/ makan malam)
 உணவை தவிர்த்தல் (காலை சிற்றுண்டி/ மாலை உணவு/ யரவு உணவு)

F Mengambil pil diet/menggunakan krim pelangsing tubuh
 மருந்து பயன்படுத்துதல்

G Berpuasa
 விரதம்

H Mendapat khidmat professional
 அறிவுரை நாடுதல்

I Tidak berhasrat mengurangkan berat badan
 உடல் எடையைக் குறைக்க விருப்பமில்லை

D5 Sekiranya anda berhasrat untuk **menambahkan berat badan**, apakah faktor utama yang mendorong anda
 berbuat demikian?
 அதனால் நீங்கள் உடல் எடையை அதிகரிக்க முயற்சி செய்கிறீர்கள்?

A Kesihatan / உடல் நிலையைப் பேண

B Kecantikan / அழகைப் பேண

C Meningkatkan keyakinan diri / தன்னிக்கையை உயர்த்த

D Mendapat ramai kawan / நிறைய நண்பர்கள் கிடைக்க

E Tidak berhasrat menambah berat badan / உடல் எடையைக் அதிகரிக்க விருப்பமில்லை

D6 Sekiranya anda berhasrat untuk **menambahkan berat badan**, apakah kaedah yang menjadi pilihan utama anda?
 எவ்வாறு உடல் எடையை அதிகரிப்பீர்கள்?

A Menambah kuantiti makanan yang diambil
 உட்கொள்ளும் உணவின் அளவை அதிகரிப்பேன்

B Mengambil suplemen (Makanan tambahan seperti susu, suplemen vitamin)
 மருந்து உட்கொள்ளுவேன்

C Mengambil makanan yang berkalori tinggi
 அதிக புரதச்சத்து உள்ள உணவை உட்கொள்ளுவேன்

D Lain-lain
 மற்றது

F Tidak berhasrat menambah berat badan
 உடல் எடையைக் அதிகரிக்க விருப்பமில்லை

MODUL E :	PENGAMBILAN SUPLEMEN
தொகுதி E :	விடமின் மற்றும் மாற்றுச்சத்துணவு உட்கொள்ளுதல்
Arahan : Pilih jawapan dan hitamkan pada kertas jawapan yang disediakan.	
கட்டளை : சரியான விடையைத் தெர்வு செய்து கொடுக்கப்படுள்ள விடைத்தாளில்	
E1	<p>Adakah anda ada mengambil sebarang suplemen vitamin / mineral? நீங்கள் விடமின் ஏதாவது உட்கொள்கிறீர்களா?</p> <p>A Ya / ஆம்</p> <p>B Tidak / டீல்லை</p> <p>(Jika TIDAK, sila jawab TIDAK AMBIL SUPLEMEN di soalan E2, E3, dan E4) (டீல்லைஎன்றால், விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லைஎன்று E2, E3, மற்றும் E4 கேள்விகளில் விடையளிக்கவும்)</p>
E2	<p>Apakah jenis suplemen vitamin / mineral yang biasa diambil? எவ்வகை விடமின் உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?</p> <p>A Multivitamin / மல்திவிடமின்</p> <p>B Vitamin C / விடமின் C</p> <p>C Zat besi (Ferum) / டீரும்பு சத்து</p> <p>D Lain-lain / மற்றது</p> <p>E Tidak ambil suplemen / விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை</p>
E3	<p>Apakah sebab anda mengambil suplemen vitamin / mineral tersebut? எதனால் விடமின் உட்கொள்கிறீர்கள்?</p> <p>A Atas arahan doktor / மருத்துவரின் ஆலோசனை</p> <p>B Atas arahan ibubapa / பெற்றோரின் ஆலோசனை</p> <p>C Kesedaran sendiri / சுய முயற்சி</p> <p>D Pengaruh kawan-kawan / நண்பர்களால்</p> <p>E Lain-lain / மற்றது</p> <p>F Tidak ambil suplemen / விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை</p>
E4	<p>Berapa kerap anda mengambil suplemen vitamin / mineral tersebut? ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை நீங்கள் விடமின் உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?</p> <p>A Setiap hari / ஒவ்வொரு நாளும்</p> <p>B 5-6 kali seminggu / 5-6 முறை</p> <p>C 3-4 kali seminggu / 3-4 முறை</p> <p>D 1-2 kali seminggu / 1-2 முறை</p> <p>E Tidak ambil suplemen / விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை</p>

Tinjauan Persekitaran Keluarga

- E5** Adakah anda ada mengambil sebarang suplemen **makanan**?
நீங்கள் மாற்றுச்சத்துணவு உட்கொள்வீர்களா?
- A Ya / ஆம்
B Tidak / பல்லை
- (Jika **TIDAK**, sila jawab **TIDAK AMBIL SUPLEMEN** di soalan E6, E7, dan E8)
(பல்லை என்றால், விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை என்று E2, E3, மற்றும் E4 கேள்விகளில் விடையளிக்கவும்)
- E6** Apakah jenis suplemen makanan yang biasa diambil?
எவ்விதமான மாற்றுச்சத்துணவை நீங்கள் உட்கொள்கிறீர்கள்?
- A Spirulina / சிபிருலினா
B Minyak ikan / மீன் எண்ணை
C Madu atau hasil madu / தேன்
D Pati ayam / கோழி ஸ்தார்ச்
E Lain-lain / மற்றது
F Tidak ambil suplemen / விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை
- E7** Apakah sebab anda mengambil suplemen makanan tersebut?
எதனால் மாற்றுச்சத்துணவு உட்கொள்கிறீர்கள்?
- A Atas arahan doktor
மருத்துவரின் ஆலோசனை
B Atas arahan ibubapa
பெற்றோரின் ஆலோசனை
C Kesedaran sendiri
சுய முயற்சி
D Pengaruh kawan-kawan
நண்பர்களால்
E Lain-lain
மற்றது
F Tidak ambil suplemen
விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை
- E8** Berapa kerap anda mengambil suplemen makanan tersebut?
ஒரு வாரத்தில் எத்தனை முறை நீங்கள் மாற்றுச்சத்துணவு உட்கொள்வீர்கள்?
- A Setiap hari / ஒவ்வொரு நாளும்
B 5-6 kali seminggu / 5-6 முறை
C 3-4 kali seminggu / 3-4 முறை
D 1-2 kali seminggu / 1-2 முறை
E Tidak ambil suplemen / விடமின் உட்கொள்ளவில்லை

MODUL F :	LABEL MAKANAN DAN PEMAKANAN (SEKOLAH MENENGAH SAHAJA)																		
தொகுதி F :	உணவு மற்றும் உணவு உல்கொள்ளும்முறையையும்குறிப்பிடுக. (படைநிலைப்பள்ளி மட்டும்)																		
Arahan : Pilih jawapan dan hitamkan pada kertas jawapan yang disediakan.																			
கட்டளை : சரியான விடையைத் தேர்வு செய்து கொடுக்கப்படுள்ள விடைத்தாளில்																			
F1	<p>Adakah anda membaca label makanan ketika membeli atau menerima makanan/minuman? ஒர் உணவுப் பொருளை வாங்குவதற்கு முன் நீங்கள் அதன் அடையாள அட்டையை படிப்பீர்களா?</p> <p>A. Ya, setiap kali (terus ke soalan F3 dan jawab hingga soalan F10) ஆம், ஒவ்வொருமுறையும் (கேள்வி F3- டல்பருந்து F10 வரை பதிலளிக்கவும்)</p> <p>B. Ya, kadang-kadang / ஆம், சில சமயத்தில்</p> <p>C. Tidak (silalah jawab soalan F2 dan terus ke soalan F5 hingga F8) டல்லை (கேள்வி F2 மற்றும் F5 பின் அதிலிருந்து தொடர்ந்து F8 வரை பதிலளிக்கவும்)</p>																		
F2	<p>Jika anda tidak membaca label makanan, nyatakan sebab-sebabnya? Anda boleh memilih lebih daripada satu jawapan. எனால் நீங்கள் அவ்வடையாள அட்டையை படிக்கமாதிர்கள்? ஒரு விடைக்கு மேல் தேர்வு செய்யலாம்.</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Sebab-sebab tidak membaca label makanan காரணம்</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>Tulisan kecil / சிறிய எழுத்து</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Tidak faham / புரியவில்லை</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>Tidak menarik / கவனத்தை ஈர்க்கவில்லை</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>Tidak tahu kepentingan / முக்கியத்துவம் தெரியவில்லை</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E</td> <td>Tiada masa / நேரமில்லை</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F</td> <td>Telah mengetahui tentang maklumat அந்த உணவைப் பற்றித் தெரியும்</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Sebab-sebab tidak membaca label makanan காரணம்		A	Tulisan kecil / சிறிய எழுத்து	B	Tidak faham / புரியவில்லை	C	Tidak menarik / கவனத்தை ஈர்க்கவில்லை	D	Tidak tahu kepentingan / முக்கியத்துவம் தெரியவில்லை	E	Tiada masa / நேரமில்லை	F	Telah mengetahui tentang maklumat அந்த உணவைப் பற்றித் தெரியும்				
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F3	<p>Apakah jenis maklumat panel maklumat pemakanan yang anda baca? Anda boleh memilih lebih daripada satu jawapan. எந்த வகையான தகவலை நீங்கள் உணவு அடையாள அட்டையில் படித்தீர்கள்? ஒரு விடைக்கு மேல் தேர்வு செய்யலாம்</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <thead> <tr> <th colspan="2">Maklumat khasiat makanan</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>Jumlah tenaga makanan உணவுச்சத்து</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Kandungan karbohidrat/gula ஈட்டிச்சத்துமற்றும் சர்க்கரையின்அளவு</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>Kandungan lemak கொழுப்பின் அளவு</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>Kandungan protein புரதச்சத்து</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E</td> <td>Kandungan garam/natrium உப்பின் அளவு</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F</td> <td>Kandungan vitamin விட்டமினின் அளவு</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>Kandungan mineral கனிமத்தின் அளவு</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H</td> <td>Serat (fiber) ஈபபெர்</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Maklumat khasiat makanan		A	Jumlah tenaga makanan உணவுச்சத்து	B	Kandungan karbohidrat/gula ஈட்டிச்சத்துமற்றும் சர்க்கரையின்அளவு	C	Kandungan lemak கொழுப்பின் அளவு	D	Kandungan protein புரதச்சத்து	E	Kandungan garam/natrium உப்பின் அளவு	F	Kandungan vitamin விட்டமினின் அளவு	G	Kandungan mineral கனிமத்தின் அளவு	H	Serat (fiber) ஈபபெர்
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H	Serat (fiber) ஈபபெர்																		

Tinjauan Pemakanan Remaja

F4 Mengambil contoh gambar minuman di bawah, apakah jenis maklumat berikut yang anda baca? **Anda boleh memilih lebih daripada satu jawapan.**

கீழ்க்காட்டுக்கப்பட்டிருள்ள தண்ணீர் பாட்டிலில் எவ்வகையான தகவலை நீங்கள் பெற முடியும்?, (ஒரு விடைக்கு மேல் தேர்வு செய்யலாம்)



Jenis Maklumat தகவல்களின் வகை	
A	Tarikh luput காலாவதியாகும் திகதி
B	Akuan pemakanan ஊட்டச்சத்து கூற்றுகள்
C	Panel maklumat pemakanan ஊட்டச்சத்து தகவல்
D	Logo halal ஹலால் சின்னம்
E	Senarai ramuan/bahan பொருளடக்கம்
F	Arahan penyimpanan வழிமுறை

Berdasarkan kepada panel maklumat pemakanan pada **satu Minuman Kotak XYZ** yang ditunjukkan di bawah. Sila baca dan nyatakan sama ada kenyataan berikut adalah betul atau salah.

கீழ்க்காணும் அட்டவணையில் குளிர்பானம் XYZ-யின் ஊட்டச்சத்து தகவல்கள் கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ளது. அதை படித்தப்பின் கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள கூற்றுக்கள் சரி அல்லது பிழை என அடையாளம் காண்க.

Maklumat Pemakanan bagi Minuman XYZ குளிர்பானம் XYZ		
Saiz hidangan : 250ml பானத்தின் அளவு : 250ml Jumlah hidangan bagi setiap kotak: 1 பரிமாறும் அளவு: 1		
	100 ml	250ml
Tenaga (kcal) சத்து	56	140
Karbohidrat (g) ஊட்டச்சத்து	10.9	27.3
Jumlah gula (g) சர்க்கரை	10.6	26.5
Protein (g) புரதச்சத்து	0	0
Lemak (g) கொழுப்பு	0	0

- F5** Jika saya minum 100ml minuman ini, ia membekalkan 56 kcal tenaga.
நான் 100ml குளிர்பானம் குடித்தால், எனக்கு 56 கலோரிச் சத்துகள் கிடைக்கும்.
- A Betul / சரி
B Salah / பிழை
C Tidak tahu / தெரியவில்லை
- F6** Jika saya minum satu kotak minuman ini, bermaksud saya telah mengambil 26.5 gram gula.
ஓர் குளிர்பானத்தை நான் முழுமையாக அருந்தினால், நான் 26.5 கிராம் சர்க்கரை எடுப்பதற்கு ஈடாகும்.
- A Betul / சரி
B Salah / பிழை
C Tidak tahu / தெரியவில்லை

Tinjauan Pemakanan Remaja

Berdasarkan kepada label kandungan tenaga pada pandangan hadapan (*front of pack labelling*) di bawah, sila nyatakan sama ada kenyataan berikut adalah betul atau salah.

கீழ்க்காணும் கலோரி தகவலுக்கேற்ப, கொடுக்கப்பட்டுள்ள கூற்று சரி அல்லது பிழை என்று குறிப்பிடுக.


Satu Hidangan
Mengandungi 250 ml
ஒரு பரிமாறலில் 250 ml உள்ளது



- F7** Nilai tenaga untuk dua hidangan makanan ini adalah 140kcal. 2 பரிமாறலில் சத்தின் அளவு 140kcal.
- A Betul / சரி
B Salah / பிழை
C Tidak tahu / தெரியவில்லை

- F8** Jika saya minum satu hidangan makanan ini, ia membekalkan 7% tenaga daripada 2000 kalori tersebut. நான் டீயை குடிக்கிறேன் என்றால், எனக்கு 2000 கலோரியிலிருந்து 7% சத்து கிடைக்கும்.
- A Betul / சரி
B Salah / பிழை
C Tidak tahu / தெரியவில்லை

Produk aiskrim A
பனிக்கூல் A



Senarai Ramuan /Bahan:
உள்ளடக்கம்:

Gula, Olein/Minyak Isirung Kelapa Sawit, Pepejal Susu, Sirap Glukosa, Serbuk Koko
சர்க்கரை, பனை எண்ணெய், பால், Sirap குளுகோஸ், கொக்கோ

F9 Apakah ramuan/bahan paling banyak digunakan dalam aiskrim ini?
பப்பனிக்கூலில் அதிகமான அளவில் பயன்படுத்தப்பட்டுள்ள பொருள் எது?

A. Pepejal susu
பால்

B. Sirap glukosa
குளுகோஸ்

C. Gula
சர்க்கரை

D. Olein/Minyak isirung kelapa sawit
பனை எண்ணெய்

E. Serbuk koko
கொக்கோ

F10 Apakah ramuan/bahan yang paling sedikit dalam aiskrim ini?
பப்பனிக்கூலில் குறைவான அளவில் பயன்படுத்தப்பட்டுள்ள பொருள் எது?

A. Sirap glukosa
குளுகோஸ்

B. Gula
சர்க்கரை

C. Olein/Minyak isirung kelapa sawit
பனை எண்ணெய்

D. Pepejal susu
பால்

E. Serbuk koko
கொக்கோ

Tinjauan Pendidikan Kesihatan

MODUL G : PENGUKURAN ANTROPOMETRI தொகுதி G : ஆந்த்ரோபோமெற்றிக் அளவீடுகள்				
Arahan : Bahagian ini akan diisi oleh pelajar di dalam kertas jawapan yang disediakan. கட்டளை: கீழ்க்காணும் பத்திரத்தை நிரப்புக.				
G1	Tarikh pengukuran Antropometri ஆந்த்ரோபோமெற்றிக் அளவு எடுக்கப்பட்ட திகதி <table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20%;">Hari நாள்</td> <td style="width: 20%;">Bulan மாதம்</td> <td style="width: 60%;">Tahun ஆண்டு</td> </tr> </table>	Hari நாள்	Bulan மாதம்	Tahun ஆண்டு
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G2	Berat Badan உடல் எடை G2a Berat 1 எடை 1 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> kg G2b Berat 2 எடை 2 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> kg Enggan diukur அளக்கவில்லை <input type="checkbox"/>			
G3	Tinggi உயரம் G3a Tinggi 1 உயரம் 1 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> cm G3b Tinggi 2 உயரம் 2 <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> cm Enggan diukur அளக்கவில்லை <input type="checkbox"/>			

ADOLESCENT NUTRITION SURVEY 2017
马来西亚学生营养调查 2017




Survey form/调查问卷

INTRODUCTION / 简介

The survey was conducted to determine the nutritional status, eating habits, food intake, physical activity level, and the use of food labels and nutrition. Selected student from all over the country will also answer this questionnaire.
 这项调查是为了解你的营养状况，饮食习惯，食物摄取，体能活动质量，和食品标签应用。在全国各地与你一样被选中的学生，也会回答这份问卷。

The information you provide will be used to develop better health programs for the future younger generation.
 你所提供的资料将被用于规划更好的健康方案给予如你一样的年轻一代。

Guide to filling survey forms/填写问卷指南

1. Your responses will be kept **CONFIDENTIAL**. Answer the questions based on what you know and what you do. There is no right or wrong answers.
 你提供的答案将被**保密**。请跟你所知道与你所做的来作答。答案没有对错之分。
2. Read the question carefully. Shade your answer on the answer sheet provided with a 2B pencil supplied.
 请仔细阅读问题。请使用所提供的2B铅笔并在准备好的答案纸上划黑作答。
3. How to shade the answer/如何划黑作答：
 Shade your answer like this  Not like this  or 
 如此划黑作答 不是这样划 或这样
4. Only one answer for each question UNLESS there are other instructions.
 每题只能拥有一个答案，除非有其他指示。
5. If you do not understand, please raise your hand to ask question.
 如果你在作答期间不明白，请举手发问。
6. Kindly wait for instruction from your class facilitator once you have completed the survey.
 当你回答完毕，请等待班上协调员的指令。

THANK YOU FOR YOUR WILLINGNESS TO COMPLETE THE SURVEY
感谢你愿意回答问卷

Enjinan Persekitanan Kesihatan

MODULE A : PERSONAL INFORMATION													
A组：个人资料													
INSTRUCTION : Fill the student ID, date of birth and shade your answer on the answer sheet provided													
指示：填写学生编号，出生日期并在准备好的答案纸上划黑作答													
A1	Student ID/ 学生编号 <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> State 州属 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/> Strata 区域 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> School Category 学校类别 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> School code 学校编号 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> Class 班级 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> Student 学生 </div> </div>												
A2	Date of birth/ 出生日期 <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> Day/日期 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/> Month/月 </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/><input type="text"/> Year/年份 </div> </div>												
A3	Gender/性别 A. Male/男 B. Female/女												
A4	Ethnicity/种族 A. Malay/马来人 B. Chinese.华人 C. Indian/印度人 D. Sabah indigenous/沙巴士著 E. Sarawak indigenous /沙撈越土著 F. Others/其他												
	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="width: 50%;"></th> <th style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Primary school/小学</th> <th style="width: 50%;"></th> <th style="width: 50%; text-align: center;">Secondary school/中学</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A5</td> <td> Class/年级 A. Primary 4/4年级 B. Primary 5/5年级 C. Primary 6/6年级 </td> <td></td> <td> D. Remove class/预备班 E. Secondary1/初中1 F. Secondary2/初中2 G. Secondary3/初中3 H. Secondary4/初中4 I. Secondary5/初中5 </td> </tr> <tr> <td>A6</td> <td> Age/年龄 A. 10 year old/10岁 B. 11 year old /11岁 C. 12 year old /12岁 </td> <td></td> <td> D. 13 year old /13岁 E. 14 year old / 14岁 F. 15 year old / 15岁 G. 16 year old /16岁 H. 17 year old / 17岁 I. 18 year old / 18岁 </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Primary school/小学		Secondary school/中学	A5	Class/年级 A. Primary 4/4年级 B. Primary 5/5年级 C. Primary 6/6年级		D. Remove class/预备班 E. Secondary1/初中1 F. Secondary2/初中2 G. Secondary3/初中3 H. Secondary4/初中4 I. Secondary5/初中5	A6	Age/年龄 A. 10 year old/10岁 B. 11 year old /11岁 C. 12 year old /12岁		D. 13 year old /13岁 E. 14 year old / 14岁 F. 15 year old / 15岁 G. 16 year old /16岁 H. 17 year old / 17岁 I. 18 year old / 18岁
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MODULE B: Meal pattern	
组 B: 饮食习惯	
Instruction : Choose the answer and shade on the answer sheet provided	
指示 : 请在准备好的答案纸上划圈作答	
B1	<p>What is your school session? 请问你现在就读早上或下午班?</p> <p>A Morning session only/上午班 B Afternoon session only/下午班 C Morning and afternoon session/上午至下午班</p>
B2	<p>Normally, how many days in a week do you take breakfast (from 6.00AM till 8.00AM)? 你通常在一个星期内有几天会吃早餐(从早上6点到8点)?</p> <p>A 1 day/1天 B 2 days/2天 C 3 days/3天 D 4 days/4天 E 5 days/5天 F 6 days/6天 G 7 days/7天 H Not applicable / I do not take breakfast/不相关 / 没有吃早餐</p>
B3	<p>Normally, where do you get your breakfast from? 你通常从哪里获得早餐?</p> <p>A Prepared at home/在家准备 B Buy from school canteen/学校食堂购买 C Buy at restaurant or kiosk/餐馆或摊子购买 D Provided by the hostel/宿舍提供 E Others/其他途径 F I do not take breakfast/没有吃早餐</p>
B4	<p>If you do not take breakfast, what is the reason? 如果你没有吃早餐, 请问是什么原因?</p> <p>A No food/没有食物 B No appetite/没有胃口 C No time/没有时间 D On diet/ control body weight/节食/控制体重 E No money/没有钱 F Others/其他原因 G Not applicable/ because I take breakfast everyday 不相关/我每天都吃早餐</p>

B5 Normally, how many days in a week do you eat and/or drink during school break time?
你通常在一个星期内有几天会在学校休息节时吃食物与/或喝饮料?

- A 0 day/0天
- B 1 day/1天
- C 2 days/2天
- D 3 days/3天
- E 4 days/4天
- F 5 days/5天

B6 Normally, where do you obtain the food?
你通常从哪里获得该食物?

- A Bring from home/在家准备
- B Buy from school canteen/学校食堂购买
- C Buy at restaurant or kiosk/餐馆或摊子购买
- D Provided by hostel/宿舍提供
- E Others/其他途径
- F Not applicable/ I do not consume food and/or drink during school break time
不相关/没有在学校休息节时吃食物与/或喝饮料

B7 Normally, how many days in a week do you consume lunch (11.00AM till 3.00PM)?
你通常在一个星期内有几天会吃午餐（从早上11点到下午3点）?

- A 1 day/1天
- B 2 days/2天
- C 3 days/3天
- D 4 days/4天
- E 5 days/5天
- F 6 days/6天
- G 7 days/7天
- H I do not take lunch/没有吃上午餐

B8 Normally, where do you obtain the food?
你通常从哪里获得该食物?

- A Prepared at home/在家准备
- B Buy from school canteen/学校食堂购买
- C Buy from restaurant or kiosk/餐馆或摊子购买
- D Provided by hostel/宿舍提供
- E Others/其他途径
- F Not applicable/ I do not take lunch/不相关/没有吃午餐

- B9** If you do not take lunch, what is the reason?
如果你没有吃午餐，请问是什么原因？
- A No food/没有食物
 - B No appetite/没有胃口
 - C No time/没有时间
 - D On diet/ control body weight/节食/控制体重
 - E No money/没有钱
 - F Others/其他原因
 - G Not applicable/ I take lunch/不相关/ 我有吃午餐
- B10** Normally, how many days in a week do you have afternoon tea (3.00PM till 6.00PM)?
你通常在一个星期内有几天会吃下午茶点（从下午3点到傍晚6点）？
- A 1 day/1天
 - B 2 days/2天
 - C 3 days/3天
 - D 4 days/4天
 - E 5 days/5天
 - F 6 days/6天
 - G 7 days/7天
 - H No afternoon tea/没有吃下午茶
- B11** Normally, where do you obtain the food?
你通常从哪里获得下午茶点的食物？
- A Prepared at home/在家准备
 - B Buy from school canteen/学校食堂购买
 - C Buy from restaurant or kiosk/餐馆或摊子购买
 - D Provided by hostel/宿舍提供
 - E Others/其他途径
 - F Not having afternoon tea/没有吃下午茶点
- B12** Normally, how many days in a week do you have dinner(6.00PM till10.00PM)?
你通常在一个星期内有几天会吃晚餐（从傍晚6点到晚上10点）？
- A 1 day/1天
 - B 2 days/2天
 - C 3 days/3天
 - D 4 days/4天
 - E 5 days/5天
 - F 6 days/6天
 - G 7 days/7天
 - H Not having dinner/没有吃晚餐

- B13** Normally, where do you obtain the food?
通常从哪获得该食物?
- A Prepared at home/在家准备
 - B Buy from restaurant or kiosk/餐馆或摊子购买
 - C Provided by hostel/宿舍提供
 - D Others/其他途径
 - E Not applicable/ I do not take dinner/不相关/ 没有吃晚餐
- B14** If you do not take dinner, what is the reason?
如果你没有吃晚餐，请问是什么原因?
- A No food/没有食物
 - B No appetite/没有胃口
 - C No time/没有时间
 - D On diet/节食
 - E No money/没有钱
 - F Others/其他原因
 - G Not applicable/ I take dinner/不相关/ 有吃晚餐
- B15** For the past one week, how often do you take heavy meals after dinner? (Example: nasilemak, roti canai, fried mee, burger, fried chicken, instant noodle and etc.This does not include light snacks, eg 2 pieces of biscuit and/or one glass of milk)
在上周里面，有几天你在完晚饭后会吃难消化的食物？（例：椰浆饭，印度煎饼，炒面，汉堡包，炸鸡，快熟面等。这不包括小吃，例如2块饼干和/或一杯牛奶）
- A 1 day/1天
 - B 2 days/2天
 - C 3 days/3天
 - D 4 days/4天
 - E 5 days/5天
 - F 6 days/6天
 - G 7 days/7天
 - H I do not take heavy meals after dinner/晚餐后不再吃东西
- B16** Where do you take the heavy meals?
你从哪里享用该食物?
- A Home/家里
 - B Restaurant/ kiosk/餐馆或摊子
 - C Hostel/宿舍
 - D Others/其他地方
 - E Not applicable/ I do not take heavy meals/不相关/ 晚餐后不再吃东西

- B17** Normally, how many days in a week do you eat fast food bought from fast food restaurant, such as burger, pizza, fried chicken, French fries, nugget and etc?
你通常在一个星期内有几天会吃从快餐店购买的食物如汉堡包, 披萨饼, 炸鸡, 薯条, 鸡肉块等等?
- A 1 day/1天
 - B 2 days/2天
 - C 3 days/3天
 - D 4 days/4天
 - E 5 days/5天
 - F 6 days/6天
 - G 7 days/7天
 - H No fast food/没有吃快餐
- B18** How often do you bring food to school?
你可否有从家里携带便当/食物到学校?
- A Everyday/每天
 - B Occasionally/偶尔 (有时候会)
 - C Never/没有携带
- B19** What is the usual packed meal that you bring to school? (Can choose **ONE** or **TWO** answer(s) only)
通常会带什么食物到学校? (只能选择一个或两个答案)
- A *Nasi lemak*/fried rice/mixed rice
椰浆饭 / 炒饭 / 饭菜
 - B Noodle / Vermicelli / KuehTeow
面 / 米粉 / 河粉
 - C Bread / Bun / Sandwich
面包 / 馒头 / 三文治
 - D Nugget / Sausage / Burger
鸡肉块 / 香肠 / 汉堡包
 - E Biscuit/饼干
 - F Fruits/水果
 - G Others/其他
 - H I do not bring packed meal/没有携带食物
- B20** How often do you bring drink to school?
你可否有从家里携带饮料到学校?
- A Everyday/每天
 - B Occasionally/偶尔 (有时候会)
 - C Never/没有携带

- B21** What is the usual drink that you bring to school?(Can choose **ONE** or **TWO** answer(s) only)
通常会带什么饮料到学校? (只能选择一个或两个答案)
- A Plain water/白开水
 - B Flavored water/packed drink/syrup drink/tea/coffee/Milo
有味饮料 / 包装饮料 / 糖浆饮料 / 茶 / 咖啡 / 美禄
 - C Carbonated drink/汽水
 - D Milk/ cultured drink/奶/ 酸奶饮品 (优格)
 - E Others/其他
 - F I don't bring drink to school/没有携带饮料
- B22** Normally, where do you mostly spend your pocket money?
你最常把零用钱花在哪一方面?
- A Buy food and/ or drink/购买食物X或饮料
 - B Buy stationery/购买文具
 - C Saving/储蓄
 - D Others/其他
 - E I do not bring pocket money to school/没有零用钱
- B23** How often do you eat outside in a week?Not included eating in the school and hostel?
你通常在一个星期内有几天会在外用餐? 不包括在学校和宿舍?
- A 1 time/1次
 - B 2 times/2次
 - C 3 times/3次
 - D 4 times/4次
 - E 5 times/5次
 - F 6 times/6次
 - G 7 times or more/7次或以上
 - H Never/没有在外面用餐
- B24** What kind of snack foods that you always eat?(Can choose **ONE** or **TWO** answer(s) only)
你最常吃的零食是什么? (只能选择一个或两个答案)
- A Bread / Bun / Sandwich/面包 / 馒头 / 三文治
 - B French fries/薯条
 - C Biscuit/饼干
 - D Fruits/水果
 - E Nuts/花生
 - F Fish cracker/炸鱼饼/虾饼
 - G Ice cream/冰淇淋
 - H I do not take snack food/没有吃零食

- B25** How often do you take snack foods in a week?
你在一个星期内吃多少次零食?
- A 1 time/1次
 - B 2 times/2次
 - C 3 times/3次
 - D 4 times/4次
 - E 5 times/5次
 - F 6 times/6次
 - G 7 times or more/7次或以上
 - H Never take snack food before/没有吃零食
- B26** What types of food and/or drinks that you always buy out of school area?(Can choose **ONE** or **TWO** answer(s) only)
你从学校范围外买些什么类型的食物和/或饮料? (只能选择一个或两个答案)
- A Candy/chocolate/糖果 / 巧克力
 - B French fries/ nugget / sausage/薯条 / 鸡肉块 / 香肠
 - C Flavoured drink/ carbonated drink/各种口味饮料 / 汽水
 - D Pickles/腌制食物
 - E Snack food/零食
 - F Fish cracker/炸鱼饼/虾饼
 - G Ice cream/冰淇淋
 - H Never take snack food outside the school area/没有买学校范围外的食物
- B27** Within a week, how often do you buy food and/or drink outside school compound?
在一星期内, 你可否有从学校范围外买食物和/或饮料?
- A 1 time/1次
 - B 2 times/2次
 - C 3 times/3次
 - D 4 times/4次
 - E 5 times/5次
 - F 6 times/6次
 - G 7 times or more/7次或以上
 - H Never/没有购买
- B28** Which media source(s) that most affect your dietary pattern? (Can choose **ONE** or **TWO** answer (s) only)/
什么媒体最影响你的食物选择? (只能选择一个或两个答案)
- A Social media (example : Surf Internet / YouTube / Facebook / Instagram, Twitter)
社交网站 (例: 浏览网站 / 视频网站 / 面子书)
 - B Television/电视机
 - C Radio/电台
 - D Printed media (Example: magazine, newspaper, billboard, brochure, catalogue)
平面媒体 (例子: 杂志, 报章, 广告牌, 传单, 购物目录)
 - E Not affected/没有被影响

Survei Kesihatan Kebangsaan

MODULE C : PHYSICAL ACTIVITY						
C组：体能活动						
Instruction : Choose the answer and shade on the answer sheet provided						
指示：请在准备好的答案纸上划黑作答						
C1 Physical activity during leisure time: Are you doing the activities listed below during the last 7 days (last week). If YES, how many times?						
休闲体能活动：在过去的7天（上周）你有做出以下列出的哪些活动。如果有，请问多少次？						
	Activity/活动	Never/ 没有	1-2 times/ 1-2次	3-4 times/ 3-4次	5-6 times/ 5-6次	7 times or more/ 7次或以上
a	Rope skipping/跳绳	A	B	C	D	E
b	Rowing/ Canoeing/划艇	A	B	C	D	E
c	Silat / Karate / Taekwondo 马来武术/空手道/跆拳道	A	B	C	D	E
d	Chasing game/追逐游戏	A	B	C	D	E
e	Brisk walking/步行运动	A	B	C	D	E
f	Cycling/骑脚踏车	A	B	C	D	E
g	Jogging / Running/慢跑 / 赛跑	A	B	C	D	E
h	Aerobics/有氧体操	A	B	C	D	E
i	Swimming/游泳	A	B	C	D	E
j	Baseball/棒球	A	B	C	D	E
k	Dancing/跳舞	A	B	C	D	E
l	Rugby/橄榄球	A	B	C	D	E
m	Badminton/羽毛球	A	B	C	D	E
n	Hockey/曲棍球	A	B	C	D	E
o	Volleyball/排球	A	B	C	D	E
p	Basketball / Netball/篮球	A	B	C	D	E
q	Sepak takraw/藤球	A	B	C	D	E
r	Football / Futsal/足球	A	B	C	D	E
s	Ping pong/乒乓球	A	B	C	D	E

- C2** During physical education class in the last 7 days, how often are you in an active condition (playing, running, throwing, jumping)?
在过去的7天，在体育课活动期间，你是否非常活跃（玩耍，奔跑，投球，跳跃）？
- A I do not attend the physical education class/我不参与体育课
B Very rare/级少数
C Occasionally/偶尔(有时候会)
D Quite often/经常
E Always/常常
- C3** What do you usually do **during break time in the school** for the last 7 days?
在过去的7天，你都在**学校休息课**时做些什么？
- A Sitting down (chatting, reading, doing homework) /坐下(聊天，阅读，做功课)
B Standing or walking/站立或步行
C Running or playing for a short while/奔跑或偶尔玩耍
D Running and playing for a short while/奔跑和偶尔玩耍
E Running and playing all the time/奔跑和经常玩耍
- C4** What are the activities that you normally do **during lunch time** for the last 7 days (apart from eating)?
在过去的7天，除了坐下吃午餐外，你都在**吃午餐的时候**做些什么？
- A Sitting down (chatting, reading, doing homework)/坐下(聊天，阅读，做功课)
B Standing or walking/站立或步行
C Running or playing for a short while/奔跑或偶尔玩耍
D Running and playing for a short while/奔跑和适量的玩耍
E Running and playing all the time/奔跑和经常玩耍
- C5** In the last 7 days, how many days did you spend playing sports, dance or playing **actively immediately after school hours**?
在过去的7天，你有几天是**直接在放学后**运动，跳舞，或非常活跃的玩耍？
- A Never/没有
B 1 day/1天
C 2 or 3 days/2或3天
D 4 days/4天
E 5 days/5天
- C6** In the last 7 days, how many days did you play sports, dance or play **actively in the evening**?
在过去的7天，你有几天是在**下午时间**运动，跳舞，或非常活跃的玩耍？
- A Never/没有
B 1 day/1天
C 2 or 3 days/2或3天
D 4 or 5 days/4或5天
E 6 or 7 days/6或7天

- C7** How many times have you been involved with sport activities, dancing or engage in active games during last weekend?
在上个周末，你有多少次参与运动，跳舞，或活跃的课外活动？
- A Never/没有
 - B 1 time/1次
 - C 2 or 3 times/2或3次
 - D 4 or 5 times/4或5次
 - E 6 times or more/6次或以上
- C8** Which of the following statements describe you in the last 7 days?
以下哪项正是描述你在过去的7天的行为？
- A I use all or most of my spare time with a mild activity/
我用全部或大部分空闲的时间做些不劳累的活动
 - B I occasionally (1-2 times per week) do physical activity during my spare time (example: involve in sport activities, running, swimming, cycling, aerobic activity)/
在空闲的时候，我偶尔（每周1-2次）会参与课外活动（例：运动，赛跑，跳舞，游泳，骑脚踏车，有氧运动）
 - C I sometimes (3-4 times per week) do physical activity during my spare time(example: involve in sport activities, running, swimming, cycling, aerobic activity)/
在空闲的时候，我有时（每周3-4次）会参与课外活动（例：运动，赛跑，跳舞，游泳，骑脚踏车，有氧运动）
 - D I often (5-6times per week) do physical activity during my spare time (example: involve in sport activities, running, swimming, cycling, aerobic activity)/
在空闲的时候，我经常（每周5-6次）会参与课外活动（例：运动，赛跑，跳舞，游泳，骑脚踏车，有氧运动）
 - E I regularly (7times or more per week) do physical activity during my spare time (example: involve in sport activities, running, swimming, cycling, aerobic activity)/
在空闲的时候，我常常（每周7次或以上）会参与课外活动（例：运动，赛跑，跳舞，游泳，骑脚踏车，有氧运动）

C9 Highlight the frequency of your activity (such as sports, playing, dancing, or any other physical activity) for each day during the last one week.

上个星期的每一天，你有多少次参与课外活动（体育，玩耍，跳舞或其他课外活动）

Day/日期		No activity/ 没有活动	Occasionally (1-2 times)/ 偶尔 (1-2 次)	Sometimes (3-4 times) / 有时 (3-4 次)	Often (5-6 times/ 经常 (5-6 次)	Regularly (7 times or more)/ 常常 (7 次或以)
a	Monday/ 星期一	A	B	C	D	E
b	Tuesday/ 星期二	A	B	C	D	E
c	Wednesday/ 星期三	A	B	C	D	E
d	Thursday/ 星期四	A	B	C	D	E
e	Friday/ 星期五	A	B	C	D	E
f	Saturday/ 星期六	A	B	C	D	E
g	Sunday/ 星期日	A	B	C	D	E

- C10** For the past week, are you sick, or are there any things that prevent you from doing regular physical activity?
在上个星期, 你是否生病或因其他原因而导致你不能参与课外活动吗?
- A Yes/是
B No/不是
- C11** During **weekend**, do you watch television and/or use computer and/or play video games ?
在**周末**, 你是否有看电视和/或使用电脑和/或玩电子游戏机 (example/如: PSP, Playstation, Gameboy and others)?
- A Yes/是
B No/不是
- C12** How long do you watch television and/or use computer and/or play video games during **weekend**?
在**周末**, 你花多少时间在看电视和/或使用电脑和/或玩电子游戏机?
- A Less than 1 hour per day/一天少过 1 小时
B 1 to 2 hours per day/一天 1 至 2 小时之间
C 2 to 3 hours per day/一天 2 至 3 小时之间
D 3 to 4 hours per day/一天 3 至 4 小时之间
E More than 4 hours per day/一天超过 4 小时
- C13** During **school day**, do you watch television and/or use computer and/or playing video games?
在**上学期间**, 你是否有看电视和/或使用电脑和/或玩电子游戏机(example/如: PSP, PlayStation, Gameboy and others)?
- A Yes/是
B No/不是
- C14** How long do you watch television and/or use computer and/or play video games on **school days**?
在**上学期间**, 你花多少时间在看电视和/或使用电脑和/或玩电子游戏机?
- A Less than 1 hour per day/一天少过 1 小时
B 1 to 2 hours per day/一天 1 至 2 小时之间
C 2 to 3 hours per day/一天 2 至 3 小时之间
D 3 to 4 hours per day/一天 3 至 4 小时之间
E More than 4 hours per day/一天超过 4 小时

<p>MODULE D : PERCEPTION OF WEIGHT MANAGEMENT D组：体重管理的自我观点</p>	
<p>INSTRUCTION : Choose the answer and shade on the answer sheet provided. 指示：请在准备好的答案纸上划圈作答</p>	
<p>D1</p>	<p>At the present time, you think you are: 目前, 你觉得你:</p> <p>A Significant underweight/体重非常不足 B Underweight/体重不足 C Has appropriate body weight/拥有适当的体重 D Overweight/体重过重 E Obese/肥胖</p>
<p>D2</p>	<p>What are you doing to your body weight? 你对你的体重做了些什么?</p> <p>A I am trying to reduce my body weight/我正在努力减轻自己的体重 B I am trying to increase my body weight/我正在努力增加自己的体重 C I am not doing anything to my body weight/我什么也没做 D I am maintaining my body weight/我正在维持自己的体重</p>
<p>D3</p>	<p>If you intend to lose body weight, what are the main factor that motivate you to do so?/如果你想减肥, 是什么主要因素驱使你这样做呢?</p> <p>A Health/健康 B Beauty/漂亮 C Increase self-confidence/提高自信 D To have more friends/结交更多朋友 E Does not intend to lose body weight/没有想过减肥</p>
<p>D4</p>	<p>If you intend to lose body weight, what is the preferred option? 如果你想减肥, 什么方法是你的首选?</p> <p>A Exercise/运动 B Reduce consumption of high fat foods/减少吃油腻的食物(Example/例子: fried food/煎炸食物) C Reduce intake of sugary foods/减少吃甜食 D Increase intake of vegetables and fruits/多吃蔬菜和水果 E Skip main meals/不吃正餐 (breakfast/早餐, lunch/午餐, dinner/晚餐) F Taking diet pills/ use slimming cream/吃减肥药/用减肥霜 G Fasting/禁食 H Get professional advise/征求专业服务 I Does not intend to lose body weight/没有想过减肥</p>
<p>D5</p>	<p>If you intend to increase body weight, what are the main factor that motivate you to do so? 如果你想增肥, 是什么主要因素驱使你这样做呢?</p> <p>A Healthy/健康 B Beauty/漂亮 C Increase self-confidence/提高自信 D To have more friends/结交更多朋友 E Does not intend to increase body weight/没有想过增肥</p>
<p>D6</p>	<p>If you intend to increase body weight, what is the preferred option? 如果你想增肥, 什么方法是你的首选?</p> <p>A Increase the quantity of food consumed/吃更多的食物 B Taking supplement (Additional foods such as milk, vitamin)/吃补品 (如奶, 维生素补品) C Take high-calorie foods/吃高卡路里的食物 D Others/其他 E Does not intend to increase body weight/没有想过增肥</p>

<p>MODULE E: SUPPLEMENT INTAKE E组：食用营养补助品</p>	
<p><i>instruction : Choose the answer and shade on the answer sheet provided</i> <i>指示：请在准备好的答案纸上划黑作答</i></p>	
<p>E1</p>	<p>Are you taking any vitamin supplement/ minerals? 你有在食用维生素/矿物质的补助品吗？</p> <p>A Yes/有 B No/没有</p> <p>(If No, please answer 'I DON'T TAKE SUPPLEMENT' at question E2, E3, danE4 (如果没有，请在E2, E3 和 E4 回答没有食用补助品)</p>
<p>E2</p>	<p>What type of vitamin supplement/ minerals that you usually take? 你在食用什么维生素/矿物质补助品？</p> <p>A Multivitamin/多元维生素 B Vitamin C/维生素 C C Iron supplement (Ferum)/铁质 D Others/其他 E I do not take supplement/没有食用补助品</p>
<p>E3</p>	<p>What is the reason for you to take vitamin supplement/ minerals? 是什么原因使你在食用维生素/矿物质补助品？</p> <p>A Prescribed by doctor/医生指示 B Advised by parent/父母要求 C Self-awareness/自我意识 D Friend influence/朋友影响 E Others/其他 F I do not take supplement/没有食用补助品</p>
<p>E4</p>	<p>How often do you take vitamin supplement / minerals? 你如何食用该维生素/矿物质补助品？</p> <p>A Everyday/每天 B 5-6 times per week/一星期5至6次 C 3-4 times per week/一星期3至4次 D 1-2 times per week/一星期1至2次 E I do not take supplement/没有服用补助品</p>
<p>E5</p>	<p>Are you taking any food supplement? 你有在食用食物补助品吗？</p> <p>A Yes/有 B No/没有</p> <p>(If NO, please answer 'I DON'T TAKE SUPPLEMENT' at question E6, E7, danE8) (如果没有，请在E6, E7 和 E8 回答没有食用补助品)</p>

E6 What kind of food supplement that you usually take?
你在食用什么食物补助品？

- A Spirulina/螺旋藻
- B Fish oil/鱼油
- C Honey/蜜糖或蜜糖制品
- D Chicken essence/鸡精
- E Others/其他
- F I do not take supplement/没有食用补助品

E7 What is the reason for you to take food supplement?
是什么原因使你在食用食物补助品？

- A Prescribed by doctor/医生指示
- B Advised by parent/父母要求
- C Self-awareness/自我意识
- D Friend influence/朋友影响
- E Others/其他
- F I do not take supplement/没有服用补助品

E8 How often do you take food supplement?
你如何食用该维生素/矿物质补助品？

- A Everyday/每天
- B 5-6 times per week/一星期 5 至 6 次
- C 3-4 times per week/一星期 3 至 4 次
- D 1-2 times per week/一星期 1 至 2 次
- E I do not take supplement/没有服用补助品

MODULE F: NUTRITION AND FOOD LABELLING																			
F 组：食品标签（只限于中学生作答）																			
<i>Instruction: Choose the answer and shade on the answer sheet provided</i> <i>指示：请在准备好的答案纸上划黑作答</i>																			
F1	<p>Do you read food label when buying or receiving food/drink? 当你正在购买或接受食品/饮料的时候，你会否阅读食品标签？</p> <p>A. Yes, every time/每次都会</p> <p>B. Yes, sometimes/偶尔会</p> <p>C. No/不会</p> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">} (Straight to question F3 and answer till question F10/ 请直接跳去回答问题 F3，并继续回答至 F10)</p> <p style="margin-left: 150px;">(Please answer question F2 and question F5 till F8/ 请回答问题 F2，并直接跳去 F5 继续回答至 F8)</p>																		
F2	<p>If you do not read food labels, specify the reason? You may choose more than one answer 如果你没有阅读食品标签，请列明原因。你可以选择多个答案</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <th colspan="2">Reasons for not reading food labels/ 没有阅读食品标签的原因</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 50px;">A</td> <td>Small printing font/字体太小</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Do not understand food labels/不明白</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>Not interesting/不感兴趣</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>Do not know the importance/不懂其重要性</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E</td> <td>No time/没有时间</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F</td> <td>Already know the information/已经知道相关资料</td> </tr> </table>	Reasons for not reading food labels/ 没有阅读食品标签的原因		A	Small printing font/字体太小	B	Do not understand food labels/不明白	C	Not interesting/不感兴趣	D	Do not know the importance/不懂其重要性	E	No time/没有时间	F	Already know the information/已经知道相关资料				
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E	No time/没有时间																		
F	Already know the information/已经知道相关资料																		
F3	<p>What kind of information do you read from the food label? You may choose more than one answer. 你会从食物营养标签上阅读哪些营养资料？你可以选择多个答案</p> <table border="1" style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto; border-collapse: collapse; text-align: center;"> <tr> <th colspan="2">Nutrition fact information/营养资料</th> </tr> <tr> <td style="width: 50px;">A</td> <td>Energy content/日能</td> </tr> <tr> <td>B</td> <td>Carbohydrate/sugar content/碳水化合物/糖含量</td> </tr> <tr> <td>C</td> <td>Fat content/脂肪含量</td> </tr> <tr> <td>D</td> <td>Protein content/蛋白质含量</td> </tr> <tr> <td>E</td> <td>Salt/ sodium content/钠含量</td> </tr> <tr> <td>F</td> <td>Vitamin content/维生素含量</td> </tr> <tr> <td>G</td> <td>Mineral content/矿物质含量</td> </tr> <tr> <td>H</td> <td>Fiber/纤维</td> </tr> </table>	Nutrition fact information/营养资料		A	Energy content/日能	B	Carbohydrate/sugar content/碳水化合物/糖含量	C	Fat content/脂肪含量	D	Protein content/蛋白质含量	E	Salt/ sodium content/钠含量	F	Vitamin content/维生素含量	G	Mineral content/矿物质含量	H	Fiber/纤维
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H	Fiber/纤维																		

F4 Based on the picture of drink sample below, what kind of information do you read?
You can choose more than one answer

根据以下饮品为例，你会阅读以下哪些资料？您可以选择多个答案



Type of Information/食品资料	
A	Expiry date/有限期
B	Dietary declaration/食品标签
C	Nutrition fact/营养资料
D	Halal logo/清真标志
E	List of Ingredients/成分
F	Storage instruction/存放指示

Based on nutrition fact on **Packed Drink XYZ** shown below, please read and state whether the statement is correct or wrong

根据以下**XYZ包装饮料**的食品说明。请阅读明白并确定下列陈述正确与否

Nutrition Facts for Drink XYZ/ XYZ 包装饮料食品说明		
Serving size: 食用分量: 250 ml / 毫升 Serving per box/每包装所含食用份量: 1		
	Every 100 ml/ 每 100 毫升	Every serving 250 ml/ 每食用份量 250 毫升
Energy/能量 (kcal/千卡)	56	140
Carbohydrate/碳水化合物 (g/克)	10.9	27.3
Total sugar/总糖量 (g/克)	10.6	26.5
Protein/蛋白质 (g/克)	0	0
Fat/脂肪 (g/克)	0	0

F5 If I drink 100ml of this drink, it provides 56 kcal of energy.
如果我喝下这100毫升的饮料，它将提供56千卡能量。

- A True/正确
- B False/不正确
- C Don't know.不知道

F6 If I drink 1 box of this packed drink, I obtain 26.5 gram of sugar.
如果我喝下这包饮料，就等于我摄取了26.5克糖。

- A True/正确
- B False/不正确
- C Don't know/不知道

Based on the energy content from the front part of label (shown below), please indicate whether the following statement is true or false.

根据以下前面的能量摄取标签(*front of pack labelling*), 请确定下列陈述正确与否

One serving/每食用份量
Contain/含有 250 ml/毫升



Base on/根据
2000 kcal/千卡

F7 Energy for 2 serving of this food is 140 kcal
两份食用份量将提供140千卡的能量

- A True/正确
- B False/不正确
- C Don't know/不知道

F8 If I drink one serve of this food, it provides 7% energy from 2000 calories
如果我喝了一份食用份量, 它将从 2000 千卡中提供 7% 的能量。


- A True/正确
- B False/不正确
- C Don't know/不知道

Product Ice Cream A
冰淇淋 A 产品

List of ingredients/成分:

Sugar, Olein/Palm kernel, Milk solids,
Glucose syrup, Cocoa powder.

糖, 精油/棕榈仁油, 乳固体, 葡萄糖浆,
可可粉



F9 What ingredient that is mostly used in this ice cream?
在这冰淇淋内, 什么成分是最高的?

- A. Milk solids/乳固体
- B. Glucose syrup/葡萄糖浆
- C. Sugar/糖
- D. Olein / Palm kernel oil/精油/棕榈仁油
- E. Cocoa powder/可可粉

F10 What ingredient that is least used in this ice cream?
在这冰淇淋内, 什么成分是最低的?

- A. Glucose syrup/葡萄糖浆
- B. Sugar/糖
- C. Olein/Palm kernel oil/精油/棕榈仁油
- D. Milk solids/乳固体
- E. Cocoa powder/可可粉

MODULE G : ANTHROPOMETRIC MEASUREMENT																	
G 组： 人体测量																	
<i>Instruction: This section will be completed by the student in the answer sheets provided</i> 指示：在这环节，学生将在所准备的答案纸上作答																	
G1	Anthropometry measurement date/测量日期: <table border="1" style="margin-left: 20px;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Day/日期</td> <td colspan="2" style="text-align: center;">Month/月份</td> <td colspan="4" style="text-align: center;">Year/年份</td> </tr> </table>									Day/日期		Month/月份		Year/年份			
Day/日期		Month/月份		Year/年份													
G2	Body weight/体重																
G2a	Weight 1/体重1 <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> : <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> kg/公斤																
G2b	Weight 2/体重2 <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> : <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> kg/公斤																
	Refuse to be measured 不愿被测量 <input style="width: 30px; height: 30px;" type="text"/>																
G3	Body height/身高																
G3a	Height 1/身高 1 <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> : <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> cm/厘米																
G3b	Height 2/身高 2 <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> : <input style="width: 40px; height: 20px;" type="text"/> cm/厘米																
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Appendix 8: Consent Form

Parents Consent Form

Borang Persetujuan Ibu Bapa/Penjaga NHMS 2017

RISALAH MAKLUMAT IBU BAPA/ PENJAGA (RESPONDEN BAWAH 18 TAHUN)**1. Tajuk:**

Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017

2. Nama Penyelidik dan Institusi:

- i. Dr. S Maria Binti Awaluddin, Institut Kesihatan Umum, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia
- ii. Puan Ruhaya Binti Salleh, Institut Kesihatan Umum, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia
- iii. Dr. Mohd Kamal Ariff Bin Abdul Ghani, Institut Kesihatan Umum, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia

3. Nama Penaja:

Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia

4. Pengenalan:

Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia sedang menjalankan Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi 2017 pada tahun ini. Terdapat dua fokus utama dalam kajian ini iaitu Tinjauan Kesihatan Remaja dan Tinjauan Pemakanan Remaja. Maklumat di bawah akan menjelaskan hal-hal berkenaan tinjauan tersebut untuk anda membenarkan anak anda menyertai tinjauan ini.

Adalah penting untuk anda memahami mengapa tinjauan ini dilakukan dan apa yang perlu anak anda lakukan. Sila ambil masa yang secukupnya untuk membaca dengan teliti penerangan yang diberi sebelum anda memberi persetujuan untuk anak anda menyertai tinjauan ini. Jika anda mempunyai sebarang kemusykilan ataupun memerlukan maklumat lanjut, anda boleh bertanya dengan mana-mana ahli kumpulan tinjauan ini.

Setelah anda memahami maklumat tinjauan ini dan memberi keizinan untuk anak anda mengambil bahagian, anda perlu menandatangani Borang Persetujuan Ibu Bapa/ Penjaga (**Salinan Ibu-Bapa/Penjaga & Salinan Penyelidik**) yang disertakan bersama-sama risalah ini. Tuan/Puan mempunyai masa selama tujuh (7) hari untuk membuat keputusan bagi penyertaan anak Tuan/Puan dalam kajian ini. Borang persetujuan yang telah ditandatangani akan dikumpul oleh pasukan penyelidik sebelum pengumpulan data dijalankan. Penyertaan anak anda dalam tinjauan ini adalah secara sukarela dan anak anda boleh menarik diri pada bila-bila masa. Anak anda boleh tidak menjawab mana-mana soalan atau menarik diri dari pemeriksaan yang disebutkan sekiranya tidak mahu. Keengganan anak anda untuk mengambil bahagian atau menarik diri tidak akan menjejaskan sebarang manfaat perubatan atau kesihatan yang sememangnya hak anak anda.

Tinjauan ini ditaja sepenuhnya oleh Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia dan telah mendapat kelulusan Jawatankuasa Etika dan Penyelidikan Perubatan, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia.

5. Apakah tujuan tinjauan ini dilakukan?

Tujuan tinjauan ini dijalankan adalah untuk memperoleh maklumat berkenaan kesihatan dan faktor pelindung serta menilai status pemakanan, corak pengambilan makanan dan corak aktiviti fizikal dalam kalangan remaja berumur 10 hingga 17 tahun. Maklumat yang diperolehi ini akan dikaji dan dinilai bagi membantu penilaian keberkesanan strategi yang dilaksanakan di peringkat sekolah dan untuk meningkatkan kesihatan remaja.

6. Apakah yang perlu anak saya lalui/lakukan sekiranya bersetuju untuk menyertai tinjauan ini?

Memberi respon terhadap soalan-soalan kaji selidik yang perlu dijawab oleh anak anda dan juga pengambilan ukuran berat dan tinggi yang akan dilakukan oleh pasukan penyelidik.

7. Apakah tanggungjawab anak saya sewaktu menyertai tinjauan ini?

Adalah penting untuk anak anda menjawab kesemua soalan yang ditanya oleh ahli penyelidik dengan lengkap. Menyertai tinjauan ini tidak memerlukan anda mengeluarkan sebarang perbelanjaan.

8. Apakah risiko dan kesan-kesan sampingan menyertai tinjauan ini?

Tiada risiko terhadap anak anda sekiranya menyertai tinjauan ini memandangkan tiada kaedah yang invasif atau merbahaya digunakan.

9. Apakah manfaatnya anak saya menyertai tinjauan ini?

Tinjauan ini tidak memberikan sebarang saguhati atau kesan kesihatan secara langsung apabila anak anda menyertai tinjauan ini. Namun, segala maklumat yang diperolehi daripada tinjauan ini akan dapat membantu penggubal dasar untuk merancang dan menambahkan program sedia ada untuk golongan remaja di Malaysia.

10. Adakah maklumat perubatan anak saya akan dirahsiakan?

Segala maklumat anak anda yang diperolehi dalam tinjauan ini akan disimpan dan dikendalikan secara sulit, bersesuaian dengan peraturan-peraturan dan/atau undang-undang yang berkenaan. Hanya penyelidik, peninjau yang berkelayakan, auditor, dan pihak berkuasa yang berkaitan kajian ini sahaja mempunyai akses kepada maklumat yang anak anda berikan. Sekiranya hasil tinjauan ini diterbitkan atau dibentangkan kepada orang ramai, identiti anak anda tidak akan didedahkan tanpa kebenaran anda terlebih dahulu.

11. Siapakah yang perlu saya hubungi sekiranya saya mempunyai sebarang pertanyaan?

Sekiranya anda mempunyai sebarang soalan mengenai tinjauan ini atau memerlukan keterangan lanjut, Tuan/Puan boleh hubungi penyelidik, Dr. S Maria Awaluddin, Puan Ruhaya Salleh dan Dr. Mohd Kamal Ariff Abdul Ghani di Institut Kesihatan Umum, Jalan Bangsar, Kuala Lumpur di talian 03-22979400 untuk penjelasan lebih lanjut.

Jika anda mempunyai sebarang pertanyaan berkaitan dengan hak-hak anak anda sebagai responden dalam tinjauan ini, sila hubungi Setiausaha, Jawatankuasa Etika & Penyelidikan Perubatan (MREC), Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia di talian 03-22874032.

BORANG PERSETUJUAN IBU BAPA/ PENJAGA (Salinan Ibu Bapa/Penjaga)

Tajuk kajian : Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017

Dengan menandatangani di bawah (Salinan Ibu Bapa/Penjaga dan Salinan Penyelidik), saya mengesahkan bahawa:

	Sila tandakan \checkmark di dalam kotak
1. Saya telah diberi maklumat tentang tinjauan di atas dan saya telah membaca dan memahami segala maklumat yang diberikan di dalam risalah ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Saya mempunyai masa yang secukupnya untuk mempertimbangkan penyertaan anak saya dalam tinjauan ini dan telah diberi peluang untuk bertanyakan soalan dan semua soalan saya telah dijawab dengan memuaskan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Saya faham bahawa penyertaan anak saya adalah secara sukarela dan boleh menarik diri daripada tinjauan ini pada bila-bila masa tanpa memberi sebarang sebab.	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Saya memahami risiko dan manfaat dari tinjauan ini dan saya memberi keizinan secara sukarela untuk anak saya mengambil bahagian dalam tinjauan. Saya faham bahawa anak saya mesti mengikuti arahan yang berkaitan dengan penyertaannya dalam tinjauan ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Saya akan menerima satu salinan maklumat tinjauan/borang persetujuan ibu bapa/penjaga termaklum ini yang telah ditandatangani dan bertarikh.	<input type="checkbox"/>

Saya, _____ **memberi/tidak memberi keizinan*** untuk anak/jagaan saya bernama _____ dari kelas _____ mengambil bahagian di dalam Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017 sepertimana yang telah dimaklumkan. (***Potong yang tidak berkenaan**)

(Tandatangan)
 Nama Ibubapa/Penjaga* : _____
 Nombor K/P : _____
 Tarikh : _____

BORANG PERSETUJUAN IBU BAPA/ PENJAGA (Salinan Penyelidik)**Tajuk kajian : Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017**

Dengan menandatangani di bawah **(Salinan Ibu Bapa/Penjaga dan Salinan Penyelidik)**, saya mengesahkan bahawa:

	Sila tandakan ✓ di dalam kotak
1. Saya telah diberi maklumat tentang tinjauan di atas dan saya telah membaca dan memahami segala maklumat yang diberikan di dalam risalah ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Saya mempunyai masa yang secukupnya untuk mempertimbangkan penyertaan anak saya dalam tinjauan ini dan telah diberi peluang untuk bertanyakan soalan dan semua soalan saya telah dijawab dengan memuaskan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Saya faham bahawa penyertaan anak saya adalah secara sukarela dan boleh menarik diri daripada tinjauan ini pada bila-bila masa tanpa memberi sebarang sebab.	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Saya memahami risiko dan manfaat dari tinjauan ini dan saya memberi keizinan secara sukarela untuk anak saya mengambil bahagian dalam tinjauan. Saya faham bahawa anak saya mesti mengikuti arahan yang berkaitan dengan penyertaannya dalam tinjauan ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Saya akan menerima satu salinan maklumat tinjauan/borang persetujuan ibu bapa/penjaga termaklum ini yang telah ditandatangani dan bertarikh.	<input type="checkbox"/>

Saya, _____ **memberi/tidak memberi keizinan*** untuk anak/jagaan saya bernama _____ dari kelas _____ mengambil bahagian di dalam Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi 2017 sepertimana yang telah dimaklumkan. **(*Potong yang tidak berkenaan)**

(Tandatangan)

Nama Iubapa/Penjaga* :

Nombor K/P :

Tarikh :

Students Consent Form

Borang Persetujuan Responden (Bawah 18 Tahun) NHMS 2017

RISALAH MAKLUMAT RESPONDEN (BAWAH 18 TAHUN)**1. Tajuk:**

Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017

2. Nama Penyelidik Utama dan Institusi:

- i. Dr. S Maria Binti Awaluddin, Institut Kesihatan Umum, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia
- ii. Puan Ruhaya Binti Salleh, Institut Kesihatan Umum, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia
- iii. Dr. Mohd Kamal Ariff Bin Abdul Ghani, Institut Kesihatan Umum, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia

3. Nama Penaja:

Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia

4. Pengenalan:

Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia sedang menjalankan Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi 2017 pada tahun ini. Terdapat dua fokus utama dalam kajian ini iaitu Tinjauan Kesihatan Remaja dan Tinjauan Pemakanan Remaja. Maklumat di bawah akan menjelaskan hal-hal berkenaan tinjauan tersebut untuk persetujuan anda menyertai tinjauan ini.

Adalah penting untuk anda memahami mengapa tinjauan ini dilakukan dan apa yang perlu anda lakukan. Sila ambil masa yang secukupnya untuk membaca dengan teliti penerangan yang diberi sebelum anda bersetuju untuk menyertai tinjauan ini. Jika anda mempunyai sebarang kemusykilan ataupun memerlukan maklumat lanjut, anda boleh bertanya dengan mana-mana ahli kumpulan tinjauan ini.

Setelah anda memahami maklumat tinjauan ini dan diberi keizinan oleh Ibu Bapa/Penjaga untuk anda mengambil bahagian, anda perlu menandatangani Borang Persetujuan Responden (**Salinan Responden & Salinan Penyelidik**) yang disertakan bersama-sama risalah ini. Anda mempunyai masa selama tujuh (7) hari untuk membuat keputusan bagi penyertaan dalam kajian ini. Borang persetujuan yang telah ditandatangani akan dikumpul oleh pasukan penyelidik sebelum pengumpulan data dijalankan. Penyertaan anda dalam tinjauan ini adalah secara sukarela dan anda boleh menarik diri pada bila-bila masa. Anda boleh tidak menjawab mana-mana soalan atau menarik diri dari pemeriksaan yang disebutkan sekiranya tidak mahu. Keengganan anda untuk mengambil bahagian atau menarik diri tidak akan menjejaskan sebarang manfaat perubatan atau kesihatan yang sememangnya hak anda.

Tinjauan ini ditaja sepenuhnya oleh Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia dan telah mendapat kelulusan Jawatankuasa Etika dan Penyelidikan Perubatan, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia.

5. Apakah tujuan tinjauan ini dilakukan?

Tujuan tinjauan ini dijalankan adalah untuk memperoleh maklumat berkenaan kesihatan dan faktor pelindung serta menilai status pemakanan, corak pengambilan makanan dan corak aktiviti fizikal dalam kalangan remaja berumur 10 hingga 17 tahun. Maklumat yang diperolehi ini akan dikaji dan dinilai bagi membantu penilaian keberkesanan strategi yang dilaksanakan di peringkat sekolah dan untuk meningkatkan kesihatan remaja.

6. Apakah yang perlu saya lalui/lakukan sekiranya bersetuju untuk menyertai tinjauan ini?

Memberi respon terhadap soalan-soalan kaji selidik yang perlu dijawab oleh anda dan juga pengambilan ukuran berat dan tinggi yang akan dilakukan oleh pasukan penyelidik.

7. Apakah tanggungjawab saya sewaktu menyertai tinjauan ini?

Adalah penting untuk anda menjawab kesemua soalan yang ditanya oleh ahli penyelidik dengan lengkap. Menyertai tinjauan ini tidak memerlukan anda mengeluarkan sebarang perbelanjaan.

8. Apakah risiko dan kesan-kesan sampingan menyertai tinjauan ini?

Tiada risiko terhadap anda sekiranya menyertai tinjauan ini memandangkan tiada kaedah yang invasif atau merbahaya digunakan.

9. Apakah manfaatnya saya menyertai tinjauan ini?

Tinjauan ini tidak memberikan sebarang saguhati atau kesan kesihatan secara langsung apabila anda menyertai tinjauan ini. Namu, segala maklumat yang diperolehi daripada tinjauan ini akan dapat membantu penggubal dasar untuk merancang dan menambahbaik program sedia ada untuk golongan remaja di Malaysia.

10. Adakah maklumat saya akan dirahsiakan?

Segala maklumat anda yang diperolehi dalam tinjauan ini akan disimpan dan dikendalikan secara sulit, bersesuaian dengan peraturan-peraturan dan/ atau undang-undang yang berkenaan. Hanya penyelidik, peninjau yang berkeelayakan, auditor, dan pihak berkuasa yang berkaitan kajian ini sahaja mempunyai akses kepada maklumat yang anda berikan. Sekiranya hasil tinjauan ini diterbitkan atau dibentangkan kepada orang ramai, identiti anda tidak akan didedahkan tanpa kebenaran anda terlebih dahulu.

11. Siapakah yang perlu saya hubungi sekiranya saya mempunyai sebarang pertanyaan?

Sekiranya anda mempunyai sebarang soalan mengenai tinjauan ini atau memerlukan keterangan lanjut, anda boleh hubungi penyelidik, Dr. S Maria Awaluddin, Puan Ruhaya Salleh dan Dr. Mohd Kamal Ariff Abdul Ghani di Institut Kesihatan Umum, Jalan Bangsar, Kuala Lumpur di talian 03-22979400 untuk penjelasan lebih lanjut.

Jika anda mempunyai sebarang pertanyaan berkaitan dengan hak-hak anda sebagai responden dalam tinjauan ini, sila hubungi Setiausaha, Jawatankuasa Etika & Penyelidikan Perubatan (MREC), Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia di talian 03-22874032.

BORANG PERSETUJUAN RESPONDEN BAWAH 18 TAHUN (Untuk Salinan Responden)

Tajuk kajian: Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017

Dengan menandatangani di bawah (Salinan Responden dan Salinan Penyelidik), saya mengesahkan bahawa:

	Sila tandakan ✓ di dalam kotak
1. Saya telah diberi maklumat tentang tinjauan di atas secara lisan dan bertulis dan saya telah membaca dan memahami segala maklumat yang diberikan di dalam risalah ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Saya mempunyai masa yang secukupnya untuk mempertimbangkan penyertaan saya dalam tinjauan ini dan telah diberi peluang untuk bertanyakan soalan dan semua soalan saya telah dijawab dengan memuaskan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Saya faham bahawa penyertaan saya adalah secara sukarela dan boleh menarik diri daripada tinjauan ini pada bila-bila masa tanpa memberi sebarang sebab.	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Saya memahami risiko dan manfaat dari tinjauan ini dan saya memberi keizinan secara sukarela untuk mengambil bahagian dalam tinjauan. Saya faham bahawa saya mesti mengikuti arahan yang berkaitan dengan penyertaan saya dalam tinjauan ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Saya faham bahawa penyelidik, peninjau yang berkeelayakan, auditor, dan pihak kuasa yang berkaitan mempunyai akses kepada maklumat yang saya berikan untuk memastikan maklumat tinjauan dicatat dengan betul. Saya faham segala maklumat peribadi dan data tinjauan ini akan dirahsiakan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Saya akan menerima satu salinan maklumat tinjauan/borang persetujuan ini yang telah ditandatangani dan bertarikh.	<input type="checkbox"/>

Responden :
 Tandatangan :
 Nama :
 Nombor K/P :
 Tarikh :

Penyelidik:
 Tandatangan :
 Nama :
 Nombor K/P :
 Tarikh :

BORANG PERSETUJUAN RESPONDEN BAWAH 18 TAHUN (Untuk Salinan Penyelidik)

Tajuk kajian: Tinjauan Kebangsaan Kesihatan dan Morbiditi (NHMS) 2017

Dengan menandatangani di bawah (Salinan Responden dan Salinan Penyelidik), saya mengesahkan bahawa:

	Sila tandakan <input type="checkbox"/> di dalam kotak
1. Saya telah diberi maklumat tentang tinjauan di atas secara lisan dan bertulis dan saya telah membaca dan memahami segala maklumat yang diberikan di dalam risalah ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
2. Saya mempunyai masa yang secukupnya untuk mempertimbangkan penyertaan saya dalam tinjauan ini dan telah diberi peluang untuk bertanyakan soalan dan semua soalan saya telah dijawab dengan memuaskan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
3. Saya faham bahawa penyertaan saya adalah secara sukarela dan boleh menarik diri daripada tinjauan ini pada bila-bila masa tanpa memberi sebarang sebab.	<input type="checkbox"/>
4. Saya memahami risiko dan manfaat dari tinjauan ini dan saya memberi keizinan secara sukarela untuk mengambil bahagian dalam tinjauan. Saya faham bahawa saya mesti mengikuti arahan yang berkaitan dengan penyertaan saya dalam tinjauan ini.	<input type="checkbox"/>
5. Saya faham bahawa penyelidik, peninjau yang berkecualan, auditor, dan pihak kuasa yang berkaitan mempunyai akses kepada maklumat yang saya berikan untuk memastikan maklumat tinjauan dicatat dengan betul. Saya faham segala maklumat peribadi dan data tinjauan ini akan dirahsiakan.	<input type="checkbox"/>
6. Saya akan menerima satu salinan maklumat tinjauan/borang persetujuan ini yang telah ditandatangani dan bertarikh.	<input type="checkbox"/>

Responden :

Tandatangan :
 Nama :
 Nombor K/P :
 Tarikh :

Penyelidik:

Tandatangan :
 Nama :
 Nombor K/P :
 Tarikh :

Appendix 9: List of Abbreviations

FFQ	Food Frequency Questionnaire
PE	Physical Education
PA	Physical Activity
BAZ	BMI-for-Age
HAZ	Height-for-Age
MDG	Malaysian Dietary Guidelines
RNI	Recommended Nutrient Intake
Kcal	Kilocalorie
NHMS	National Health and Morbidity Survey
CCT	Central Coordinating Team
PSP	Pegawai Sains Pemakanan
RA	Research Assistant
RO	Research Officer
g	gram
mg	milligram
µg	microgram
IU	International Unit
ANS	Adolescent Nutrition Survey
MSNS	Malaysian School-based Nutrition Survey
ID	Identity Detail
DPQ	Department of Proposal and Quality
DR	Dietary recall
QC	Quality Control
CI	Confidence Interval
PAQ-C	Physical Activity Questionnaire for Older Children
PAL	Physical Activity Level
cm	Centimeter
SD	Standard Deviation
MOH	Ministry of Health
IOM	Institute of Medicine
AL	Adequate intake
UL	Upper level intake
Tsp	tea spoon
Tbsp	table spoon



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